iShares
by BlackRock

APRIL 30, 2024

2024 Annual Report

iShares Trust

- iShares International Select Dividend ETF | IDV | Cboe BZX

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

The Markets in Review

Rob Kapito
President, BlackRock Inc.

Dear Shareholder,

The combination of continued economic growth and cooling inflation provided a supportive backdrop for investors during the 12-month reporting period ended April 30, 2024. Higher interest rates helped to rein in inflation, and the Consumer Price Index decelerated substantially while remaining above pre-pandemic levels. A moderating labor market helped ease inflationary pressure, although wages continued to grow. Wage and job growth powered robust consumer spending, backstopping the economy. On October 7, 2023, Hamas launched a horrific attack on Israel. The ensuing war has had a significant humanitarian impact and could lead to heightened economic and market volatility. We see geopolitics as a structural market risk going forward. See our geopolitical risk dashboard at blackrock.com for more details.

Equity returns were robust during the period, as interest rates stabilized and the economy proved to be more resilient than many investors expected. The U.S. economy continued to show strength, and growth further accelerated in the second half of 2023. Large-capitalization U.S. stocks posted particularly substantial gains, supported by the performance of a few notable technology companies, while small-capitalization U.S. stocks' advance was slower but still impressive. Meanwhile, both international developed market equities and emerging market stocks also gained, albeit at a notably slower pace than that of U.S. stocks.

The 10-year U.S. Treasury yield rose during the reporting period, driving its price down, as investors reacted to elevated inflation and attempted to anticipate future interest rate changes. However, higher yields drove solid gains in shorter-duration U.S. Treasuries. The corporate bond market benefited from improving economic sentiment, although high-yield corporate bond prices fared significantly better than investment-grade bonds as demand from yield-seeking investors remained strong.

The U.S. Federal Reserve (the "Fed"), attempting to manage persistent inflation, raised interest rates twice during the 12-month period, but paused its tightening after its July meeting. The Fed also continued to reduce its balance sheet by not replacing some of the securities that reach maturity.

Supply constraints appear to have become an embedded feature of the new macroeconomic environment, making it difficult for developed economies to increase production without sparking higher inflation. Geopolitical fragmentation and an aging population risk further exacerbating these constraints, keeping the labor market tight and wage growth high. Although the Fed has stopped tightening for now, we believe that the new economic regime means that the Fed will need to maintain high rates for an extended period, and recent statements from the Fed seem to support this view. In this new regime, we anticipate greater volatility and dispersion of returns, creating more opportunities for selective portfolio management.

Looking at developed market stocks, we have an overweight stance on U.S. stocks overall, particularly given the promise of emerging AI technologies. We are also overweight Japanese stocks as shareholder-friendly policies generate increased investor interest, although we maintain an underweight stance on European stocks. In credit, we believe there are selective opportunities in the near term despite tighter credit and financial conditions. For fixed income investing with a six- to twelve-month horizon, we see the most attractive investments in short-term U.S. Treasuries and hard-currency emerging market bonds.

Overall, our view is that investors need to think globally, position themselves to be prepared for a decarbonizing economy, and be nimble as market conditions change. We encourage you to talk with your financial advisor and visit **iShares.com** for further insight about investing in today's markets.

Rob Kapito
President, BlackRock Inc.

Total Returns as of April 30, 2024

	6-Month	*12-Month*
U.S. large cap equities (S&P 500® Index)	20.98%	22.66%
U.S. small cap equities (Russell 2000® Index)	19.66	13.32
International equities (MSCI Europe, Australasia, Far East Index)	18.63	9.28
Emerging market equities (MSCI Emerging Markets Index)	15.40	9.88
3-month Treasury bills (ICE BofA 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index)	2.66	5.36
U.S. Treasury securities (ICE BofA 10-Year U.S. Treasury Index)	3.66	(6.40)
U.S. investment grade bonds (Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index)	4.97	(1.47)
Tax-exempt municipal bonds (Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index)	7.06	2.08
U.S. high yield bonds (Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield 2% Issuer Capped Index)	8.99	9.01

Past performance is not an indication of future results. Index performance is shown for illustrative purposes only. You cannot invest directly in an index.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Table of Contents

Market Overview

iShares Trust

Global equity markets advanced during the 12 months ended April 30, 2024 (“reporting period”), supported by continued economic growth and moderating inflation in most parts of the world. The MSCI ACWI, a broad global equity index that includes both developed and emerging markets, returned 17.46% in U.S. dollar terms for the reporting period. Despite concerns about the impact of higher interest rates and rising prices, the global economy was resilient, posting moderate growth in 2023 at a similar pace to the prior year. Inflation began to subside in most regions of the world, as stabilizing energy prices and improved supply chains reduced pressure on consumers. However, geopolitical tensions were high during the reporting period, raising concerns about potential disruptions to the global economy. Fighting continued in Ukraine, and conflict erupted in Gaza following Hamas’ terrorist attack on Israel. Missile attacks on a major shipping lane in the Middle East raised concerns about a wider conflict while disrupting some supply chains.

Among developed economies, the U.S. stood out, growing at a robust pace in 2023 before slowing slightly in the first quarter of 2024. The U.S. consumer helped to power the expansion, as consumer spending continued to grow in both nominal and real (inflation-adjusted) terms. Consumers were emboldened by a strong labor market, as employers continued to add jobs, and average hourly wages increased notably. Consumer spending was also supported by higher asset values, as both home prices and strong equity performance increased household net worth and promoted spending. While improved supply chains eased goods inflation, the tight labor market kept labor costs near record highs, and growing services inflation was a significant driver of inflation’s overall persistence.

To counteract inflation, the U.S. Federal Reserve Bank (“Fed”) raised interest rates twice early in the reporting period, reaching the highest level since 2001. However, the Fed paused its interest rate increases thereafter as inflation edged down, keeping interest rates steady following its July 2023 meeting. The Fed also continued to decrease the size of its balance sheet by reducing the store of U.S. Treasuries it had accumulated to stabilize markets in the early phases of the coronavirus pandemic. While investors closely watched the Fed for signs of a shift toward lower interest rates, tenacious inflation later in the reporting period led investors to limit their expectations.

European stocks posted strong gains as energy prices stabilized, and inflation decelerated sharply. While growth in the Eurozone was nearly flat, the tepid economy meant that consumer spending grew slowly, leading to less upward pressure on prices. The European Central Bank (“ECB”) raised interest rates four times in the first half of the reporting period, but declined to increase interest rates thereafter, citing progress in lowering inflation.

Asia-Pacific region stocks also advanced, helped by the strong performance of Japanese equities. Japan returned to moderate growth in the fourth quarter of 2023 following a contraction in the third quarter. Solid exports, rising profits, and a series of corporate reforms bolstered Japanese stocks. However, Chinese equities were negatively impacted by investor concerns about government regulations and rising geopolitical tensions with the U.S. Meanwhile, emerging market stocks gained, helped by the pausing of interest rate increases from the Fed and the ECB. Stocks in India advanced significantly amid strong economic growth and robust corporate earnings, as India’s expanding middle class bolstered consumer spending.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

