BlackRock.

BlackRock Fund Managers Limited

TCFD Product level Disclosures

For year ended 31 December 2023

Contents

| Section 1 - Introduction and context | 7 |
|--|----|
| Section 2 – Product level reports | |
| BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I | |
| ACS US ESG Insights Equity Fund | |
| ACS UK ESG Insights Equity Fund | 20 |
| ACS North America ESG Insights Equity Fund | 21 |
| ACS Japan ESG Insights Equity Fund | 22 |
| ACS Europe ex UK ESG Insights Equity Fund | 24 |
| ACS World Small Cap ESG Screened Equity Tracker Fund | 25 |
| ACS World ESG Insights Equity Fund | 27 |
| ACS World ESG Screened Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS Climate Transition World Equity Fund | |
| ACS World Multifactor ESG Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS US Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS World ex UK Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS World Multifactor Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS World ESG Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS UK Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS World Low Carbon Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS Japan Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS 60:40 Global Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS 50:50 Global Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS Continental European Equity Tracker Fund | |
| ACS 30:70 Global Equity Tracker Fund | |
| BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II | |
| BlackRock Growth Allocation Fund | |
| BlackRock Retirement Allocation Fund | 45 |
| BlackRock FutureWise 2033-37 | |
| BlackRock FutureWise 2028-32 | 47 |
| BlackRock FutureWise 2023-27 | |
| BlackRock FutureWise Early Days Aggregator | |
| BlackRock FutureWise Retirement Aggregator | 50 |
| ACS Lifepath 2055-2057 | 51 |
| BlackRock Pension Growth Fund | |

| ACS Lifepath 2052-54 | 53 |
|--|--|
| ACS Lifepath 2049-51 | 54 |
| ACS Lifepath 2046-48 | 55 |
| ACS Lifepath 2043-45 | 56 |
| ACS Lifepath 2040-42 | 57 |
| ACS Lifepath 2037-39 | 58 |
| ACS Lifepath 2034-36 | 59 |
| ACS Lifepath 2031-33 | 60 |
| ACS Lifepath 2028-30 | 61 |
| ACS Lifepath 2025-27 | 62 |
| ACS Lifepath 2022-24 | 63 |
| BlackRock Charities Funds | |
| BlackRock Charities UK Bond Fund | |
| BlackRock Charities UK Equity Index Fund | |
| BlackRock Charities UK Equity ESG Fund | |
| BlackRock Charities UK Equity Fund | |
| BlackRock Armed Forces Charities Growth & Income Fund | |
| Diastr Dastr Cathalis Charitias Crauth 9 Income Fund | 71 |
| BlackRock Catholic Charities Growth & Income Fund | |
| BlackRock Catholic Charities Growth & Income Fund | |
| | 72 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund | 72 73 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund | 72 73 74 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund | 72 73 74 75 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) | 72 73 74 75 76 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) | 72 73 74 75 76 77 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) | 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) | 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) | 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 81 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Continental European Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) | 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 81 82 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Continental European Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) | |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Continental European Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Overseas Government Bond Index Fund (UK) iShares UK Gilts All Stocks Index Fund (UK) | |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Overseas Government Bond Index Fund (UK) iShares UK Gilts All Stocks Index Fund (UK) iShares ESG Overseas Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) | 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 81 82 83 83 84 86 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Continental European Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Overseas Government Bond Index Fund (UK) iShares UK Gilts All Stocks Index Fund (UK) iShares ESG Overseas Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) Blackrock Global Corporate ESG Insights Bond Fund | |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Continental European Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Overseas Government Bond Index Fund (UK) iShares UK Gilts All Stocks Index Fund (UK) iShares ESG Overseas Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) Blackrock Global Corporate ESG Insights Bond Fund iShares Japan Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) | |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Continental European Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Overseas Government Bond Index Fund (UK) iShares UK Gilts All Stocks Index Fund (UK) iShares ESG Overseas Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) Blackrock Global Corporate ESG Insights Bond Fund iShares Japan Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) | 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 80 81 82 81 82 83 84 84 86 88 89 90 |
| BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK) iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Continental European Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Overseas Government Bond Index Fund (UK) iShares UK Gilts All Stocks Index Fund (UK) iShares ESG Overseas Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) Blackrock Global Corporate ESG Insights Bond Fund iShares Japan Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) iShares Pacific ex Japan Equity ESG Index Fund (UK) | |

| iShares Over 15 Years Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) | |
|---|-----|
| iShares Over 15 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK) | 97 |
| iShares 350 UK Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares Mid Cap UK Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares US Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares 100 UK Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) | |
| BlackRock Corporate Bond 1-10 Year Fund | |
| iShares Emerging Markets Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares Continental European Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares Japan Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares Pacific ex Japan Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| iShares UK Equity Index Fund (UK) | |
| BlackRock Institutional Bond Funds | |
| Over 10 Year Corporate Bonds | |
| Index Linked Fund | |
| All Stocks Corporate Bond | |
| | |
| BlackRock Institutional Equity Fund | 119 |
| BlackRock Institutional Equity Fund | |
| | |
| UK Select Equity Fund | |
| UK Select Equity Fund | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2065 | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2065 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2060 | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2065 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2060 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2055 | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2065 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2060 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2055 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2055 | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2065 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2060 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2055 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2055 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2050 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2050 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2050 | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2065 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2060 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2055 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2050 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2050 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2050 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2045 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2045 | |
| UK Select Equity Fund BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund MyMap 4 Select Income Fund BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2065 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2060 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2055 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2050 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2050 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2045 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2045 BlackRock LifePath Target Date Fund 2045 | |

| МуМар 5 | |
|--|-----|
| MyMap 5 Select ESG Fund | |
| МуМар 6 | |
| МуМар 3 | |
| BlackRock Systematic Multi Allocation Credit Fund | |
| BlackRock ESG Strategic Growth Fund | |
| BlackRock Sustainable Sterling Strategic Bond Fund | |
| BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I | 146 |
| BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund IV | |
| BlackRock Volatility Strategy Fund IV | |
| BlackRock UK Managed Volatility Fund III | |
| BlackRock UK Managed Volatility Fund II | |
| BlackRock UK Managed Volatility Fund I | |
| BlackRock Volatility Strategy Fund III | |
| BlackRock Volatility Strategy Fund II | |
| BlackRock Volatility Strategy Fund I | |
| BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund | |
| BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund III | |
| BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund II | |
| BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund I | |
| BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II | 159 |
| BlackRock Consensus 70 Fund | |
| BlackRock Consensus 100 Fund | |
| BlackRock Consensus 60 Fund | |
| BlackRock Consensus 35 Fund | |
| BlackRock Global Equity Fund | |
| BlackRock Consensus 85 Fund | |
| BlackRock Overseas Equity Fund | |
| Investment Trusts | 168 |
| BlackRock Frontiers Investment Trust plc | |
| BlackRock Sustainable American Income Trust plc | |
| BlackRock Income and Growth Investment Trust plc | |
| BlackRock Throgmorton Trust plc | |
| BlackRock Latin American Investment Trust plc | |
| BlackRock Energy and Resources Income Trust plc | |

| BlackRock World Mining Trust plc | |
|--|-----|
| BlackRock Smaller Companies Trust plc | |
| BlackRock Greater Europe Investment Trust plc | |
| | |
| BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts | |
| BlackRock Global Unconstrained Equity Fund (UK) | |
| BlackRock Balanced Growth Portfolio Fund | |
| BlackRock Asia Fund | |
| BlackRock Emerging Markets Fund | |
| BlackRock European Dynamic Fund | |
| BlackRock Continental European Income Fund | |
| BlackRock US Mid-Cap Value Fund | |
| BlackRock Dynamic Allocation Fund | |
| BlackRock Market Advantage Fund | |
| BlackRock Natural Resources Fund | |
| BlackRock Global Income Fund | |
| BlackRock Dynamic Diversified Growth Fund | |
| BlackRock Cash Fund | |
| BlackRock Developed Markets Sustainable Equity Fund (UK) | |
| BlackRock Gold & General Fund | |
| BlackRock US Dynamic Fund | |
| BlackRock Continental European Fund | |
| BlackRock Corporate Bond Fund | |
| BlackRock UK Fund | |
| BlackRock UK Income Fund | |
| BlackRock UK Smaller Companies Fund | |
| BlackRock UK Special Situations Fund | |
| BlackRock Growth & Recovery Fund | |
| BlackRock European Absolute Alpha Fund | 209 |
| BlackRock Absolute Return Bond Fund | |
| BlackRock UK Equity Fund | |
| BlackRock UK Absolute Alpha Fund | |

Section 1 - Introduction and context

Introduction and context

This report is published by BlackRock Fund Managers Limited ("BFM", or the "Entity") in compliance with recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") and with the specific sustainability disclosure rules of the UK Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA").

This document is designed to give you information about the overall climate impact and risks of the assets held by the products managed by BFM (the "Funds"). The report is divided into two main sections: the first section offers an overview of the metrics and targets used to measure the collective carbon impact of the Funds. The second section presents quantitative data on how the Funds investments affect the environment and provides insights into the potential risks and benefits of climate change for each Fund under BFM's management.

Basis of preparation

Every year, by the 30th of June, we will publish TCFD product level reports for our Funds. The Funds' TCFD product level report adopts a 12-month reporting period that ends on 31 December of the year prior to the date of publication. We select the last working day of the calendar year during this reporting period as our reference date; for the report dated 30 June 2024, this reference date is 29 December 2023. All metrics presented in this report are calculated as at that reference date. Funds which are in the process of winding up or termination are not in-scope for TCFD product level reporting and therefore have not been included within this report.

We also display a calculation date for each of our Funds. This calculation date is relevant, as the closer the calculation date is to the 30 June publication date, the more data coverage potentially we will have available to us. For this report, our calculation date is 24 April 2024. The availability of data for each Fund is illustrated in the "data coverage" metric shown in the Fund emissions metrics tables.

The approach to the consideration of climate related risks and opportunities for each Fund is consistent with BFM's entity level approach across Governance, Strategy and Risk Management. Please refer to the **BFM Entity Level TCFD Report**¹ for information in this regard. If how we manage a particular product's governance, strategy, or risk is significantly different from the approach BFM takes at the Entity level, we will explain the differences in that Fund's product report in Section 2 below.