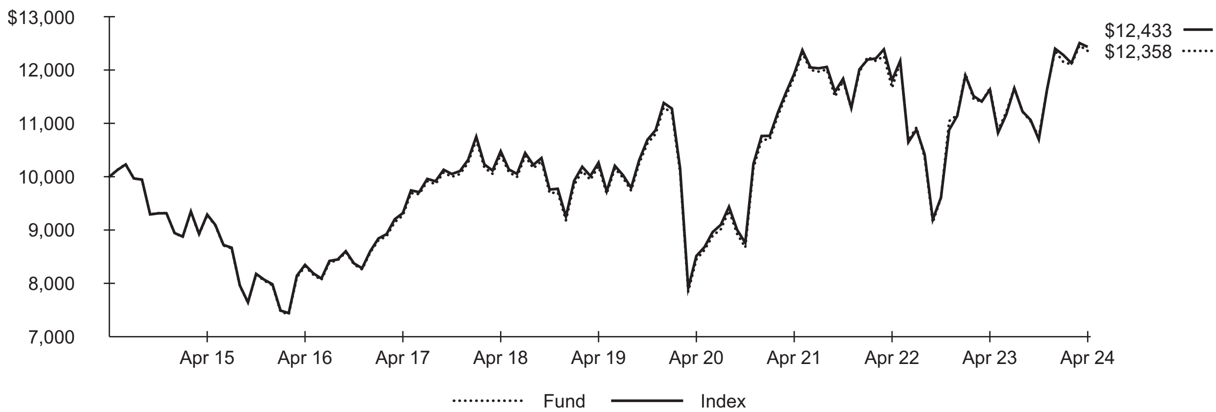
Investment Objective

The **iShares International Select Dividend ETF (the "Fund")** seeks to track the investment results of an index composed of relatively high dividend paying equities in non-U.S. developed markets, as represented by the Dow Jones EPAC Select Dividend Index™ (the "Index"). The Fund invests in a representative sample of securities included in the Index that collectively has an investment profile similar to the Index. Due to the use of representative sampling, the Fund may or may not hold all of the securities that are included in the Index.

Performance

	Average Annual Total Returns			Cumulative Total Returns		
	1 Year	*5 Years*	*10 Years*	*1 Year*	*5 Years*	*10 Years*
Fund NAV	6.00%	3.92%	2.14%	6.00%	21.21%	23.58%
Fund Market	5.95	3.80	2.07	5.95	20.50	22.71
Index	6.88	3.91	2.20	6.88	21.13	24.33

GROWTH OF $10,000 INVESTMENT
(AT NET ASSET VALUE)



Past performance is not an indication of future results. Performance results do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on fund distributions or on the redemption or sale of fund shares. See "About Fund Performance" for more information.

Expense Example

Actual			Hypothetical 5% Return			
Beginning Account Value (11/01/23)	*Ending Account Value (04/30/24)*	*Expenses Paid During the Period*[(a)]	*Beginning Account Value (11/01/23)*	*Ending Account Value (04/30/24)*	*Expenses Paid During the Period*[(a)]	*Annualized Expense Ratio*
$ 1,000.00	$ 1,149.20	$ 2.67	$ 1,000.00	$ 1,022.40	$ 2.51	0.50%

[(a)] Expenses are equal to the annualized expense ratio, multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by 182/366 (to reflect the one-half year period shown). Other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, may be paid which are not reflected in the tables and examples above. See "Disclosure of Expenses" for more information.

Portfolio Management Commentary

International dividend stocks advanced during the reporting period amid continued growth in the global economy. South Korean financials stocks contributed the most to the Index's return, led by banks. Diversified banks benefited from a plan announced by the South Korean government to raise the valuations of South Korean companies, which historically trade at lower book-to-value ratios on average than their peers in other countries. The program will provide incentives to improve corporate governance with the goal of increasing shareholder returns, including dividends. Growth in net interest income (the difference between the interest received from a bank's assets and the interest paid on deposits) also benefited South Korean diversified banks.

Japanese industrials stocks contributed to the Index's performance, led by the transportation industry. Militant attacks on ships in the Red Sea prompted Japanese shipping companies to reroute cargo shipments around Africa's Cape of Good Hope, adding days or weeks to international shipments and correspondingly raising the prices of moving goods by container ship, driving gains for Japanese transportation stocks.

Stocks in Australia further supported the Index's return. In the consumer discretionary sector, investors rewarded a specialty retailer for reporting financial losses that were less significant than expected. The Australian materials sector also advanced, as rising iron ore prices and a weaker Australian dollar buoyed metals and mining companies.

On the downside, Hong Kong's real estate sector detracted from the Index's return. A weakening housing market, with demand falling amid rising interest rates, weighed on Hong Kong real estate management and development firms. Also detracting from the Index's performance were Swedish real estate companies, weighed down by unsustainable debt burdens; Danish industrials stocks, which declined as a transportation company reported profit shortfalls due to overcapacity; and the Norwegian materials sector, as lower sales of fertilizer dented profits for chemicals companies.

Portfolio Information

SECTOR ALLOCATION

Sector	*Percent of Total Investments*[a]
Financials	30.9%
Utilities	16.4
Communication Services	11.3
Materials	10.3
Energy	8.8
Consumer Discretionary	7.8
Consumer Staples	6.5
Industrials	5.6
Real Estate	2.0
Information Technology	0.4

GEOGRAPHIC ALLOCATION

Country/Geographic Region	*Percent of Total Investments*[a]
United Kingdom	22.5%
Italy	10.5
Spain	8.9
France	8.6
Australia	7.7
Canada	7.5
Germany	7.5
Hong Kong	6.8
South Korea	4.3
Netherlands	4.0
Switzerland	2.4
Denmark	2.1
Austria	1.4
Finland	1.4
Belgium	1.2
Sweden	1.0
Norway	1.0
Other (each representing less than 1%)	1.2

[a] Excludes money market funds.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

About Fund Performance

Past performance is not an indication of future results. Financial markets have experienced extreme volatility and trading in many instruments has been disrupted. These circumstances may continue for an extended period of time and may continue to affect adversely the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments. As a result, current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Performance data current to the most recent month-end is available at **iShares.com**. Performance results assume reinvestment of all dividends and capital gain distributions and do not reflect the deduction of taxes that a shareholder would pay on fund distributions or on the redemption or sale of fund shares. The investment return and principal value of shares will vary with changes in market conditions. Shares may be worth more or less than their original cost when they are redeemed or sold in the market. Performance for certain funds may reflect a waiver of a portion of investment advisory fees. Without such a waiver, performance would have been lower.

Net asset value or "NAV" is the value of one share of a fund as calculated in accordance with the standard formula for valuing mutual fund shares. Beginning August 10, 2020, the price used to calculate market return ("Market Price") is the closing price. Prior to August 10, 2020, Market Price was determined using the midpoint between the highest bid and the lowest ask on the primary stock exchange on which shares of a fund are listed for trading, as of the time that such fund's NAV is calculated. Market and NAV returns assume that dividends and capital gain distributions have been reinvested at Market Price and NAV, respectively.

An index is a statistical composite that tracks a specified financial market or sector. Unlike a fund, an index does not actually hold a portfolio of securities and therefore does not incur the expenses incurred by a fund. These expenses negatively impact fund performance. Also, index returns do not include brokerage commissions that may be payable on secondary market transactions. If brokerage commissions were included, index returns would be lower.

Disclosure of Expenses

Shareholders of the Fund may incur the following charges: (1) transactional expenses, including brokerage commissions on purchases and sales of fund shares and (2) ongoing expenses, including management fees and other fund expenses. The expense example shown (which is based on a hypothetical investment of $1,000 invested at the beginning of the period and held through the end of the period) is intended to assist shareholders both in calculating expenses based on an investment in the Fund and in comparing these expenses with similar costs of investing in other funds.

The expense example provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. Annualized expense ratios reflect contractual and voluntary fee waivers, if any. In order to estimate the expenses a shareholder paid during the period covered by this report, shareholders can divide their account value by $1,000 and then multiply the result by the number under the heading entitled "Expenses Paid During the Period."

The expense example also provides information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on a fund's actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses. In order to assist shareholders in comparing the ongoing expenses of investing in the Fund and other funds, compare the 5% hypothetical example with the 5% hypothetical examples that appear in the shareholder reports of the other funds.

The expenses shown in the expense example are intended to highlight shareholders' ongoing costs only and do not reflect any transactional expenses, such as brokerage commissions and other fees paid on purchases and sales of fund shares. Therefore, the hypothetical example is useful in comparing ongoing expenses only and will not help shareholders determine the relative total expenses of owning different funds. If these transactional expenses were included, shareholder expenses would have been higher.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Security	Shares	Value
Common Stocks		
Australia — 7.6%		
APA Group	7,611,602	$ 40,619,155
BHP Group Ltd.	4,887,688	134,050,272
Fortescue Ltd.	5,363,920	88,903,988
IGO Ltd.	5,565,253	27,718,748
Magellan Financial Group Ltd.	1,931,108	10,965,082
Perpetual Ltd.	565,450	8,597,237
		310,854,482
Austria — 1.4%		
Oesterreichische Post AG	398,606	12,698,492
OMV AG	903,941	42,893,269
		55,591,761
Belgium — 1.2%		
Ageas SA/NV	685,280	31,455,420
Proximus SADP	2,388,559	17,626,829
		49,082,249
Canada — 7.5%		
Bank of Nova Scotia (The)	1,444,277	66,262,693
Birchcliff Energy Ltd.[(a)]	4,319,270	17,758,376
Canadian Utilities Ltd., Class A, NVS	969,052	21,666,670
Emera Inc.	1,183,332	39,910,002
Great-West Lifeco Inc.	684,008	20,227,339
IGM Financial Inc.	488,668	12,214,482
Labrador Iron Ore Royalty Corp.	995,558	21,745,853
Manulife Financial Corp.	1,868,269	43,576,884
Peyto Exploration & Development Corp.	2,889,817	32,306,166
Power Corp. of Canada	1,045,689	27,861,746
		303,530,211
Denmark — 2.0%		
AP Moller - Maersk A/S, Class A	15,164	21,505,404
D/S Norden A/S	366,322	15,445,886
Danske Bank A/S	1,578,930	45,452,638
Svitzer A/S, NVS	30,328	1,019,120
		83,423,048
Finland — 1.4%		
Fortum OYJ	4,173,126	54,990,923
France — 8.5%		
ALD SA[(b)]	3,097,205	20,368,807
Bouygues SA	774,442	28,542,285
Credit Agricole SA	3,357,259	51,947,654
Orange SA	5,714,389	63,602,766
Rubis SCA	1,023,123	35,406,457
TotalEnergies SE	2,039,154	148,040,048
		347,908,017
Germany — 4.2%		
Freenet AG	1,024,205	28,471,238
Hapag-Lloyd AG[(a)(b)]	110,168	20,294,382
Mercedes-Benz Group AG	1,634,558	123,639,417
		172,405,037
Hong Kong — 6.7%		
BOC Hong Kong Holdings Ltd.	11,442,500	35,072,327
CK Hutchison Holdings Ltd.	10,901,000	52,943,677
CK Infrastructure Holdings Ltd.	3,836,500	21,672,917
Hang Seng Bank Ltd.	2,630,900	34,692,560
Henderson Land Development Co. Ltd.	11,869,000	35,782,907
Hysan Development Co. Ltd.	10,261,000	15,992,617
Kerry Properties Ltd.	9,545,500	18,505,050
New World Development Co. Ltd.[(a)]	11,625,750	12,345,971
PCCW Ltd.	61,808,000	30,903,644

Security	Shares	Value
Hong Kong (continued)		
VTech Holdings Ltd.	2,693,500	$ 15,568,965
		273,480,635
Israel — 0.5%		
ICL Group Ltd.	4,497,756	21,112,332
Italy — 10.4%		
A2A SpA	11,021,293	21,735,670
Anima Holding SpA[(b)]	1,669,060	7,820,128
Azimut Holding SpA	413,202	10,888,886
Banca Popolare di Sondrio SpA	2,683,944	22,423,711
Banco BPM SpA.	7,627,833	50,081,604
BPER Banca SpA	5,870,156	30,484,879
Enel SpA	17,193,649	113,004,244
Eni SpA	5,697,053	91,504,285
Italgas SpA	4,083,813	22,637,186
Snam SpA	9,338,789	42,727,493
UnipolSai Assicurazioni SpA	3,186,933	9,125,166
		422,433,252
Netherlands — 4.0%		
ING Groep NV	6,195,305	97,949,418
NN Group NV	880,392	40,613,255
SBM Offshore NV	1,515,753	22,393,133
		160,955,806
New Zealand — 0.7%		
Spark New Zealand Ltd.	10,394,724	29,216,677
Norway — 1.0%		
DNB Bank ASA	2,245,798	39,142,336
South Korea — 3.5%		
BNK Financial Group Inc.	2,048,527	12,367,915
DB Insurance Co. Ltd.	196,890	13,810,818
DGB Financial Group Inc.	1,327,330	8,107,786
Hana Financial Group Inc.	706,896	29,814,615
Industrial Bank of Korea	1,712,177	17,213,420
Samsung Securities Co. Ltd.	339,940	9,299,361
Shinhan Financial Group Co. Ltd.	818,394	27,495,814
Woori Financial Group Inc.	2,340,161	23,981,341
		142,091,070
Spain — 8.8%		
ACS Actividades de Construccion y Servicios SA	805,242	32,250,306
Bankinter SA	3,409,128	26,946,293
CaixaBank SA	12,579,563	66,339,037
Cia. de Distribucion Integral Logista Holdings SA	737,357	20,055,678
Enagas SA	2,035,755	29,856,414
Mapfre SA	6,971,891	16,820,146
Naturgy Energy Group SA	1,210,141	30,608,539
Redeia Corp. SA	2,402,137	40,100,325
Telefonica SA	20,916,913	93,699,313
		356,676,051
Sweden — 1.0%		
Telia Co. AB	17,752,826	40,609,161
Switzerland — 2.4%		
Swiss Re AG	368,679	40,077,385
Zurich Insurance Group AG	120,315	58,238,033
		98,315,418
United Kingdom — 22.2%		
abrdn PLC	12,406,473	22,624,209
Ashmore Group PLC	4,571,040	11,046,512
British American Tobacco PLC	6,011,497	176,475,138
BT Group PLC[(a)]	33,466,259	42,796,765

Security	Shares	Value
United Kingdom (continued)		
IG Group Holdings PLC	1,864,254	$ 17,395,819
Imperial Brands PLC	3,734,893	85,342,861
Legal & General Group PLC	15,874,555	46,599,748
National Grid PLC	6,538,038	85,760,452
NatWest Group PLC, NVS	13,630,457	51,446,541
OSB Group PLC	2,850,291	14,595,497
Persimmon PLC	1,762,194	28,535,257
Phoenix Group Holdings PLC	5,625,863	34,265,471
Rio Tinto PLC	1,781,516	120,538,663
SSE PLC	2,789,189	57,977,183
Vodafone Group PLC	130,109,949	109,721,904
		905,122,020
Total Common Stocks — 95.0% **(Cost: $3,961,747,742)**		3,866,940,486

Preferred Stocks

Security	Shares	Value
Germany — 3.1%		
Bayerische Motoren Werke AG, Preference Shares, NVS	432,081	44,397,056
Schaeffler AG, Preference Shares, NVS	2,265,704	13,258,280
Volkswagen AG, Preference Shares, NVS	576,218	70,589,644
		128,244,980
South Korea — 0.8%		
Hyundai Motor Co., Series 2, Preference Shares, NVS	279,014	31,882,301
Total Preferred Stocks — 3.9% **(Cost: $154,512,771)**		160,127,281
Total Long-Term Investments — 98.9% **(Cost: $4,116,260,513)**		4,027,067,767