The methodologies we have used for the current report, together with the known limitations of those methodologies, can be found in the 'Metrics and targets' and 'Challenges and data availability' sections of this Report.

Metrics and targets

The below information is a guide to help understand the metrics and terms used in this Report:

Scope 1 greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions

Scope 1 GHG emissions are greenhouse gas emissions owned and directly controlled by the companies that the Fund invests in. These are referred to as a Fund's "investee companies". Examples of Scope 1 GHG emissions are emissions through company vehicles, company office space and equipment and the energy used in the production of goods and services.

¹https://www.blackrock.com/uk/literature/public-disclosure/blackrock-fund-managers-limited-tcfd-entity-report-2024.pdf

Scope 1 GHG emissions are usually only calculated for the Fund's investee companies, which it holds either via bonds (debt) or equities (shares). Scope 1 GHG emissions generally exclude a Fund's holdings in government (sovereign) bonds, property or cash. Our Scope 1 GHG emissions calculations also exclude investee companies for which we cannot obtain sufficient emissions data, as further explained in the 'Challenges and data availability' section below.

We obtain investee companies' Scope 1 GHG emissions data from MSCI, either recently reported (if available) or estimated. We use this emissions data to calculate the Scope 1 GHG emissions attributable to the Fund's holding in the investee company by calculating the investee company's Scope 1 emissions total against the percentage share the Fund holds in that investee company. This calculation uses a "percentage ownership" approach, meaning that if a Fund holds 5% of the total enterprise value (including equity, debt and/or cash), it also holds 5% of the related greenhouse gas or carbon emissions.

We measure the Fund's total Scope 1 emissions by adding together all the investee companies' Scope 1 GHG emissions attributable to the Fund, calculated as explained above. The Scope 1 GHG emissions reported are shown annually, meaning they represent the emissions attributable to a Fund during the 1 January to 31 December reporting period.

Scope 2 GHG Emissions

Scope 2 GHG emissions are greenhouse gas emissions that the Fund's investee companies make indirectly via consumption of purchased heat, steam or electricity, all of which are produced on the investee company's behalf but owned by a different party.

As for Scope 1 GHG emissions, Scope 2 GHG emissions are usually only calculated for the Fund's investee companies, which it holds either via bonds or equities. Scope 2 GHG emissions generally exclude a Fund's holdings in government (sovereign) bonds, property or cash. Our Scope 2 GHG emissions calculations also exclude investee companies for which we cannot obtain sufficient emissions data, as further explained in the 'Challenges and data availability' section below.

We obtain investee companies' Scope 2 GHG emissions data from MSCI, either recently reported (if available) or estimated. We use this emissions data to calculate the Scope 2 GHG emissions attributable to the Fund's holding in the investee company by calculating the investee company's Scope 2 GHG emissions total against the percentage share the Fund holds in that investee company. This calculation uses a "percentage ownership" approach, meaning that if a Fund holds 5% of the total enterprise value (including equity, debt and/or cash), it also holds 5% of the related greenhouse gas or carbon emissions.

We measure the Fund's total Scope 2 GHG emissions by adding together all the investee companies' Scope 2 emissions attributable to the Fund, calculated as explained above. The Scope 2 GHG emissions reported are shown annually, meaning they represent the emissions attributable to a Fund during the 1 January to 31 December reporting period.

Total carbon emissions

The total carbon emissions metric measures the total (absolute) greenhouse gas emissions of the Fund, in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent ("CO2e"). CO2e is a common measure used to make it easier to compare different gases. Total carbon emissions includes Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions and excludes Scope 3 GHG emissions.

As for Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions, total carbon emissions are usually only calculated for the Fund's investee companies, which it holds either via bonds or equities.

Total carbon emissions generally exclude a Fund's holdings in government (sovereign) bonds, property or cash. Total carbon emissions calculations also exclude investee companies for which we cannot obtain sufficient emissions data, as further explained in the 'Challenges and availability' section below.

We calculate total carbon emissions per investee company by adding the investee company's total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions, calculated as set out under the Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions sections. This calculation uses a "percentage ownership" approach, meaning that if a Fund holds 5% of the total enterprise value (including equity, debt and/or cash), it also holds 5% of the related greenhouse gas or carbon emissions.

We measure the Fund's total carbon emissions by adding together all the investee companies' total Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG carbon emissions attributable to the Fund, calculated as explained above. The total carbon emissions reported here are shown annually, meaning they represent the emissions attributable to a Fund during the 1 January to 31 December reporting period.

Total carbon footprint

Carbon footprint measures the total carbon emissions for a Fund, normalised by the market value of relevant securities held by the Fund.

Our carbon footprint calculation includes investee company equities and bonds, held by a Fund. It generally excludes asset classes such as sovereigns, property and cash, or those investee company holdings for which we cannot obtain sufficient emissions data, as further explained in the 'Challenges and availability' section below. These asset classes are excluded from both the carbon emissions data and the portfolio market value data used to normalise.

We calculate a Fund's carbon footprint associated with an individual holding in an investee company by taking the 'total carbon emissions' figure and calculating a weighted average against the overall market value of all investee company equities and bonds that the Fund holds. The market value used for any derivatives held refers to the gross exposure, i.e. includes the absolute notional values. This is a way to measure emissions relative to market size (also known as "normalising" by the market value of the Fund). By normalising the total carbon emissions of the Fund by its market value, carbon footprint can be used to compare Funds to one another or to a benchmark.

Carbon footprint also acts as an emissions intensity metric, which is the volume of emissions (metric tonnes of carbon dioxide, CO2e) per \$1million of enterprise value. By looking at an intensity value we can adjust for the size of a Fund to compare the Funded emissions for different Fund sizes.

We measure the Fund's total carbon footprint by taking the weighted average of the carbon footprint calculations for the Fund's individual holdings (to the extent that we measure them, as described above). The total carbon footprint data reported is shown annually per Fund; meaning it represents the emissions attributable to a Fund during the 1 January to 31 December reporting period.

Total weighted average carbon intensity ("WACI")

Weighted average carbon intensity ("WACI") is a standard measurement to understand emissions normalised by the revenues of an investee company. This metric shows the amount of carbon produced relative to the revenues generated by investee companies held within the Fund. The WACI metric includes investee company equities and bonds, held by a Fund. It excludes asset classes such as sovereigns, property and cash, or those investee company holdings for which we cannot obtain sufficient emissions data, as further explained in the 'Challenges and data availability' section below.

We calculate WACI per investee company by measuring a tonne of CO2e emissions per \$1million of the investee company's revenue (income generated from company as sourced in annual financial statements). The overall total is a weighted average of all companies included within a Fund. WACI gives an emissions intensity metric based on the amount of carbon produced for each \$1million of revenue generated by the companies invested in.

We measure the Fund's total WACI by taking the weighted average of the carbon intensity (sales) calculations for the Fund's individual holdings (to the extent that we measure them, as described above). The WACI data reported is shown annually per Fund; meaning it represents the emissions attributable to a Fund during the 1 January to 31 December reporting period.

Scope 3 GHG emissions

Scope 3 GHG emissions are indirect greenhouse gas emissions (other than Scope 2 GHG emissions) that that are not produced by the investee company itself and are not the result of activities from assets owned or controlled by them, but by those that it is indirectly responsible for up and down its value chain. Examples of this include purchased goods and services, business travel, employee commuting, waste disposal and use of sold products.

As for Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions, Scope 3 GHG emissions are usually only calculated for the Fund's investee companies, which it holds either via bonds or equities. Scope 3 emissions generally exclude a Fund's holdings in government (sovereign) bonds, property or cash. Our Scope 3 emissions calculations also exclude investee companies for which we cannot obtain sufficient emissions data, as further explained in the 'Challenges and data availability' section below.

We obtain investee companies' Scope 3 GHG emissions data from MSCI, either recently reported (if available) or estimated. We use this emissions data to calculate the Scope 3 GHG emissions attributable to the Fund's holding in the investee company by calculating the investee company's Scope 3 GHG emissions total against the percentage share the Fund holds in that investee company. This calculation uses a "percentage ownership" approach, meaning that if a Fund holds 5% of the total enterprise value (including equity, debt and/or cash), it also holds 5% of the investee company's related greenhouse gas or carbon emissions.

We measure the Fund's total Scope 3 GHG emissions by adding together all the investee companies' Scope 3 GHG emissions attributable to the Fund, calculated as explained above. The Scope 3 GHG emissions reported are shown annually, meaning they represent the emissions attributable to a Fund during the 1 January to 31 December reporting period.

GHG intensity for sovereign (government) bonds

A sovereign or government bond is a form of debt issued by a government to support public spending. For example, UK Sovereigns are also known as Gilts. For those Funds that invest in sovereign debt assets and follow a fixed income investment strategy, BFM reports greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity, where data is available from our data source, MSCI. We

measure the Fund's total GHG intensity by calculating the weighted average of all sovereign issuers held by the Fund.

This metrics represents the GHG intensity of an economy by measuring the weighted average of sovereign issuers' carbon emissions generated by all economic activities performed domestically, per unit of GDP (\$million). GHG intensity only applies to sovereigns.

The higher the value, the more carbon intensive the economy is. Six greenhouse gases, considered under Kyoto Protocol, are considered for this data point. These gases are carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulfur hexafluoride. GDP is in nominal terms. (Sources: EDGAR, WDI). The unit used is aligned with the one for corporates intensity data (Scope 1+2 intensity (tonnes/\$million sales)).

GHG emissions per capita for sovereign (government) bonds

For those Funds that invest in sovereign debt assets and follow a fixed income investment strategy, BFM reports the GHG emissions per capita, where data is available.

This metric measures tonnes of CO2e per capita in an economy. GHG emissions per capita only measures sovereigns. Six greenhouse gases, considered under Kyoto Protocol, are considered for this data point. These gases are carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons and sulfur hexafluoride. Portfolio aggregation is the weighted average of all holdings GHG emissions per capita (tonnes of CO2e or tCO2e).

Data coverage

Refers to how much of the Funds' portfolio is covered by reported and estimated data.