Short-Term Securities

Security	Shares	Value
Money Market Funds — 2.0%		
BlackRock Cash Funds: Institutional, SL Agency Shares, 5.49%[(c)(d)(e)]	77,134,029	$ 77,157,169
BlackRock Cash Funds: Treasury, SL Agency Shares, 5.28%[(c)(d)]	2,560,000	2,560,000
Total Short-Term Securities — 2.0% **(Cost: $79,712,034)**		79,717,169
Total Investments — 100.9% **(Cost: $4,195,972,547)**		4,106,784,936
Liabilities in Excess of Other Assets — (0.9)%		(35,827,750)
Net Assets — 100.0%		$ 4,070,957,186

(a) All or a portion of this security is on loan.
(b) Security exempt from registration pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. These securities may be resold in transactions exempt from registration to qualified institutional investors.
(c) Affiliate of the Fund.
(d) Annualized 7-day yield as of period end.
(e) All or a portion of this security was purchased with the cash collateral from loaned securities.

Affiliates

Investments in issuers considered to be affiliate(s) of the Fund during the year ended April 30, 2024 for purposes of Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, were as follows:

Affiliated Issuer	*Value at 04/30/23*	*Purchases at Cost*	*Proceeds from Sales*	*Net Realized Gain (Loss)*	*Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)*	*Value at 04/30/24*	*Shares Held at 04/30/24*	*Income*	*Capital Gain Distributions from Underlying Funds*
BlackRock Cash Funds: Institutional, SL Agency Shares	$68,492,998	$ 8,666,236[(a)]	$ —	$ 8,475	$ (10,540)	$77,157,169	77,134,029	$ 6,250,857[(b)]	$ —
BlackRock Cash Funds: Treasury, SL Agency Shares	4,300,000	—	(1,740,000)[(a)]	—	—	2,560,000	2,560,000	328,578	—
				$ 8,475	$ (10,540)	$79,717,169		$ 6,579,435	$ —

(a) Represents net amount purchased (sold).
(b) All or a portion represents securities lending income earned from the reinvestment of cash collateral from loaned securities, net of fees and collateral investment expenses, and other payments to and from borrowers of securities.

Derivative Financial Instruments Outstanding as of Period End

Futures Contracts

Description	*Number of Contracts*	*Expiration Date*	*Notional Amount (000)*	*Value/ Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)*
Long Contracts				
SPI 200 Index	49	06/20/24	$ 6,020	$ (137,298)
Euro STOXX 50 Index	175	06/21/24	9,098	(149,911)
FTSE 100 Index	239	06/21/24	24,275	580,549
				$ 293,340

OTC Total Return Swaps

Reference Entity	*Payment Frequency*	*Counterparty[(a)]*	*Termination Date*	*Net Notional*	*Accrued Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)*	*Net Value of Reference Entity*	*Gross Notional Amount Net Asset Percentage*
Equity Securities Long	Monthly	Goldman Sachs Bank USA[(b)]	08/19/26	$ 637,507	$ 938[(c)]	$ 640,030	0.0%
	Monthly	HSBC Bank PLC[(d)]	02/10/28	485,949	(45,108)[(e)]	491,952	0.0
	Monthly	JPMorgan Chase Bank NA[(f)]	02/10/25	425,396	10,296[(g)]	437,035	0.0
					$ (33,874)	$ 1,569,017	

(a) The Fund receives the total return on a portfolio of long positions underlying the total return swap. The Fund pays the total return on a portfolio of short positions underlying the total return swap. In addition, the Fund pays or receives a variable rate of interest, based on a specified benchmark. The benchmark and spread are determined based upon the country and/or currency of the individual underlying positions.

(c) Amount includes $(1,585) of net dividends and financing fees.

(e) Amount includes $(51,111) of net dividends, payable for referenced securities purchased and financing fees.

(g) Amount includes $(1,343) of net dividends, payable for referenced securities purchased and financing fees.

The following are the specified benchmarks (plus or minus a range) used in determining the variable rate of interest:

	(b)	(d)	(f)
Range:	45 basis points	45 basis points	40 basis points
Benchmarks:	EUR - 1D Euro Short Term Rate (ESTR)	EUR - 1D Euro Short Term Rate (ESTR)	EUR - 1D Euro Short Term Rate (ESTR)

The following table represents the individual long positions and related values of equity securities underlying the total return swap with Goldman Sachs Bank USA as of period end, termination date August 19, 2026.

	Shares	*Value*	*% of Basket Value*
Reference Entity — Long			
Common Stocks			
Spain			
Enagas SA	18,706	$273,163	42.7%
Red Electrica Corp. SA	22,073	366,867	57.3
Net Value of Reference Entity — Goldman Sachs Bank USA		$640,030	

The following table represents the individual long positions and related values of equity securities underlying the total return swap with HSBC Bank PLC as of period end, termination date February 10, 2028.

	Shares	*Value*	*% of Basket Value*
Reference Entity — Long			
Common Stocks			
Spain			
Telefonica SA	109,744	$491,952	100.0%
Net Value of Reference Entity — HSBC Bank PLC		$491,952	

The following table represents the individual long positions and related values of equity securities underlying the total return swap with JPMorgan Chase Bank NA as of period end, termination date February 10, 2025.

	Shares	*Value*	*% of Basket Value*
Reference Entity — Long			
Common Stocks			
Spain			
Enagas SA	6,727	$100,323	22.9%
Red Electrica Corp. SA	11,862	201,409	46.1
Telefonica SA	29,719	135,303	31.0
Net Value of Reference Entity — JPMorgan Chase Bank NA		$437,035	

Balances Reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities for Total Return Swaps

Description	*Swap Premiums Paid*	*Swap Premiums Received*	*Unrealized Appreciation*	*Unrealized Depreciation*
Total Return Swaps	$ —	$ —	$ 11,234	$ (45,108)

Derivative Financial Instruments Categorized by Risk Exposure

As of period end, the fair values of derivative financial instruments located in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities were as follows:

	Commodity Contracts	*Credit Contracts*	*Equity Contracts*	*Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts*	*Interest Rate Contracts*	*Other Contracts*	*Total*
Assets — Derivative Financial Instruments							
Futures contracts							
Unrealized appreciation on futures contracts[(a)]	$ —	$ —	$580,549	$ —	$ —	$ —	$580,549
Swaps — OTC							
Unrealized appreciation on OTC swaps; Swap premiums paid	$ —	$ —	$ 11,234	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ 11,234
	$ —	$ —	$591,783	$ —	$ —	$ —	$591,783
Liabilities — Derivative Financial Instruments							
Futures contracts							
Unrealized depreciation on futures contracts[(a)]	$ —	$ —	$287,209	$ —	$ —	$ —	$287,209
Swaps — OTC							
Unrealized depreciation on OTC swaps; Swap premiums received	$ —	$ —	$ 45,108	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ 45,108
	$ —	$ —	$332,317	$ —	$ —	$ —	$332,317

(a) Net cumulative unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on futures contracts are reported in the Schedule of Investments. In the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, only current day's variation margin is reported in receivables or payables and the net cumulative unrealized appreciation (depreciation) is included in accumulated earnings (loss).

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

For the period ended April 30, 2024, the effect of derivative financial instruments in the Statement of Operations was as follows:

	Commodity Contracts	*Credit Contracts*	*Equity Contracts*	*Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts*	*Interest Rate Contracts*	*Other Contracts*	*Total*
Net Realized Gain (Loss) from							
Futures contracts	$ —	$ —	$ 1,602,531	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ 1,602,531
Swaps	—	—	(2,034,468)	—	—	—	(2,034,468)
	$ —	$ —	$ (431,937)	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ (431,937)
Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) on							
Futures contracts	$ —	$ —	$ (1,277,797)	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ (1,277,797)
Swaps	—	—	(998,515)	—	—	—	(998,515)
	$ —	$ —	$ (2,276,312)	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ (2,276,312)

Average Quarterly Balances of Outstanding Derivative Financial Instruments

Futures contracts:	
Average notional value of contracts — long	$30,957,074
Total return swaps:	
Average notional value	$13,621,301

For more information about the Fund's investment risks regarding derivative financial instruments, refer to the Notes to Financial Statements.

Derivative Financial Instruments - Offsetting as of Period End

The Fund's derivative assets and liabilities (by type) were as follows:

	Assets	*Liabilities*
Derivative Financial Instruments:		
Futures contracts	$ 580,549	$ 287,209
Swaps - OTC	11,234	45,108
Total derivative assets and liabilities in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities	591,783	332,317
Derivatives not subject to a Master Netting Agreement or similar agreement ("MNA")	(580,549)	(287,209)
Total derivative assets and liabilities subject to an MNA	$ 11,234	$ 45,108

The following tables present the Fund's derivative assets and liabilities by counterparty net of amounts available for offset under an MNA and net of the related collateral received and pledged by the Fund:

Counterparty	*Derivative Assets Subject to an MNA by Counterparty*	*Derivatives Available for Offset*[(a)]	*Non-Cash Collateral Received*	*Cash Collateral Received*[(b)]	*Net Amount of Derivative Assets*[(c)]
Goldman Sachs Bank USA	$ 938	$ —	$ —	$ —	$ 938
JPMorgan Chase Bank NA	10,296	—	—	—	10,296
	$11,234	$ —	$ —	$ —	$11,234

Counterparty	*Derivative Liabilities Subject to an MNA by Counterparty*	*Derivatives Available for Offset*[(a)]	*Non-Cash Collateral Pledged*	*Cash Collateral Pledged*[(b)]	*Net Amount of Derivative Liabilities*[(d)]
HSBC Bank PLC	$45,108	$ —	$ —	$ —	$45,108

(a) The amount of derivatives available for offset is limited to the amount of derivative assets and/or liabilities that are subject to an MNA.
(b) Excess of collateral received/pledged, if any, from the individual counterparty is not shown for financial reporting purposes.
(c) Net amount represents the net amount receivable from the counterparty in the event of default.
(d) Net amount represents the net amount payable due to the counterparty in the event of default.

Fair Value Hierarchy as of Period End

Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of financial instruments. For a description of the input levels and information about the Fund's policy regarding valuation of financial instruments, refer to the Notes to Financial Statements.

The following table summarizes the Fund's financial instruments categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The breakdown of the Fund's financial instruments into major categories is disclosed in the Schedule of Investments above.

	Level 1	*Level 2*	*Level 3*	*Total*
Assets				
Investments				
Long-Term Investments				
Common Stocks	$ 362,439,349	$3,504,501,137	$ —	$3,866,940,486
Preferred Stocks	—	160,127,281	—	160,127,281
Short-Term Securities				
Money Market Funds	79,717,169	—	—	79,717,169
	$ 442,156,518	$3,664,628,418	$ —	$4,106,784,936
Derivative Financial Instruments[(a)]				
Assets				
Equity Contracts	$ —	$ 591,783	$ —	$ 591,783
Liabilities				
Equity Contracts	—	(332,317)	—	(332,317)
	$ —	$ 259,466	$ —	259,466

[(a)] Derivative financial instruments are swaps and futures contracts. Swaps and futures contracts are valued at the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on the instrument.

See notes to financial statements.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

April 30, 2024

	iShares International Select Dividend ETF
ASSETS	
Investments, at value — unaffiliated[(a)(b)]	$ 4,027,067,767
Investments, at value — affiliated[(c)]	79,717,169
Cash	633
Foreign currency collateral pledged for futures contracts[(d)]	1,970,898
Foreign currency, at value[(e)]	9,376,121
Receivables:	
Securities lending income — affiliated	372,669
Swaps	862,559
Dividends — unaffiliated	21,929,895
Dividends — affiliated	12,570
Tax reclaims	14,306,407
Unrealized appreciation on OTC swaps	11,234
Total assets	4,155,627,922
LIABILITIES	
Cash received:	
OTC derivatives	960,000
Futures contracts	6,478
Collateral on securities loaned, at value	77,136,973
Payables:	
Swaps	1,485
Investment advisory fees	1,660,882
IRS compliance fee for foreign withholding tax claims	4,578,145
Professional fees	14,353
Variation margin on futures contracts	267,312
Unrealized depreciation on OTC swaps	45,108
Total liabilities	84,670,736
Commitments and contingent liabilities	
NET ASSETS	$ 4,070,957,186
NET ASSETS CONSIST OF	
Paid-in capital	$ 5,509,496,759
Accumulated loss	(1,438,539,573)
NET ASSETS	$ 4,070,957,186
NET ASSET VALUE	
Shares outstanding	146,300,000
Net asset value	$ 27.83
Shares authorized	Unlimited
Par value	None

(a) Investments, at cost — unaffiliated ... $ 4,116,260,513
(b) Securities loaned, at value ... $ 71,912,643
(c) Investments, at cost — affiliated ... $ 79,712,034
(d) Foreign currency collateral pledged, at cost ... $ 2,083,002
(e) Foreign currency, at cost ... $ 9,329,247

See notes to financial statements.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Statement of Operations

Year Ended April 30, 2024

	iShares International Select Dividend ETF
INVESTMENT INCOME	
Dividends — unaffiliated	$ 318,017,376
Dividends — affiliated	328,578
Interest — unaffiliated	233,148
Securities lending income — affiliated — net	6,250,857
Other income — unaffiliated	102,546
Foreign taxes withheld	(31,111,042)
IRS compliance fee for foreign withholding tax claims	128,887
Total investment income	293,950,350
EXPENSES	
Investment advisory	21,760,376
Professional	31,220
Commitment costs	20,450
Interest expense	5,691
Total expenses	21,817,737
Net investment income	272,132,613
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)	
Net realized gain (loss) from:	
Investments — unaffiliated	(221,813,356)
Investments — affiliated	8,475
Foreign currency transactions	(3,442,680)
Futures contracts	1,602,531
In-kind redemptions — unaffiliated[(a)]	80,417,572
Swaps	(2,034,468)
	(145,261,926)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:	
Investments — unaffiliated	94,465,318
Investments — affiliated	(10,540)
Foreign currency translations	(177,206)
Futures contracts	(1,277,797)
Swaps	(998,515)
	92,001,260
Net realized and unrealized loss	(53,260,666)
NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	$ 218,871,947

(a) See Note 2 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

	iShares International Select Dividend ETF	
	Year Ended 04/30/24	Year Ended 04/30/23
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS		
OPERATIONS		
Net investment income	$ 272,132,613	$ 346,145,773
Net realized loss	(145,261,926)	(158,688,634)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	92,001,260	(219,514,963)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	218,871,947	(32,057,824)
DISTRIBUTIONS TO SHAREHOLDERS[a]		
Decrease in net assets resulting from distributions to shareholders	(310,046,633)	(304,367,747)
CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets derived from capital share transactions	(860,444,926)	749,314,980
NET ASSETS		
Total increase (decrease) in net assets	(951,619,612)	412,889,409
Beginning of year	5,022,576,798	4,609,687,389
End of year	$4,070,957,186	$5,022,576,798

[a] Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

See notes to financial statements.