Climate Adjusted Value

This metric is calculated by assessing the impact of different climate scenarios on a company's financial position. The adjusted value is calculated separately for physical and transition risks as part of the scenario model that we use across our Funds. These metrics (including PCAV and TCAV as detailed below) are sourced from Aladdin Climate[™]. BlackRock launched Aladdin Climate[™] to meet the demand from financial institutions and investors to understand climate risks and opportunities in their portfolios. Aladdin Climate illustrates i) the financial impact of transition and physical risk on portfolios under a variety of forward-looking emission scenarios from the Network for Greening the Financial System ('NGFS') and the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and ii) a portfolio's alignment to various decarbonization pathways.

Physical Climate Adjusted Value ("PCAV")

PCAV is the is the potential portfolio scenario valuation outcome from various physical climate scenarios relative to a base scenario, which assumes no further climate change. The scenarios used and further definition of physical climate risk is provided below in the "Scenario Analysis" section below.

Transition Climate Adjusted Value ("TCAV")

TCAV is the potential portfolio scenario valuation outcome from various transition climate scenarios relative to a base scenario, which assumes current policies. The scenarios used and further definition of transition climate risk is provided below in the "Scenario Analysis" section below.

Scenario analysis coverage

Refers to % market value of the Fund covered under either Aladdin Climate TCAV or PCAV.

Results and discussion

The product level disclosures included in the Fund reports below provide preliminary estimates of absolute emissions for the Funds' AUM in corporate securities (where data was available). These estimates are based on the portion of the Funds' AUM for which emissions data and methodologies are available to calculate the emissions attributable to the Funds' AUM.

Assets that are measured for climate reporting

Assets can only be measured for climate reporting where relevant and sufficient climate data is available to do so. According to data availability, the asset classes measured are: listed equities, corporate bonds, associated derivatives and real estate assets. The asset values measured reflects the net exposure of each corporate issuer including exposure obtained through derivatives and short positions. The asset classes not included are non-corporate bonds, commodities, alternatives and derivatives not linked to corporate issuers, which is explained below.

- Derivatives not linked to a corporate issuer have been excluded due to the fact they do not have associated emissions and are therefore not relevant for TCFD reporting. Derivatives linked to a corporate issuer have been included in the metrics reported.
- Non-corporate bonds and commodities do not have associated issuing entities that report emissions.

Challenges and data availability

We are required to publish reports for the Funds by 30 June each year, using a reference date of the previous 31 December or the last working day of the calendar year. A key challenge posed by this publication deadline relates to estimating absolute emissions as some companies typically report their emissions towards the end of the year.

Additionally, there can be a delay before companies' information is added to the MSCI database. Therefore, the value of the Fund's holdings at the end of the year may not match the latest emissions data available. However, our reporting uses the most up to date emissions and company value data available from MSCI on our calculation date. The TCFD quantitative metric data has been sourced from MSCI which uses USD as the reporting currency for such metrics.

For Funds following only a fixed income investment strategy and investing primarily in sovereign debt assets, the only relevant emissions metrics are GHG intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metric. Other metrics such as GHG emissions, total carbon footprint and total WACI are not calculated for sovereign debt assets, therefore they are not applicable for such Funds.

Limitations relating to data quality, lagged data, backward looking metrics and sensitivity to market value are all elaborated upon in the 'Metrics and targets' section of the **<u>BlackRock</u>**, **<u>Inc 2023 TCFD Report</u>²**, which should be referred to for a comprehensive assessment of identified data-related limitations.

² https://www.blackrock.com/corporate/literature/continuous-disclosure-and-important-information/tcfd-report-2023-blkinc.pdf

Scenario analysis

Scenario analysis is used to inform assessments of the resilience of a Fund's business or strategy to disruptions and/or the Fund's ability to adapt to changes or uncertainties that might affect its performance. In the case of climate change, scenario analysis allows a Fund to develop insight into how the physical and transition risks and opportunities arising from climate change might impact its business over time.

We have conducted a climate related scenario analysis exercise for the Funds to understand the potential implications of climate related transition and physical risk under a variety of emission scenarios to the Fund's business strategy over the short, medium and long term. This scenario analysis has been performed using three scenarios developed by the NGFS: Orderly – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly – Delayed Transition and Hot House World – Current Policies. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios in the table below.

Further information on our firm-wide approach to scenario analysis, impact assessment and scenario conclusions, together with the limitations inherent in the scenario analysis exercise, is available in the 'Metrics and targets' section of the **BlackRock, Inc 2023 TCFD Report**.

The data and/or narrative included in each Fund's report shows the exposure of the Fund's portfolio to climate risk under the three NGFS scenarios. Transition risk is defined as the risk to the value of an asset resulting from the transition to a lower carbon economy (i.e., the risk due to the potential changes to the economy from such a transition). Physical risk is defined as the risk to the value of an asset resulting from change to the physical environment from climate change.

We additionally conduct quantitative scenario analysis for Funds with concentrated or high exposure to carbon intensive sectors. In identifying carbon intensive sectors, we rely on the industry standard Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community (commonly referred to as NACE) definition of High Impact Sectors, which comprises the following:

- agriculture, forestry and fishing;
- mining and quarrying;
- manufacturing;
- electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply;
- water supply, sewage, waste management and remediation activities;
- construction;
- wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles;
- transportation and storage; and
- real estate activities.

Whilst the regulations do not define "concentrated" or "high" exposures in this context, the accepted industry standard is to conduct quantitative scenario analysis on funds with greater than 80% exposure to these sectors. This has resulted quantitative analysis being conducted on seven Funds for the Reporting period.

Any quantitative results included are expressed as stress test results, that is the expected change in valuation of the portfolio under specific assumptions, using BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk models, which follow industry guidance and are not a reflection of BlackRock's views.

For the scenario analysis metrics, we have provided a comparison for each fund with a performance benchmark (if applicable). This allows for a more in-depth understanding of the metrics and their significance in a relative context.

Following the industry's common practice in climate regulatory reporting, we define the "hot house world" scenario to be the most realistic expected base case which assumes only current policies are implemented and that there is therefore no associated transition risk. While in practice, climate risk being priced in by markets varies by sector and region, this approach allows for a better understanding of stressed outcomes in "orderly" and "disorderly" transition scenarios, as compared to the "hot house world" base case scenario. The modelled response takes into account the behaviour and structure of issuers as currently configured without any changes to their activities (barring limited cases where some near-term forward looking activity data is available). In addition to this, similar to any model, assumptions and the quality of data inputs may pose limitations to the accuracy and precision of the scenario outcomes.

Climate-related risk includes two broad categories: Climate Transition Risk, the risk related to the transition to a lower carbon economy and Climate Physical Risk, the risk associated with the physical impacts due to climate change. These are both described more below.

| Transition a | and Physical Risk Summaries |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Transition Risk Summary | Transition Risk identifies the risks and opportunities that arise from exposure to society's transition to a lower carbon economy. A simplistic example of transition opportunities arising from policy impacts is the phase out of vehicles using petrol or diesel engines and the adoption of electric or hybrid vehicles. Similarly, transition risk could arise from policy actions such as the introduction of higher carbon taxes or a changing energy mix leading to a decline in global oil/gas demand in favour of electrification. However, the speed and shape of the transition is uncertain and uneven. Investors will need to identify and manage risks and opportunities resulting from the transition across their portfolios, with an awareness for differentiations across market channels, sectors and regions. |
| Physical Risk Summary | Physical climate risk can manifest in both acute and chronic ways. Acute risks are event driven, such as increasing extreme weather, increased wildfires, or more widespread drought. Chronic risks are longer term and generally less obvious, covering impacts including more volatile and higher average temperatures, rising sea levels, shifts in biodiversity, wind and cloud patterns and soil quality. Physical climate risk, among other risks, has impacts on both short and long term investing, with both direct (e.g., damage to property or consumer locations) and indirect (e.g. supply chain disruption) impacts. BlackRock has partnered with climate scientists and research groups to quantify better the financial implications of Physical Risk, combining local climate and econometric data with our financial models to understand the effects of a changing climate. |

| Scenario Ri | isks and Drivers |
|------------------------|--|
| Orderly Scenario | The NGFS Net Zero 2050 scenario is referred to more commonly as the "orderly scenario" that reflects global warming being limited to a temperature rise of 1.5°C through gradually more stringent climate policies and innovation, with CO2 emissions reaching "net zero" in c. 2050. |
| | Risk factors in this model are focused on transition risk factors that arise as the economy moves from a reliance on carbon based energy towards a lower carbon economy through policy, legal, technology and market changes. There are some physical risks involved in the orderly scenario |
| | The main features of this scenario are high carbon prices and taxes, higher end user energy prices and a changing energy mix (out to 2050). Those companies which rely heavily on energy, utility, transportation and basic materials are most severely affected. The financial model also incorporates changing consumer behavior, which impacts demand for goods and services. The impact of the Orderly Transition on the portfolios has been considered over a single timespan over the lifetime of the scenario modeled. The model considers the impact of transition risk factors to 2050, covering the portfolio's short, medium and long term time horizons. |
| Disorderly Scenario | The NGFS disorderly scenario explores higher transition risk due to policies being delayed or different across countries and sectors and assumes that strong policies are then needed from 2030 onwards to limit warming to below 2°C. |
| | In terms of estimated climate adjusted values, the Delayed Transition scenario is not necessarily a worse outcome than the Orderly scenario based on NGFS specification, but rather reflects a different pathway to a Net Zero economy. In this scenario, Transition Risk comes 10 years later (e.g. carbon prices flat until then). |
| Hot house Scenario | A "hot house world" scenario developed by NGFS assumes that some climate policies are implemented in some jurisdictions, but global efforts are insufficient to halt significant global warming. Critical temperature thresholds are exceeded, leading to severe physical risks and irreversible impacts like high sea level rise. |
| | Risk factors in this model are focused on physical risk factors. All sectors of the economy are impacted by higher average temperatures. Most impacted however are agriculture, mining, transport as well as those which rely heavily on physical labour or physical capital. Although some geographies see a material increase in physical risk before 2030, over the longer term, more countries face significant damage to their economies from higher temperatures and extreme weather events. The most important driver of financial impact is the expected change in each country's gross domestic product. |
| | The impact of the hot house world scenario has been considered over a single timespan over the lifetime of the scenario modeled. The model considered the impact of physical risk factors to 2050, covering the portfolio's short, medium and long term time horizons. |