Financial Highlights

(For a share outstanding throughout each period)

	iShares International Select Dividend ETF				
	Year Ended 04/30/24	Year Ended 04/30/23	Year Ended 04/30/22	Year Ended 04/30/21	Year Ended 04/30/20
Net asset value, beginning of year	$ 28.14	$ 30.17	$ 32.41	$ 24.14	$ 31.59
Net investment income[(a)]	1.66	2.06[(b)]	1.95[(b)]	1.35	1.83
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)[(c)]	(0.13)	(2.25)	(2.48)	8.19	(7.10)
Net increase (decrease) from investment operations	1.53	(0.19)	(0.53)	9.54	(5.27)
Distributions from net investment income[(d)]	(1.84)	(1.84)	(1.71)	(1.27)	(2.18)
Net asset value, end of year	$ 27.83	$ 28.14	$ 30.17	$ 32.41	$ 24.14
Total Return[(e)]					
Based on net asset value	6.00%	(0.06)%[(b)]	(1.76)%[(b)]	40.57%	(17.15)%
Ratios to Average Net Assets[(f)]					
Total expenses	0.49%	0.51%	0.54%	0.49%	0.49%
Total expenses after fees waived	0.49%	0.51%	0.54%	0.49%	0.49%
Total expenses excluding professional fees for foreign withholding tax claims	0.49%	0.49%	0.49%	N/A	N/A
Net investment income	6.17%	7.58%[(b)]	6.12%[(b)]	4.87%	6.06%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	$4,070,957	$5,022,577	$4,609,687	$4,329,942	$3,421,123
Portfolio turnover rate[(g)]	48%	29%	36%	86%	12%

(a) Based on average shares outstanding.

(b) Reflects the one-time, positive effect of foreign withholding tax claims, net of the associated professional fees, which resulted in the following increases for the years ended April 30, 2023 and April 30,2022 respectively:

- Net investment income per share by $0.04 and $0.13.
- Total return by 0.13% and 0.39%.
- Ratio of net investment income to average net assets by 0.15% and 0.41%.

(c) The amounts reported for a share outstanding may not accord with the change in aggregate gains and losses in securities for the fiscal period due to the timing of capital share transactions in relation to the fluctuating market values of the Fund's underlying securities.

(d) Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

(e) Where applicable, assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

(f) Excludes fees and expenses incurred indirectly as a result of investments in underlying funds.

(g) Portfolio turnover rate excludes in-kind transactions, if any.

See notes to financial statements.

1. ORGANIZATION

iShares Trust (the "Trust") is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), as an open-end management investment company. The Trust is organized as a Delaware statutory trust and is authorized to have multiple series or portfolios.

These financial statements relate only to the following fund (the "Fund"):

iShares ETF	*Diversification Classification*
International Select Dividend	Diversified

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), which may require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of increases and decreases in net assets from operations during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Fund is considered an investment company under U.S. GAAP and follows the accounting and reporting guidance applicable to investment companies. Below is a summary of significant accounting policies:

Investment Transactions and Income Recognition: For financial reporting purposes, investment transactions are recorded on the dates the transactions are executed. Realized gains and losses on investment transactions are determined using the specific identification method. Dividend income and capital gain distributions, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Non-cash dividends, if any, are recorded on the ex-dividend date at fair value. Dividends from foreign securities where the ex-dividend date may have passed are subsequently recorded when the Fund is informed of the ex-dividend date. Under the applicable foreign tax laws, a withholding tax at various rates may be imposed on capital gains, dividends and interest. Interest income, including amortization and accretion of premiums and discounts on debt securities, is recognized daily on an accrual basis.

Foreign Currency Translation: The Fund's books and records are maintained in U.S. dollars. Securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars using prevailing market rates as quoted by one or more data service providers. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Generally, when the U.S. dollar rises in value against a foreign currency, the investments denominated in that currency will lose value; the opposite effect occurs if the U.S. dollar falls in relative value.

The Fund does not isolate the effect of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates from the effect of fluctuations in the market prices of investments for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the effects of changes in exchange rates on investments are not segregated in the Statement of Operations from the effects of changes in market prices of those investments, but are included as a component of net realized and unrealized gain (loss) from investments. The Fund reports realized currency gains (losses) on foreign currency related transactions as components of net realized gain (loss) for financial reporting purposes, whereas such components are generally treated as ordinary income for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Foreign Taxes: The Fund may be subject to foreign taxes (a portion of which may be reclaimable) on income, stock dividends, capital gains on investments, or certain foreign currency transactions. All foreign taxes are recorded in accordance with the applicable foreign tax regulations and rates that exist in the foreign jurisdictions in which the Fund invests. These foreign taxes, if any, are paid by the Fund and are reflected in its Statement of Operations as follows: foreign taxes withheld at source are presented as a reduction of income, foreign taxes on securities lending income are presented as a reduction of securities lending income, foreign taxes on stock dividends are presented as "Other foreign taxes", and foreign taxes on capital gains from sales of investments and foreign taxes on foreign currency transactions are included in their respective net realized gain (loss) categories. Foreign taxes payable or deferred as of April 30, 2024, if any, are disclosed in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

The Fund files withholding tax reclaims in certain jurisdictions to recover a portion of amounts previously withheld. The Fund may record a reclaim receivable based on collectability, which includes factors such as the jurisdiction's applicable laws, payment history and market convention. The Statement of Operations includes tax reclaims recorded as well as professional and other fees, if any, associated with recovery of foreign withholding taxes.

Bank Overdraft: The Fund had outstanding cash disbursements exceeding deposited cash amounts at the custodian during the reporting period. The Fund is obligated to repay the custodian for any overdraft, including any related costs or expenses, where applicable. For financial reporting purposes, overdraft fees, if any, are included in interest expense in the Statement of Operations.

Collateralization: If required by an exchange or counterparty agreement, the Fund may be required to deliver/deposit cash and/or securities to/with an exchange, or broker-dealer or custodian as collateral for certain investments.

In-kind Redemptions: For financial reporting purposes, in-kind redemptions are treated as sales of securities resulting in realized capital gains or losses to the Fund. Because such gains or losses are not taxable to the Fund and are not distributed to existing Fund shareholders, the gains or losses are reclassified from accumulated net realized gain (loss) to paid-in capital at the end of the Fund's tax year. These reclassifications have no effect on net assets or net asset value ("NAV") per share.

Distributions: Dividends and distributions paid by the Fund are recorded on the ex-dividend dates. Distributions are determined on a tax basis and may differ from net investment income and net realized capital gains for financial reporting purposes. Dividends and distributions are paid in U.S. dollars and cannot be automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Fund.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Indemnifications: In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations that provide general indemnification. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown because it involves future potential claims against the Fund, which cannot be predicted with any certainty.

3. INVESTMENT VALUATION AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Investment Valuation Policies: The Fund's investments are valued at fair value (also referred to as "market value" within the financial statements) each day that the Fund's listing exchange is open and, for financial reporting purposes, as of the report date. U.S. GAAP defines fair value as the price a fund would receive to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Board of Trustees of the Trust (the "Board") of the Fund has approved the designation of BlackRock Fund Advisors ("BFA"), the Fund's investment adviser, as the valuation designee for the Fund. The Fund determines the fair values of its financial instruments using various independent dealers or pricing services under BFA's policies. If a security's market price is not readily available or does not otherwise accurately represent the fair value of the security, the security will be valued in accordance with BFA's policies and procedures as reflecting fair value. BFA has formed a committee (the "Valuation Committee") to develop pricing policies and procedures and to oversee the pricing function for all financial instruments, with assistance from other BlackRock pricing committees.

Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies: The following methods and inputs are used to establish the fair value of the Fund's assets and liabilities:

- Equity investments traded on a recognized securities exchange are valued at that day's official closing price, as applicable, on the exchange where the stock is primarily traded. Equity investments traded on a recognized exchange for which there were no sales on that day are valued at the last traded price.
- Investments in open-end U.S. mutual funds (including money market funds) are valued at that day's published NAV.
- Futures contracts are valued based on that day's last reported settlement or trade price on the exchange where the contract is traded.
- Swap agreements are valued utilizing quotes received daily by independent pricing services or through brokers, which are derived using daily swap curves and models that incorporate a number of market data factors, such as discounted cash flows, trades and values of the underlying reference instruments.

Generally, trading in foreign instruments is substantially completed each day at various times prior to the close of trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"). Each business day, the Fund uses current market factors supplied by independent pricing services to value certain foreign instruments ("Systematic Fair Value Price"). The Systematic Fair Value Price is designed to value such foreign securities at fair value as of the close of trading on the NYSE, which follows the close of the local markets.

If events (e.g., market volatility, company announcement or a natural disaster) occur that are expected to materially affect the value of such investment, or in the event that application of these methods of valuation results in a price for an investment that is deemed not to be representative of the market value of such investment, or if a price is not available, the investment will be valued by the Valuation Committee, in accordance with BFA's policies and procedures as reflecting fair value ("Fair Valued Investments"). The fair valuation approaches that may be used by the Valuation Committee include market approach, income approach and cost approach. Valuation techniques such as discounted cash flow, use of market comparables and matrix pricing are types of valuation approaches and are typically used in determining fair value. When determining the price for Fair Valued Investments, the Valuation Committee seeks to determine the price that the Fund might reasonably expect to receive or pay from the current sale or purchase of that asset or liability in an arm's-length transaction. Fair value determinations shall be based upon all available factors that the Valuation Committee deems relevant and consistent with the principles of fair value measurement.

Fair value pricing could result in a difference between the prices used to calculate a fund's NAV and the prices used by the fund's underlying index, which in turn could result in a difference between the fund's performance and the performance of the fund's underlying index.

Fair Value Hierarchy: Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of financial instruments. These inputs to valuation techniques are categorized into a fair value hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial reporting purposes as follows:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that the Fund has the ability to access;
- Level 2 – Other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs); and
- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available, (including the Valuation Committee's assumptions used in determining the fair value of financial instruments).

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Investments classified within Level 3 have significant unobservable inputs used by the Valuation Committee in determining the price for Fair Valued Investments. Level 3 investments include equity or debt issued by privately held companies or funds that may not have a secondary market and/or may have a limited number of investors. The categorization of a value determined for financial instruments is based on the pricing transparency of the financial instruments and is not necessarily an indication of the risks associated with investing in those securities.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

4. SECURITIES AND OTHER INVESTMENTS

Securities Lending: The Fund may lend its securities to approved borrowers, such as brokers, dealers and other financial institutions. The borrower pledges and maintains with the Fund collateral consisting of cash, an irrevocable letter of credit issued by an approved bank, or securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government. The initial collateral received by the Fund is required to have a value of at least 102% of the current market value of the loaned securities for securities traded on U.S. exchanges and a value of at least 105% for all other securities. The collateral is maintained thereafter at a value equal to at least 100% of the current value of the securities on loan. The market value of the loaned securities is determined at the close of each business day of the Fund and any additional required collateral is delivered to the Fund or excess collateral is returned by the Fund, on the next business day. During the term of the loan, the Fund is entitled to all distributions made on or in respect of the loaned securities but does not receive interest income on securities received as collateral. Loans of securities are terminable at any time and the borrower, after notice, is required to return borrowed securities within the standard time period for settlement of securities transactions.

As of period end, any securities on loan were collateralized by cash and/or U.S. Government obligations. Cash collateral invested in money market funds managed by BFA, or its affiliates is disclosed in the Schedule of Investments. Any non-cash collateral received cannot be sold, re-invested or pledged by the Fund, except in the event of borrower default. The securities on loan, if any, are also disclosed in the Fund's Schedule of Investments. The market value of any securities on loan and the value of any related cash collateral are disclosed in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Securities lending transactions are entered into by the Fund under Master Securities Lending Agreements (each, an "MSLA") which provide the right, in the event of default (including bankruptcy or insolvency) for the non-defaulting party to liquidate the collateral and calculate a net exposure to the defaulting party or request additional collateral. In the event that a borrower defaults, the Fund, as lender, would offset the market value of the collateral received against the market value of the securities loaned. When the value of the collateral is greater than that of the market value of the securities loaned, the lender is left with a net amount payable to the defaulting party. However, bankruptcy or insolvency laws of a particular jurisdiction may impose restrictions on or prohibitions against such a right of offset in the event of an MSLA counterparty's bankruptcy or insolvency. Under the MSLA, absent an event of default, the borrower can resell or re-pledge the loaned securities, and the Fund can reinvest cash collateral received in connection with loaned securities. Upon an event of default, the parties' obligations to return the securities or collateral to the other party are extinguished, and the parties can resell or re-pledge the loaned securities or the collateral received in connection with the loaned securities in order to satisfy the defaulting party's net payment obligation for all transactions under the MSLA. The defaulting party remains liable for any deficiency.

As of period end, the following table is a summary of the securities on loan by counterparty which are subject to offset under an MSLA:

iShares ETF and Counterparty	*Securities Loaned at Value*	*Cash Collateral Received[(a)]*	*Non-Cash Collateral Received, at Fair Value[(a)]*	*Net Amount*
International Select Dividend				
Barclays Capital, Inc.	$ 1,756,656	$ (1,756,656)	$ —	$ —
BNP Paribas SA	1,576,863	(1,576,863)	—	—
BofA Securities, Inc.	2,558,136	(2,558,136)	—	—
Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC	5,518,334	(5,518,334)	—	—
HSBC Bank PLC	42,851,499	(42,851,499)	—	—
J.P. Morgan Securities LLC	6,045,136	(6,045,136)	—	—
Macquarie Bank Ltd.	18,421	(16,325)	—	2,096[(b)]
Morgan Stanley	10,819,798	(10,819,798)	—	—
Scotia Capital (USA), Inc.	296,030	(296,030)	—	—
UBS AG	471,770	(471,770)	—	—
	$ 71,912,643	$ (71,910,547)	$ —	$ 2,096

(a) Collateral received, if any, in excess of the market value of securities on loan is not presented in this table. The total cash collateral received by the Fund is disclosed in the Fund's Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

(b) The market value of the loaned securities is determined as of April 30, 2024. Additional collateral is delivered to the Fund on the next business day in accordance with the MSLA. The net amount would be subject to the borrower default indemnity in the event of default by a counterparty.

The risks of securities lending include the risk that the borrower may not provide additional collateral when required or may not return the securities when due. To mitigate these risks, the Fund benefits from a borrower default indemnity provided by BlackRock, Inc. ("BlackRock"). BlackRock's indemnity allows for full replacement of the securities loaned to the extent the collateral received does not cover the value of the securities loaned in the event of borrower default. The Fund could incur a loss if the value of an investment purchased with cash collateral falls below the market value of the loaned securities or if the value of an investment purchased with cash collateral falls below the value of the original cash collateral received. Such losses are borne entirely by the Fund.

5. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Futures Contracts: Futures contracts are purchased or sold to gain exposure to, or manage exposure to, changes in interest rates (interest rate risk) and changes in the value of equity securities (equity risk) or foreign currencies (foreign currency exchange rate risk).