Section 2 – Product level reports

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS US ESG Insights Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 37,615 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 15,590 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 53,205 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 14 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 47 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 91.11% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.03% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.14% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 876,849 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.13% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 3,857,781,283 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.46% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE USA Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.55 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS UK ESG Insights Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,226 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,243 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 17,469 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 40 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 61 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 97.90% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.24% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.14% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 249,151 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.14% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 436,689,983 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 9.33% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE All Share Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.12 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS North America ESG Insights Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 50,209 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 20,274 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 70,483 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 15 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 53 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 91.07% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.59% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.66% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,146,305 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.66% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 4,856,684,122 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.68% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE North America Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.56 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS Japan ESG Insights Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,956 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,125 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 19,082 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 29 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 45 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 93.74% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.20% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.94% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 434,639 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.94% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 658,571,002 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS Japan ESG Insights Equity Fund

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.05% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

When compared to FTSE Japan Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.06 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS Europe ex UK ESG Insights Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 49,058 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 11,532 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 60,590 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 37 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 43 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.77% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.18% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.95% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 608,057 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.72% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,634,341,837 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.50% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE Developed Europe ex UK Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World Small Cap ESG Screened Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 59,964 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 21,951 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 81,916 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 60 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope $1\&2$) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 98 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 52.42% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 46.47% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.89% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 507,009 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.54% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,390,231,854 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World Small Cap ESG Screened Equity Tracker Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 6.04% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to MSCI World Small Cap ESG Screened Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.05 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World ESG Insights Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 151,853 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 55,345 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 207,198 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 22 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 46 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 92.32% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.74% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.06% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,107,765 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.47% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 9,612,592,807 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.65% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE Developed Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.93 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World ESG Screened Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 89,918 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 29,241 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 119,159 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 29 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope $1 \& 2$) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 74 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 88.35% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.55% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.90% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 922,792 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.75% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 4,058,415,414 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.36% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to MSCI World ESG Screened Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.04 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS Climate Transition World Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 274,003 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 90,583 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 264,586 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 26 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 61 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 93.63% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.28% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.91% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,144,643 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.68% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 13,939,909,748 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.30% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to MSCI World Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.36 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World Multifactor ESG Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 72,273 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 32,167 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 104,440 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 34 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 53 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 92.15% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.72% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.87% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,401,681 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.72% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 3,124,852,826 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.00% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to MSCI World Select Multiple Factor ESG Low Carbon Target Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -0.42 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS US Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 410,401 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 142,828 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 553,229 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 22 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 71 |
| | | 00.000/ |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 86.98% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 12.68% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.66% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,739,721 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.47% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 25,737,511,984 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.35% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE USA Custom ESG Screened Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World ex UK Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 258,440 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 82,967 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 341,407 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 34 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 79 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 87.98% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.65% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.63% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,620,118 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.54% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 9,949,738,032 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.60% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Developed ex UK Custom ESG Screened Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.02 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World Multifactor Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 15,777 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,921 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 19,698 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 65 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 97 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 84.06% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 15.83% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.89% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 154,858 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.67% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 306,436,168 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.32% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to MSCI World Diversified Multiple Factor Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.09 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World ESG Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 191,814 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 72,516 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 264,330 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 24 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 53 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 92.88% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.98% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.86% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,956,986 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.63% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 11,214,604,869 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.22% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to MSCI World Select Multiple Factor ESG Low Carbon Target Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.03 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS UK Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 591,070 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 111,751 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 702,820 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 65 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 88 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 96.55% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.63% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.18% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,977,645 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.12% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 11,035,568,854 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 9.77% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE All-Share Custom ESG Screened Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.14 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS World Low Carbon Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 45,533 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 32,352 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 77,885 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 10 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 39 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.04% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.77% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.81% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 664,112 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.78% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 7,751,712,309 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and on <u>Page 15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.98% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to MSCI World Low Carbon Target Reduced Fossil Fuel Select Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS Japan Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 170,779 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 78,250 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 249,029 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 65 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 77 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.17% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.78% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.95% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,373,189 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.95% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 3,806,825,130 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.10% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Japan Custom ESG Screened Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS 60:40 Global Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 59,925 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,079 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 74,004 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 67 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 96 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 93.95% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 4.87% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.82% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 675,853 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.85% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,119,386,605 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 8.33% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Custom Composite UK All-Share 60% Developed Europe ex UK 13.3% (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.06 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS 50:50 Global Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 268,970 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 64,705 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 333,675 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 66 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 98 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 93.23% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.67% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.90% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,914,257 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.94% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 5,109,067,847 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.83% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Custom Composite UK All-Share 50% Developed Europe ex UK 16.7% (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.05 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS Continental European Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | million tCO2e | 62,043 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | million tCO2e | 12,888 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | million tCO2e | 74,931 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 63 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 82 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.00 |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.87 |
| Total Data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.87 |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | million tCO2e | 418,234 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.54 |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,185,366,636 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.44% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS Continental European Equity Tracker Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Developed Europe ex UK Custom ESG Screened Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.04 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme I ACS 30:70 Global Equity Tracker Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 70,267 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 15,848 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 86,116 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 61 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 121 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.33% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.94% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.27% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 634,640 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.19% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,423,024,408 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 6.77% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to 30% FTSE All Share Index/60% FTSE Custom Developed Index/10% MSCI Emerging Markets (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.05 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II BlackRock Growth Allocation Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 31,200 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 9,738 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 40,938 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 40 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 91 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.37% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.37% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.74% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 279,713 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.44% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,019,056,277 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.86% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II BlackRock Retirement Allocation Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,768 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 907 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,675 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 34 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 76 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 41.21% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.02% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 47.23% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 29,518 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 47.07% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 238,239,968 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.06% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II BlackRock FutureWise 2033–37

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 66,490 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 19,384 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 85,874 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 35 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 82 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.66% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.81% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.47% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 802,225 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.49% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,452,520,651 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.97% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II BlackRock FutureWise 2028–32

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 46,539 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,273 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 60,812 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 36 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 85 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 86.39% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.49% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 97.88% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 537,878 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 97.87% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,765,458,871 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.99% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II BlackRock FutureWise 2023-27

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 25,224 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,366 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 33,590 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 37 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 90 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 79.33% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 15.43% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 94.76% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 270,595 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 94.70% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,007,709,351 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.49% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II BlackRock FutureWise Early Days Aggregator

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| | | |
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 215,468 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 62,891 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 278,359 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 35 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 81 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.67% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.80% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.47% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,614,882 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.49% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 8,017,478,854 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.97% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II BlackRock FutureWise Retirement Aggregator

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,948 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,713 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,661 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 37 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 91 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 75.74% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 16.56% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 92.30% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 82,974 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 92.22% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 327,923,547 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 1.98% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2055-2057

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 26,585 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,312 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 34,897 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 40 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 91 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.33% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.40% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.73% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 238,137 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.43% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 869,113,852 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.85% as society's transition to a lower-carbon economy may change the value of assets in the Fund. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II BlackRock Pension Growth Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 345,790 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 85,125 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 430,915 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 51 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 110 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 70.40% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.80% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 79.20% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,052,554 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 79.07% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 10,784,223,100 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.24% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2052-54

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 18,849 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,896 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 24,745 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 40 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 91 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 84.96% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.36% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.32% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 169,033 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.02% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 623,569,818 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.78% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2049-51

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 40,929 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 12,851 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 53,780 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 40 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 90 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 83.80% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.32% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.12% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 368,398 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 97.82% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,395,933,354 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.63% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2046-48

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 24,341 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,652 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 31,993 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 39 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 90 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 81.13% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 13.87% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 95.00% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 219,727 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 94.70% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 869,026,564 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.43% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2043-45

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 46,260 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,580 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 60,840 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 39 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 89 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 77.01% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 13.17% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 90.18% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 419,567 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 89.89% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,768,067,543 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.17% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2040-42

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 24,798 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,850 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 32,648 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 38 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 88 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 73.25% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 12.42% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 85.67% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 228,082 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 85.39% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,019,096,332 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.91% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2037-39

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 45,584 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,475 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 60,059 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 38 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 87 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 68.74% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.58% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 80.32% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 424,583 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 80.05% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,033,899,328 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.65% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2034-36

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 23,786 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,595 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 31,381 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 37 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 85 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 64.75% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.75% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 75.50% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 225,767 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 75.25% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,160,574,895 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.37% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2031-33

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 36,262 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 11,593 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 47,855 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 37 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 84 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 60.45% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.90% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 70.35% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 350,242 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 70.12% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,937,305,013 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.10% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2028-30

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 15,381 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,942 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 20,323 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 36 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 82 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 55.83% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.95% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 64.78% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 152,192 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 64.56% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 918,894,056 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.80% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2025-27

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 16,466 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,350 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 21,816 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 35 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 80 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 50.46% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.96% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 58.42% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 167,838 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 58.22% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,123,968,456 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.51% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Authorised Contractual Scheme II ACS Lifepath 2022-24

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,124 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,342 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,466 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 35 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 77 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 41.10% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.99% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 47.09% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 43,643 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 46.94% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 352,064,594 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.06% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Charities Funds

BlackRock Charities Funds BlackRock Charities UK Bond Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 780 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 128 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 908 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 37 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 107 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 40.21% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.22% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 49.43% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,266 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 49.43% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 72,776,158 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 150 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 8 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

BlackRock Charities Funds BlackRock Charities UK Bond Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.12% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

When compared to 50% FTSE Actuaries UK Conventional Gilts All Stocks Index/50% iBoxx Sterling Non-Gilt 1-10 Year Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Charities Funds BlackRock Charities UK Equity Index Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Come 1 9 2 | | |
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 9,475 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,117 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 11,592 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 68 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 86 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 96.77% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.55% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.32% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 126,946 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.26% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 172,657,955 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 10.29% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE All-Share Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.16 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Charities Funds BlackRock Charities UK Equity ESG Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 917 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 161 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,079 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 58 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope $1 \& 2$) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 81 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 98.61% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 0.37% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.98% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 12,619 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.74% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 18,832,734 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 8.71% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to FTSE Custom All-Share ex Tobacco Defense Aerospace Beverages and Inv. Trust (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.77 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Charities Funds BlackRock Charities UK Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 11,301 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,034 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 13,336 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 55 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 78 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 98.60% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 0.37% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.97% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 153,045 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.73% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 242,966,931 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 8.38% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to FTSE All-Share TR Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 2.08 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Charities Funds BlackRock Armed Forces Charities Growth & Income Fund

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,108 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,506 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 12,614 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 39 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 74 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 63.83% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.47% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 69.30% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 131,658 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 69.23% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 468,618,801 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.12% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to FTSE All-Share Index (30%)/ MSCI World Ex UK Index (30%)/BBG Barclays Sterling Aggregate: Gilts Index (20%)/3 Month GBP SONIA compounded in arrears (10%)/IPD All Balanced Funds Index (10%) (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.79 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Charities Funds BlackRock Catholic Charities Growth & Income Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,529 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,073 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,601 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 43 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 75 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 60.68% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 3.38% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 64.06% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 61,145 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 64.08% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 208,325,508 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.84% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to FTSE Custom All-Share ex Tobacco, Defense, Aerospace, Beverages and Investment Trusts (30%)/MSCI World SRI Index (30%)/BBG Barclays Sterling Aggregate: Gilts (20%)/3 Month GBP SONIA compounded in arrears (10%)/IPD All Balanced Funds Index (10%) (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.02 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Charities Funds BlackRock Charities Growth & Income Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,285 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,259 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,544 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 41 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 73 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 63.99% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 3.83% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 67.82% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 68,333 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 67.84% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 236,796,671 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.99% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared FTSE Custom All-Share ex Tobacco, Defense, Aerospace, Beverages and Investment Trusts (30%)/MSCI World SRI Index (30%)/BBG Barc Sterling Aggregate: Gilts (20%)/3 Month GBP SONIA compounded in arrears (10%)/IPD All Balanced Funds Index (10%) (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -0.12 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Balanced Managed Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 19,366 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,442 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 24,808 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 40 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 77 | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 74.66% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.73% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 82.39% | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 263,355 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 82.29% | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 771,476,757 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.44% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Up to 10 Years Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This Fund follows a fixed income investment strategy and invests primarily in sovereign debt assets only. Therefore, the only relevant emissions metrics for this Fund are GHG intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics, which are disclosed in the following table. Other metrics such as Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 GHG emissions, total carbon footprint and total WACI are not calculated for sovereign debt assets, therefore they are not applicable for this Fund. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 132 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 6 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could increase by 1.09% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated increase in the value of assets in the Fund performs well under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Actuaries UK Index-Linked Gilts up to 10 Years (Midday) Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Up to 10 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This Fund follows a fixed income investment strategy and invests primarily in sovereign debt assets only. Therefore, the only relevant emissions metrics for this Fund are GHG intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics, which are disclosed in the following table. Other metrics such as Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 GHG emissions, total carbon footprint and total WACI are not calculated for sovereign debt assets, therefore they are not applicable for this Fund. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 132 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 6 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.15% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Actuaries UK Conventional Gilts up to 10 Years (Midday) Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares North American Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|--|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 363,525 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 79,338 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 442,863 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 32 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 109 | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 87.51% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 12.22% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.73% | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,152,272 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.56% | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 13,870,461,914 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.25% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE North America Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.01 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK)

| Report Publication Date: | 30 June 2024 |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Reporting Period: | 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 |
| Reference Date: | 29 December 2023 |
| Calculation Date: | 24 April 2024 |

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 11,024 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 59,829 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 70,853 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 9 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 89 | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 77.46% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 22.32% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.78% | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 221,193 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 97.53% | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 8,153,790,829 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

Under the FCA TCFD guidelines, where a Fund has concentrated exposures or high exposures to carbon intensive sectors, a quantitative analysis of 'orderly transition', 'disorderly transition' and 'hothouse world' scenarios should be disclosed. As the Fund has an exposure of 92.63% to carbon intensive sectors for the reference period, this data is included in the following table.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Environment & Low Carbon Tilt Real Estate Index Fund (UK) (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

| Stress Test results | Cove | Coverage Orderly Transition Scenario | | Disorderly Transition Scenario | | Hot House Physical Scenario | |
|------------------------|--------|---|--------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|
| | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV |
| Fund | 99.46% | 99.34% | -4.33% | -1.25% | -4.90% | -0.83% | -5.10% |
| Benchmark | 99.71% | 99.61% | -4.33% | -1.23% | -4.90% | -0.82% | -5.09% |

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.10% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Green Low Carbon Target Developed Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares US Equity ESG Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 27,256 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 9,667 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 36,922 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 23 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 75 | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 88.14% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.76% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.90% | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 291,062 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.58% | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,617,211,568 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.52% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to Morningstar US Markets ESG Enhanced Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Continental European Equity ESG Index Fund (UK)

| Report Publication Date: | 30 June 2024 |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Reporting Period: | 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 |
| Reference Date: | 29 December 2023 |
| Calculation Date: | 24 April 2024 |

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 20,230 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,025 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 25,255 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 46 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 64 | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.49% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.25% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.74% | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 176,079 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.74% | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 553,324,580 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.96% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to Morningstar Developed Europe ex-UK ESG Enhanced Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.01 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Overseas Government Bond Index Fund (UK)

| Report Publication Date: | 30 June 2024 |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Reporting Period: | 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 |
| Reference Date: | 29 December 2023 |
| Calculation Date: | 24 April 2024 |

Fund emissions metrics

This Fund follows a fixed income investment strategy and invests primarily in sovereign debt assets only. Therefore, the only relevant emissions metrics for this Fund are GHG intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics, which are disclosed in the following table. Other metrics such as Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 GHG emissions, total carbon footprint and total WACI are not calculated for sovereign debt assets, therefore they are not applicable for this Fund. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 237 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 14 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.22% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to JP Morgan Global Government Bond Index ex UK (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares UK Gilts All Stocks Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This Fund follows a fixed income investment strategy and invests primarily in sovereign debt assets only. Therefore, the only relevant emissions metrics for this Fund are GHG intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics, which are disclosed in the following table. Other metrics such as Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 GHG emissions, total carbon footprint and total WACI are not calculated for sovereign debt assets, therefore they are not applicable for this Fund. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 132 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 6 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.17% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Actuaries UK Conventional Gilts All Stocks Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares ESG Overseas Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 80,026 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 25,015 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 105,041 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 30 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 78 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 83.54% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.36% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 97.90% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 738,467 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 97.72% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 3,984,761,785 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 238 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 9 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares ESG Overseas Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.27% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to ICE ESG Global Corporate Ex GBP Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds Blackrock Global Corporate ESG Insights Bond Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 30,367 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,920 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 41,287 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 24 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 78 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 86.37% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.83% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.20% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 290,472 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 97.87% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,808,401,361 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 227 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 9 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds Global Corporate ESG Insights Bond Fund

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.58% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to Bloomberg Global Aggregate Corporate Index GBP Hedged Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.07 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Japan Equity ESG Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 23,686 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,413 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 38,099 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 43 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 55 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.77% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.15% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.92% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 509,135 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.92% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 887,295,622 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.99% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to Morningstar Japan ESG Enhanced Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Pacific ex Japan Equity ESG Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,784 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,212 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 15,996 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 37 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 98 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 93.12% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 2.94% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 96.06% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 211,312 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.74% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 446,028,643 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.77% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to Morningstar Developed Markets Asia Pacific ex-Japan ESG Enhanced Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.02 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Emerging Markets Equity ESG Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 93,072 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 28,352 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 121,425 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 107 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 245 |
| | | 22.221 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 80.03% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 17.39% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 97.42% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 462,807 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 97.34% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,160,644,358 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.53% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to Morningstar Emerging Markets ESG Enhanced Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.01 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares UK Equity ESG Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 66,142 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 12,502 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 78,644 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 47 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 59 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 98.75% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 0.80% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.55% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 937,270 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.39% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,666,554,560 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 8.90% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to Morningstar UK ESG Enhanced Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.02 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares ESG Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 21,375 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,877 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 29,253 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 22 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 56 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 70.47% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 26.09% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 96.56% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 191,623 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 95.62% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,566,205,606 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 188 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 7 |

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares ESG Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) (continued)

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.35% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to iBoxx MSCI ESG GBP Non-Gilts Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Developed World Fossil Fuel Screened Equity Index Fund (UK)

| 30 June 2024 |
|------------------------------------|
| 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 |
| 29 December 2023 |
| 24 April 2024 |
| |

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 16,193 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,076 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 22,269 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 27 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 67 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 89.17% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.64% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.81% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 178,352 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.67% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 840,529,417 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.08% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to MSCI World Select Fossil Fuel Screened Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Over 15 Years Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,515 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 980 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,495 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 72 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 100 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 63.58% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 25.08% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 88.66% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 38,765 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 88.34% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 254,142,725 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 273 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 7 |

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Over 15 Years Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) (continued)

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.66% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to Markit iBoxx GBP Non-Gilts Over 15 Years Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.01 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Over 15 Years Gilts Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This Fund follows a fixed income investment strategy and invests primarily in sovereign debt assets only. Therefore, the only relevant emissions metrics for this Fund are GHG intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics, which are disclosed in the following table. Other metrics such as Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 GHG emissions, total carbon footprint and total WACI are not calculated for sovereign debt assets, therefore they are not applicable for this Fund. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 132 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 6 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.41% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Actuaries UK Conventional Gilts Over 15 Years Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares 350 UK Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 60,669 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 13,564 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 74,233 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 69 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 87 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 97.59% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.46% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.05% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 814,026 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.99% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,094,363,657 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 10.37% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE 350 Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.14 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Mid Cap UK Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 30,734 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,568 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 36,303 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 58 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 89 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 84.40% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.36% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 92.76% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 238,414 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 92.27% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 678,311,369 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.67% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE 250 Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.02 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares US Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 55,035 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 12,364 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 67,399 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 30 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 103 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 87.44% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 12.23% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.67% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 483,062 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.50% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,221,374,328 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.00% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE USA Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares 100 UK Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 146,028 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 33,330 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 179,358 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 70 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 86 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 99.47% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 0.47% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.94% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,053,194 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.95% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,569,841,365 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 11.02% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE 100 Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.09 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Index Linked Gilt Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This Fund follows a fixed income investment strategy and invests primarily in sovereign debt assets only. Therefore, the only relevant emissions metrics for this Fund are GHG intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics, which are disclosed in the following table. Other metrics such as Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 GHG emissions, total carbon footprint and total WACI are not calculated for sovereign debt assets, therefore they are not applicable for this Fund. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 132 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 6 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could increase by 1.83% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated increase in the value of assets in the Fund performs well under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Actuaries UK Index-Linked Gilts Over 5 Years Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 88,727 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 20,198 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 108,925 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 35 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 69 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 67.62% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 23.92% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 91.54% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 898,083 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 90.62% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 6,112,039,810 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 203 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 7 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Corporate Bond Index Fund (UK) (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.35% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to Markit iBoxx GBP Non-Gilts Overall TR Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Corporate Bond 1–10 Year Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 16,849 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,270 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 21,119 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 32 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 81 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 86.44% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.78% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.22% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 198,558 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.23% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 851,985,611 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 144 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 6 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds BlackRock Corporate Bond 1–10 Year Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.27% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to ICE BOFA Sterling 1-10 Year Custom Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Emerging Markets Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 592,023 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 107,537 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 699,560 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 167 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 $\&$ 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 393 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 79.30% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 18.29% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 97.59% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,514,958 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 97.34% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 4,313,567,741 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.01% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Emerging Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.05 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Continental European Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 408,009 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 74,079 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 482,088 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 74 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 102 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.05% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.77% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.82% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,675,007 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.48% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 6,560,144,530 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.58% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE World Europe ex UK Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Japan Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 171,170 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 68,442 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 239,612 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 72 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 90 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.09% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.82% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.91% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,063,185 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.91% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 3,319,242,089 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.14% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE Japan Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares Pacific ex Japan Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 195,944 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 65,254 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 261,199 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 107 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 201 |
| Data coverage – Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 92.40% |
| Data coverage – Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.06% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.46% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,271,204 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.62% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,477,287,108 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.17% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE World Asia-Pacific ex-Japan Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Collective Investment Funds iShares UK Equity Index Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 732,172 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 163,689 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 895,861 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 68 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 86 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 96.69% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.55% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.24% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 9,821,664 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.19% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 13,421,372,004 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 10.28% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

The Fund has an index tracking objective and when compared to FTSE All Share Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.16 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Institutional Bond Funds

BlackRock Institutional Bond Funds Over 10 Year Corporate Bonds

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 17,430 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,041 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 20,471 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 69 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 130 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 54.75% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 12.59% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 67.34% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 124,202 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 66.86% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 742,812,682 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 168 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 9 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

BlackRock Institutional Bond Funds Over 10 Year Corporate Bonds (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 1.11% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to iBoxx Sterling non-Gilts 10+ Years Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -0.31 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Institutional Bond Funds Index Linked Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 0 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 0 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 0 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 1 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 9 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 1.70% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 0.48% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 2.18% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 26 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.10% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 49,856,246 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 141 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 7 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

BlackRock Institutional Bond Funds Index Linked Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could increase by 1.85% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated increase in the value of assets in the Fund performs well under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE Actuaries UK Index-Linked Gilts Over 5 Years Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.02 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Institutional Bond Funds All Stocks Corporate Bond

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,397 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,325 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,722 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 43 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 98 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 49.91% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.63% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 61.54% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 55,219 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 61.56% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 412,768,882 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 161 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 9 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

BlackRock Institutional Bond Funds All Stocks Corporate Bond (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.35% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy may change the value of assets in the Fund. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to iBoxx Sterling Non-Gilts Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with than the benchmark by 0.00 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Institutional Equity Fund

BlackRock Institutional Equity Fund UK Select Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| | | |
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 693 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 143 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 835 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 51 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 71 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 96.73% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.48% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.21% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,295 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.02% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 16,647,643 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 8.02% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to FTSE All-Share TR Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 2.44 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Investment Funds

BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 7 Select ESG Fund

| Report Publication Date: | 30 June 2024 |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Reporting Period: | 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 |
| Reference Date: | 29 December 2023 |
| Calculation Date: | 24 April 2024 |

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,608 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 588 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,196 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 33 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 78 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 89.61% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.13% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.74% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 17,848 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.69% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 66,327,248 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.02% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 3 Select ESG Fund

Report Publication Date:30 JuneReporting Period:1 JanuaReference Date:29 DecCalculation Date:24 April

30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 110 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 33 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 144 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 38 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 87 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 43.28% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.85% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 53.13% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 998 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 52.87% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 8,680,336 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 1.24% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 4 Select Income Fund

Report Publication Date:30 June 202Reporting Period:1 January 2Reference Date:29 DecembCalculation Date:24 April 202

30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 240 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 60 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 300 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 61 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope $1 \& 2$) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 123 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 66.06% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 13.40% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 79.46% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,283 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 79.22% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 7,126,507 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.81% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Investment Funds BlackRock LifePath Retirement Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 28 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 38 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 32 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 82 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 40.79% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.97% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 47.76% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 264 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 47.63% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,584,750 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 1.60% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario.

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 65 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 23 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 88 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 33 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 87 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.27% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.21% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.48% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 605 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.23% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,653,188 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.40% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 65 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 23 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 88 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 33 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope $1\&2$) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 87 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.27% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.21% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.48% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 605 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.23% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,653,189 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.40% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 65 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 23 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 88 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 34 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 88 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.18% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.34% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.52% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 605 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.26% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,652,901 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.39% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 63 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 23 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 86 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 33 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 87 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 83.97% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.33% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.30% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 589 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.04% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,651,013 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.22% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 59 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 21 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 80 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 33 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 86 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 78.37% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 13.54% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 91.91% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 544 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 91.66% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,648,071 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.85% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy may change the value of assets in the Fund. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 53 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 19 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 72 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 33 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 86 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 71.55% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 12.42% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 83.97% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 490 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 83.74% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,640,831 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.41% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy may change the value of assets in the Fund. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 46 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 17 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 63 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 33 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 84 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 64.49% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.25% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 75.74% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 434 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 75.53% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,630,421 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.95% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 40 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 55 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 32 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 83 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 57.40% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.10% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 67.50% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 378 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 67.30% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,618,253 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.47% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Investment Funds BlackRock Sustainable Sterling Short Duration Credit Fund

| Report Publication Date: | 30 June 2024 |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Reporting Period: | 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 |
| Reference Date: | 29 December 2023 |
| Calculation Date: | 24 April 2024 |

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 23,719 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,006 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 28,725 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 42 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 106 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 52.13% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.31% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 60.44% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 214,100 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 60.47% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,688,285,783 |

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 144 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 6 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy.

BlackRock Investment Funds BlackRock Sustainable Sterling Short Duration Credit Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.51% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 4

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 13,983 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,463 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 17,445 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 55 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 133 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 54.88% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.33% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 65.21% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 108,465 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 65.08% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 513,494,673 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.75% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 5

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 11,117 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,175 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,292 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 44 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 111 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 66.18% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.49% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 75.67% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 94,916 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 75.58% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 443,014,394 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.21% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 5 Select ESG Fund

Report Publication Date:30 JuneReporting Period:1 JanuaReference Date:29 DeceCalculation Date:24 April

30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,556 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 873 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,429 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 37 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 87 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 68.48% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.84% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 78.32% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 25,244 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 78.22% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 121,099,273 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.81% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario.

BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 6

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 16,326 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,606 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 20,933 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 44 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 108 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 80.19% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.87% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 90.06% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 142,298 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 90.01% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 527,863,278 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.24% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Investment Funds MyMap 3

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,777 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 441 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,218 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 47 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 108 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 40.44% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.53% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 49.97% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,411 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 49.71% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 115,387,506 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 1.28% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Investment Funds BlackRock Systematic Multi Allocation Credit Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,324 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,065 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,389 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 73 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 138 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 41.59% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 17.06% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 58.65% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 40,707 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 58.29% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 135,305,745 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 784 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 12 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

BlackRock Investment Funds BlackRock Systematic Multi Allocation Credit Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 1.42% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Corporate GBP Hedged Index/BBG Barclays Global High Yield Index Excl CMBS & EMG 2% Capped GBP Hedged Index/J.P. Morgan EMBI ESG Global Diversified GBP Hedged Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by -0.10 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Investment Funds BlackRock ESG Strategic Growth Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,389 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 553 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,942 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 29 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 66 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 61.38% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.77% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 69.15% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 17,342 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 69.09% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 100,516,422 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.49% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Investment Funds BlackRock Sustainable Sterling Strategic Bond Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,049 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 920 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,969 |
| Tatal Carlson Frankrigt (Carra 1 & 2) | | 40 |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 43 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 68 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 59.77% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 3.54% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 63.31% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 27,781 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 63.35% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 198,731,088 |

The Fund invests in sovereign debt assets and follows a fixed income investment strategy, therefore the greenhouse gas (GHG) intensity and the GHG emissions per capita metrics are disclosed in the following table.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|--|-------------------------------|------|
| GHG emissions intensity for sovereigns | tonnes/\$millions nominal GDP | 232 |
| GHG per capita | tonnes | 15 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

BlackRock Investment Funds BlackRock Sustainable Sterling Strategic Bond Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.53% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund IV

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,324 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,172 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,496 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 34 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 61 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 82.98% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.52% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 89.50% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 109,119 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 89.68% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 350,642,480 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 6.26% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Volatility Strategy Fund IV

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,465 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 984 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,449 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 59 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 128 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 88.42% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.30% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.72% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 36,239 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.59% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 93,979,618 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 6.16% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock UK Managed Volatility Fund III

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,533 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 351 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,884 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 64 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 78 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 80.65% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 0.68% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 81.33% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 21,774 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 81.43% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 36,533,945 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 8.62% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock UK Managed Volatility Fund II

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,645 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 612 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,257 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 54 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 65 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 56.76% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.28% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 58.04% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 38,476 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 58.20% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 107,953,758 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 6.40% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock UK Managed Volatility Fund I

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,045 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 244 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,289 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 48 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 57 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 54.96% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.92% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 56.88% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 15,482 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 57.06% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 49,726,514 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.70% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Volatility Strategy Fund III

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,408 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,850 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,258 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 57 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 124 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 78.92% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.20% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 88.12% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 68,970 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 88.02% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 205,839,573 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.27% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Volatility Strategy Fund II

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 18,223 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,061 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 22,284 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 56 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 121 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 72.89% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.23% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 82.12% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 148,455 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 82.00% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 499,145,633 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.43% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Volatility Strategy Fund I

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,288 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,403 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,691 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 56 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 122 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 61.70% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.15% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 69.85% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 50,962 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 69.71% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 202,689,362 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.62% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,646 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 401 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,046 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 27 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 57 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 57.09% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.68% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 62.77% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 18,010 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 63.05% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 145,312,622 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.25% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund III

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,289 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 544 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,833 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 50 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 84 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 78.02% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.63% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 83.65% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 26,496 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 83.79% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 70,963,876 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.45% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund II

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,663 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,599 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,261 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 46 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 79 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 73.23% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.44% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 78.67% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 79,081 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 78.84% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 241,927,436 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.59% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds I BlackRock Managed Volatility Fund I

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 18,486 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,372 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 22,858 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 40 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 72 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 66.66% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.43% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 72.09% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 213,071 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 72.28% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 866,366,078 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.13% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II BlackRock Consensus 70 Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,068 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,924 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 9,992 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 51 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 91 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 67.59% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.45% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 75.04% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 83,834 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 74.98% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 278,628,491 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.21% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II BlackRock Consensus 100 Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 16,603 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,782 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 20,385 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 53 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 111 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 89.33% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.86% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.19% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 144,648 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.08% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 385,968,348 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 6.08% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II BlackRock Consensus 60 Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,430 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,039 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,470 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 49 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 87 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 61.63% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.20% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 68.83% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 89,693 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 68.78% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 341,004,113 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.50% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II BlackRock Consensus 35 Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,161 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 797 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,957 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 41 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 85 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 44.33% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.34% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 50.67% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 33,454 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 50.62% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 215,085,957 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 1.92% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II BlackRock Global Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 28,392 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,616 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 35,008 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 57 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 99 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 92.74% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.44% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.18% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 320,433 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.11% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 621,341,802 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. We use TCAV and PCAV, which are potential portfolio scenario valuation outcomes from transition and physical climate risk, respectively, to assess these scenarios. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on <u>Page 15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund may experience negative transitional stress test results and negative physical stress test results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II BlackRock Global Equity Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.79% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE All Share Index (50%) and the FTSE World ex-UK Index (50%) (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.10 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail Funds II BlackRock Consensus 85 Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 133,426 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 31,341 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 164,766 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 54 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 95 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 76.58% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.83% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 84.41% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,349,661 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 84.34% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 3,775,997,690 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. We use TCAV and PCAV, which are potential portfolio scenario valuation outcomes from transition and physical climate risk, respectively, to assess these scenarios. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on <u>Page 15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.24% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Non-UCITS Retail II BlackRock Overseas Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,433 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,568 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 18,001 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 46 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 111 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 88.37% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.27% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.64% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 117,967 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.56% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 395,901,603 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. We use TCAV and PCAV, which are potential portfolio scenario valuation outcomes from transition and physical climate risk, respectively, to assess these scenarios. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on <u>Page 15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.32% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE World ex UK Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.16 percentage points in the transition stress test.

Investment Trusts

Investment Trusts BlackRock Frontiers Investment Trust plc

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 30,892 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,911 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 38,803 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 93 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 281 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 57.06% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 26.35% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 83.41% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 179,713 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 83.46% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 504,900,222 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.71% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to MSCI Emerging ex Selected Countries + MSCI Frontier Markets Index + Saudi Arabia Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs consistently with the benchmark by 0.07 percentage points in the transition stress test.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Sustainable American Income Trust plc

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,907 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,743 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,649 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 32 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 80 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.05% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.85% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.90% |
| | | |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 70,807 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.91% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 211,198,338 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.30% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Income and Growth Investment Trust plc

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,470 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 490 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,959 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 48 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 73 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 97.53% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 2.00% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.53% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 37,417 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.57% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 61,953,484 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 8.00% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to FTSE All-Share Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 2.46 percentage points in the transition stress test.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Throgmorton Trust plc

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 50,568 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,301 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 55,869 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 65 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 77 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 87.58% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.70% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 93.28% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 237,061 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 91.04% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 920,217,183 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.62% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to Numis Smaller Companies plus AIM (excluding Investment Companies) Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.91 percentage points in the transition stress test.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Latin American Investment Trust plc

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| | | |
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 12,973 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,139 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,112 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 77 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 142 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 79.49% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 16.25% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 95.74% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| - | +002- | 157 104 |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 157,184 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 93.33% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 191,105,584 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Latin American Investment Trust plc (continued)

Scenario analysis (Continued)

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.96% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to the MSCI Emerging Markets Latin America Index (Net Return) (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.94 percentage points in the transition stress test.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Energy and Resources Income Trust plc

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| | | | |
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 47,576 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,797 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 54,373 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 250 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 459 | |
| | | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 82.16% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.66% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 91.82% | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 392,410 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | | 89.29% | |
| 3 | % Fund's portfolio | | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 236,637,743 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

Under the FCA TCFD guidelines, where a Fund has concentrated exposures or high exposures to carbon intensive sectors, a quantitative analysis of 'orderly transition', 'disorderly transition' and 'hothouse world' scenarios should be disclosed. As the Fund has an exposure of 81.50% to carbon intensive sectors for the reference period, this data is included in the following table.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Energy and Resources Income Trust plc (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

| Stress Test results | Coverage | | Orderly Transition Scenario | | Disorderly Transition Scenario | | Hot House Physical Scenario |
|------------------------|----------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV |
| Fund | 90.96% | 90.96% | -2.41% | -17.91% | -2.73% | -11.82% | -2.87% |

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 17.91% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Investment Trusts BlackRock World Mining Trust plc

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| | | | |
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 270,660 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 70,162 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 340,823 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 237 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 338 | |
| | | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 80.36% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.66% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 88.02% | |
| | | | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,676,831 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 86.21% | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,631,932,411 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

Under the FCA TCFD guidelines, where a Fund has concentrated exposures or high exposures to carbon intensive sectors, a quantitative analysis of 'orderly transition', 'disorderly transition' and 'hothouse world' scenarios should be disclosed. As the Fund has an exposure of 93.47% to carbon intensive sectors for the reference period, this data is included in the following table.

Investment Trusts BlackRock World Mining Trust plc (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

| Stress Test results | Coverage | | Orderly Transition Scenario | | Disorderly Transition Scenario | | Hot House Physical Scenario |
|------------------------|----------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|
| | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV |
| Fund | 91.91% | 91.91% | -2.38% | -11.21% | -2.58% | -8.36% | -2.72% |

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 11.21% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Smaller Companies Trust plc

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 47,832 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 9,793 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 57,625 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 65 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 81 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 82.04% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.31% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 87.35% |
| | | |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 297,788 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 84.52% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,010,166,946 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.27% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to Numis Smaller Companies plus AIM (excluding Investment Companies) Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.26 percentage points in the transition stress test.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Greater Europe Investment Trust plc

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,399 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,687 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,086 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 8 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 33 | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 89.81% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.19% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 100.00% | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 144,827 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 100.00% | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 842,290,467 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

Under the FCA TCFD guidelines, where a Fund has concentrated exposures or high exposures to carbon intensive sectors, a quantitative analysis of 'orderly transition', 'disorderly transition' and 'hothouse world' scenarios should be disclosed. As the Fund has an exposure of 85.38% to carbon intensive sectors for the reference period, this data is included in the following table.

Investment Trusts BlackRock Greater Europe Investment Trust plc (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

| Stress Test results | Cove | Coverage | | Orderly Transition Scenario | | Transition ario | Hot House Physical Scenario |
|------------------------|--------|----------|--------|--------------------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV |
| Fund | 96.98% | 96.96% | -2.60% | -5.85% | -2.81% | -4.86% | -2.96% |

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.85% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Global Unconstrained Equity Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,400 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,371 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,771 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 2 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 11 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 88.04% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 11.72% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.76% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 88,987 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.77% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,256,827,629 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.45% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

When compared to MSCI World Index (official levels) (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.60 percentage points in the physical stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Balanced Growth Portfolio Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 11,577 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,102 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 14,679 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 40 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 83 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 73.18% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.93% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 81.11% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 153,235 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 81.01% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 453,595,350 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.64% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Asia Fund

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 toReference Date:29 December 202Calculation Date:24 April 2024

30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 505 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 283 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 788 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 47 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 96 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 92.81% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.65% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.46% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,398 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.50% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 17,042,768 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.32% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to MSCI All Country Asia ex Japan Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.11 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Emerging Markets Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 19,002 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 10,932 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 29,934 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 47 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 100 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 87.97% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.32% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 97.29% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 160,550 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 96.55% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 668,335,051 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.88% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy may change the value of assets in the Fund. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to MSCI Emerging Markets Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.44 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock European Dynamic Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 80,889 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 45,901 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 126,791 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 25 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 77 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 90.37% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.33% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.70% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,114,074 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.73% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 5,115,884,245 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.35% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE World Europe ex UK Net Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.23 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Continental European Income Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 207,581 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 21,886 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 229,466 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 124 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 207 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 95.98% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 2.22% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.20% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 691,710 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.21% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,889,953,261 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.69% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results. When compared to FTSE All World Developed Europe Ex UK Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -0.19 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock US Mid-Cap Value Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 7,003 | |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,756 | |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,759 | |
| | | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 57 | |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 149 | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 76.09% | |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 23.37% | |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.46% | |
| Scope 3 | | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 71,120 | |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.46% | |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 154,889,217 | |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.09% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to Russell MidCap Value Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.28 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Dynamic Allocation Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,009 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,489 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,498 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 39 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 95 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 63.61% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.20% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 73.81% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 52,390 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 73.85% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 240,047,398 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 3.23% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Market Advantage Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,431 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,410 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 9,841 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 25 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 68 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 45.69% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.36% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 56.05% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 68,394 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 55.95% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 749,420,601 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 1.95% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Natural Resources Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 100,694 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 15,722 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 116,416 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 298 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 365 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.72% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 14.08% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.80% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 724,234 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.31% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 392,240,483 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

Under the FCA TCFD guidelines, where a Fund has concentrated exposures or high exposures to carbon intensive sectors, a quantitative analysis of 'orderly transition', 'disorderly transition' and 'hothouse world' scenarios should be disclosed. As the Fund has an exposure of 91.45% to carbon intensive sectors for the reference period, this data is included in the following table.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Natural Resources Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

| Stress Test results | | | Orderly Transition Scenario | | Disorderly Transition Scenario | | Hot House Physical Scenario |
|------------------------|--------|--------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV |
| Fund | 93.77% | 93.77% | -2.49% | -22.03% | -2.71% | -12.73% | -2.86% |
| Benchmark | 98.53% | 98.53% | -2.59% | -20.85% | -2.82% | -12.43% | -2.97% |

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 22.03% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to S&P Global Natural Resources Index - Net Return in GBP (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -1.18 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Global Income Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,266 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,228 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 4,495 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 33 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 103 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 92.37% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 7.45% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.82% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 25,841 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.84% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 135,915,293 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 6.55% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to MSCI All Countries World Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -0.82 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Dynamic Diversified Growth Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|---------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 35,266 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 9,454 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 44,720 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 44 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity | tCO2e/\$million | 112 |
| (Scope 1 & 2) | revenue | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 64.64% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.14% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 74.78% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 346,148 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 74.72% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,492,667,775 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 2.48% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Cash Fund

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 toReference Date:29 December 202Calculation Date:24 April 2024

30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 208 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 470 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 678 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 1 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 3 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 75.98% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.12% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 84.10% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 87,278 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 85.23% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,387,922,974 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Hot House World Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.00% as risks associated with the modelled physical impact of climate change, such as decline in revenue and increase in operating expenses arising from temperature, sea level rise and extreme weather events, may change the value of assets in the Fund.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Developed Markets Sustainable Equity Fund (UK)

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Calculation Date: **30 June 2024** 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,226 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 924 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,150 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 18 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 79 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 89.67% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 10.33% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 100.00% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 15,639 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 97.50% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 178,084,501 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.98% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to MSCI World Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -0.05 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Gold & General Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 80,284 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 33,522 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 113,805 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 106 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 312 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 84.19% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 9.26% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 93.45% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 193,347 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 90.40% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,150,858,266 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and on <u>Page 15</u>.

Under the FCA TCFD guidelines, where a Fund has concentrated exposures or high exposures to carbon intensive sectors, a quantitative analysis of 'orderly transition', 'disorderly transition' and 'hothouse world' scenarios should be disclosed. As the Fund has an exposure of 85.61% to carbon intensive sectors for the reference period, this data is included in the following table.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Gold & General Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

| Stress Test results | Cove | erage | Orderly Tr Scen | | Disorderly 1 Scena | | Hot House Physical Scenario |
|------------------------|---------|---------|--------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV |
| Fund | 94.64% | 94.64% | -2.36% | -5.33% | -2.76% | -4.20% | -3.09% |
| Benchmark | 100.00% | 100.00% | -2.49% | -6.07% | -2.87% | -4.89% | -3.20% |

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.33% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE Gold Mining Index (capped version) (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 0.74 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock US Dynamic Fund

Report Publication Date:30 June 2Reporting Period:1 JanuaryReference Date:29 DecemCalculation Date:24 April 2

30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|---------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,781 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,477 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,258 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 18 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million | 39 |
| | revenue | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 81.64% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 18.36% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 100.00% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 77,448 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 100.00% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 293,588,809 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 6.30% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to Russell 1000 Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -1.17 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Continental European Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,462 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,138 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 6,600 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 5 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 14 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 91.59% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.32% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.91% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 246,760 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.92% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,459,034,633 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and on <u>Page 15</u>.

Under the FCA TCFD guidelines, where a Fund has concentrated exposures or high exposures to carbon intensive sectors, a quantitative analysis of 'orderly transition', 'disorderly transition' and 'hothouse world' scenarios should be disclosed. As the Fund has an exposure of 81.02% to carbon intensive sectors for the reference period, this data is included in the following table.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Continental European Fund (continued)

Scenario analysis (continued)

| Stress Test results | Cove | erage | Orderly Tr Scen | | Disorderly T Scena | | Hot House Physical Scenario |
|------------------------|--------|--------|--------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV | TCAV | PCAV |
| Fund | 96.52% | 96.52% | -2.71% | -5.98% | -2.92% | -4.89% | -3.08% |
| Benchmark | 99.78% | 99.78% | -2.80% | -5.58% | -3.07% | -4.87% | -3.29% |

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.98% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE World Europe ex UK Net TR Index the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -0.39 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Corporate Bond Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 28,914 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,781 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 37,695 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 43 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 72 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 52.43% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.34% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 57.77% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 263,502 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 57.80% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 2,138,178,842 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.49% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to ICE Bank of America Merrill Lynch Sterling Corporate & Collateralized Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs worse than the benchmark by -0.10 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock UK Fund

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023Reference Date:29 December 2023Calculation Date:24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 30,088 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,741 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 35,829 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 62 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 89 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 97.72% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 0.02% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 97.74% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 396,773 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 96.88% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 586,980,468 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. We use TCAV and PCAV, which are potential portfolio scenario valuation outcomes from transition and physical climate risk, respectively, to assess these scenarios. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on <u>Page 15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.87% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE All Share TR Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 2.59 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock UK Income Fund

Report Publication Date:30 June 2024Reporting Period:1 January 202Reference Date:29 DecemberCalculation Date:24 April 2024

30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 28,050 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,610 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 33,660 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 50 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 77 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 97.72% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 2.11% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 99.83% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 427,240 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 99.85% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 672,940,543 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 8.17% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated in the value of assets in the Fund under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE All-Share TR Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 2.29 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock UK Smaller Companies Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 25,840 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,403 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 31,243 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 66 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 83 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 84.06% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 4.83% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 88.89% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 165,725 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 86.69% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 528,921,547 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 5.39% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to Numis Smaller Companies plus AIM ex-Investment Trusts Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.14 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock UK Special Situations Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 33,288 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,295 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 38,583 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 73 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 89 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 94.91% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.68% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 96.59% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 334,221 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 94.34% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 554,723,641 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.63% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Growth & Recovery Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,053 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 675 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 5,728 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 70 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 82 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.52% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 3.85% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 89.37% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 29,601 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 86.79% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 91,989,819 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 4.97% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to Numis Smaller Companies plus AIM ex-Investment Trusts Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 1.56 percentage points in the transition stress test.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock European Absolute Alpha Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 13,229 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,477 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 16,706 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 36 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 68 |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 85.13% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 5.38% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 90.51% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 111,299 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 90.55% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 555,333,724 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page <u>15</u>.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 12.39% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock Absolute Return Bond Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 55,926 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 8,612 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 64,537 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 80 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 159 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 45.23% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 6.42% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 51.65% |
| | | |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 321,929 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 51.55% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 1,789,672,800 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 0.70% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock UK Equity Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date:

30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 17,296 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,536 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 20,832 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 53 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 76 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 96.99% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 1.27% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 98.26% |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 244,091 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 98.02% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 403,655,258 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Orderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could decrease by 7.83% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated decrease in the value of assets in the Fund which is challenged under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

When compared to FTSE All-Share TR Index (the Fund's "benchmark"), the Fund performs better than the benchmark by 2.63 percentage points in the transition stress test

BlackRock Retail Authorised Unit Trusts BlackRock UK Absolute Alpha Fund

Report Publication Date: Reporting Period: Reference Date: Calculation Date: 30 June 2024 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 29 December 2023 24 April 2024

Fund emissions metrics

This section of the report contains data for carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions and other greenhouse gases (GHGs), that when emitted into the atmosphere are responsible for the greenhouse effect (global warming) on the planet. To make it easier to compare different gases, we use a common measure called carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e). Our methods for measuring and choosing this standard follow the recommended best practices from the TCFD. Please refer to the 'Metrics and Targets' section for more details on the metrics below.

| Metrics | Measurement | 2023 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------|
| Scope 1 & 2 | | |
| Scope 1 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 2,687 |
| Scope 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 1,154 |
| Total Scope 1 & 2 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 3,840 |
| | | |
| Total Carbon Footprint (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million AUM | 20 |
| Total Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Scope 1 & 2) | tCO2e/\$million revenue | 22 |
| | | |
| Data coverage - Reported | % Fund's portfolio | 78.37% |
| Data coverage - Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 8.56% |
| Total data coverage | % Fund's portfolio | 86.93% |
| | | |
| Scope 3 | | |
| Scope 3 GHG emissions | tCO2e | 68,509 |
| Data coverage – Scope 3 Estimated | % Fund's portfolio | 87.97% |
| Assets under Management | \$ | 259,689,202 |

Scenario analysis

This section of the report includes information that reveals how the Fund's investments might be affected by climate-related risks, according to three established scenarios: Orderly Transition Scenario – Net Zero 2050, Disorderly Transition Scenario – Delayed Transition, and Hot House World Scenario – Current Policies. Transition risk (TCAV) refers to the possible valuation outcome due to the policies, market responses, and new technologies associated with the transition to a lower-carbon economy. Physical risk (PCAV) means the possible valuation outcome because of the implications of extreme weather events and physical changes globally. We have provided more details about each of these scenarios and risks on Page 15.

The Fund could experience the most significant outcome under the Disorderly Transition Scenario. Under this scenario, BlackRock's underlying proprietary climate risk model indicates that the Fund could increase by 1.52% associated with society's transition to a lower-carbon economy leading to an anticipated increase in the value of assets in the Fund performs well under this scenario. This reflects the impact of transition on the underlying investee company's financial and operational results.

Disclaimer

This is issued by BlackRock Fund Managers Limited, authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered office: 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London, EC2N 2DL. Tel: + 44 (0) 20 7743 3000. Registered in England and Wales No. 01102517. For your protection telephone calls are usually recorded. Please refer to the Financial Conduct Authority website for a list of authorised activities conducted by BlackRock.

This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute an offer or invitation to anyone to invest in any BlackRock funds and has not been prepared in connection with any such offer.

© 2024 BlackRock, Inc. All Rights reserved. BLACKROCK, BLACKROCK SOLUTIONS and iSHARES are trademarks of BlackRock, Inc. or its affiliates. All other trademarks are those of their respective owners.

Please contact your BlackRock representative with related queries or e-mail clientservices@blackrock.com