Futures contracts are exchange-traded agreements between the Fund and a counterparty to buy or sell a specific quantity of an underlying instrument at a specified price and on a specified date. Depending on the terms of a contract, it is settled either through physical delivery of the underlying instrument on the settlement date or by payment of a cash amount on the settlement date. Upon entering into a futures contract, the Fund is required to deposit initial margin with the broker in the form of cash or securities in an amount that varies depending on a contract's size and risk profile. The initial margin deposit must then be maintained at an established level over the life of the contract. Amounts pledged, which are considered restricted, are included in cash pledged for futures contracts in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

Securities deposited as initial margin are designated in the Schedule of Investments and cash deposited, if any, are shown as cash pledged for futures contracts in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Pursuant to the contract, the Fund agrees to receive from or pay to the broker an amount of cash equal to the daily fluctuation in market value of the contract ("variation margin"). Variation margin is recorded as unrealized appreciation (depreciation) and, if any, shown as variation margin receivable (or payable) on futures contracts in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. When the contract is closed, a realized gain or loss is recorded in the Statement of Operations equal to the difference between the notional amount of the contract at the time it was opened and the notional amount at the time it was closed. The use of futures contracts involves the risk of an imperfect correlation in the movements in the price of futures contracts and interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates or underlying assets.

Swaps: Swap contracts are entered into to manage exposure to issuers, markets and securities. Such contracts are agreements between the Fund and a counterparty to make periodic net payments on a specified notional amount or a net payment upon termination. Swap agreements are privately negotiated in the OTC market and may be entered into as a bilateral contract ("OTC swaps") or centrally cleared ("centrally cleared swaps").

For OTC swaps, any upfront premiums paid and any upfront fees received are shown as swap premiums paid and swap premiums received, respectively, in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities and amortized over the term of the contract. The daily fluctuation in market value is recorded as unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on OTC Swaps in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Payments received or paid are recorded in the Statement of Operations as realized gains or losses, respectively. When an OTC swap is terminated, a realized gain or loss is recorded in the Statement of Operations equal to the difference between the proceeds from (or cost of) the closing transaction and the Fund's basis in the contract, if any. Generally, the basis of the contract is the premium received or paid.

Total return swaps are entered into by the Fund to obtain exposure to a security or market without owning such security or investing directly in such market or to exchange the risk/return of one security or market (e.g., fixed-income) with another security or market (e.g., equity or commodity prices) (equity risk, commodity price risk and/or interest rate risk).

Total return swaps are agreements in which there is an exchange of cash flows whereby one party commits to make payments based on the total return (distributions plus capital gains/losses) of an underlying instrument, or basket or underlying instruments, in exchange for fixed or floating rate interest payments. If the total return of the instruments or index underlying the transaction exceeds or falls short of the offsetting fixed or floating interest rate obligation, the Fund receives payment from or makes a payment to the counterparty.

Certain total return swaps are designed to function as a portfolio of direct investments in long and short equity positions. This means that the Fund has the ability to trade in and out of these long and short positions within the swap and will receive the economic benefits and risks equivalent to direct investment in these positions, subject to certain adjustments due to events related to the counterparty. Benefits and risks include capital appreciation (depreciation), corporate actions and dividends received and paid, all of which are reflected in the swap's market value. The market value also includes interest charges and credits ("financing fees") related to the notional values of the long and short positions and cash balances within the swap. These interest charges and credits are based on a specified benchmark rate plus or minus a specified spread determined based upon the country and/or currency of the positions in the portfolio.

Positions within the swap and financing fees are reset periodically. During a reset, any unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on positions and accrued financing fees become available for cash settlement between the Fund and the counterparty. The amounts that are available for cash settlement are recorded as realized gains or losses in the Statement of Operations. Cash settlement in and out of the swap may occur at a reset date or any other date, at the discretion of the Fund and the counterparty, over the life of the agreement. Certain swaps have no stated expiration and can be terminated by either party at any time.

Swap transactions involve, to varying degrees, elements of interest rate, credit and market risks in excess of the amounts recognized in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. Such risks involve the possibility that there will be no liquid market for these agreements, that the counterparty to the agreements may default on its obligation to perform or disagree as to the meaning of the contractual terms in the agreements, and that there may be unfavorable changes in interest rates and/or market values associated with these transactions.

Master Netting Arrangements: In order to define its contractual rights and to secure rights that will help mitigate its counterparty risk, a Fund may enter into an International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreement ("ISDA Master Agreement") or similar agreement with its derivative contract counterparties. An ISDA Master Agreement is a bilateral agreement between a Fund and a counterparty that governs certain OTC derivatives and typically contains, among other things, collateral posting terms and netting provisions in the event of a default and/or termination event. Under an ISDA Master Agreement, a Fund may, under certain circumstances, offset with the counterparty certain derivative financial instruments' payables and/or receivables with collateral held and/or posted and create one single net payment. The provisions of the ISDA Master Agreement typically permit a single net payment in the event of default including the bankruptcy or insolvency of the counterparty. However, bankruptcy or insolvency laws of a particular jurisdiction may impose restrictions on or prohibitions against the right of offset in bankruptcy, insolvency, or other events.

For derivatives traded under an ISDA Master Agreement, the collateral requirements are typically calculated by netting the mark-to-market amount for each transaction under such agreement, and comparing that amount to the value of any collateral currently pledged by a fund and the counterparty.

Cash collateral that has been pledged to cover obligations of the Fund and cash collateral received from the counterparty, if any, is reported separately in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities as cash pledged as collateral and cash received as collateral, respectively. Non-cash collateral pledged by the Fund, if any, is noted in the Schedule of Investments. Generally, the amount of collateral due from or to a counterparty is subject to a certain minimum transfer amount threshold before a transfer is required, which is determined at the close of business of the Fund. Any additional required collateral is delivered to/pledged by the Fund on the next business day. Typically, the counterparty is not permitted to sell, re-pledge or use cash and non-cash collateral it receives. A fund generally agrees not to use non-cash collateral that it receives but may, absent default or certain other circumstances defined in the underlying ISDA Master Agreement, be permitted to use cash collateral received. In such cases, interest may be paid pursuant to the collateral arrangement with the counterparty. To the extent amounts due to the Fund from the counterparty are not fully collateralized, the Fund bears the risk of loss from counterparty non-performance. Likewise, to the extent the Fund has delivered collateral to a counterparty and stands ready to perform under the terms of its agreement with such counterparty, the Fund bears the risk of loss from a counterparty in the amount of the value of the collateral in the event the counterparty fails to return such collateral. Based on the terms of agreements, collateral may not be required for all derivative contracts.

For financial reporting purposes, the Fund does not offset derivative assets and derivative liabilities that are subject to netting arrangements, if any, in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

6. INVESTMENT ADVISORY AGREEMENT AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

Investment Advisory Fees: Pursuant to an Investment Advisory Agreement with the Trust, BFA manages the investment of the Fund's assets. BFA is a California corporation indirectly owned by BlackRock. Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, BFA is responsible for substantially all expenses of the Fund, except (i) interest and taxes; (ii) brokerage commissions and other expenses connected with the execution of portfolio transactions; (iii) distribution fees; (iv) the advisory fee payable to BFA; and (v) litigation expenses and any extraordinary expenses (in each case as determined by a majority of the independent trustees).

For its investment advisory services to the Fund, BFA is entitled to an annual investment advisory fee, accrued daily and paid monthly by the Fund, based on the Fund's allocable portion of the aggregate of the average daily net assets of the Fund and certain other iShares funds, as follows:

Aggregate Average Daily Net Assets	*Investment Advisory Fees*
First $12 billion	0.5000%
Over $12 billion, up to and including $18 billion	0.4750
Over $18 billion, up to and including $24 billion	0.4513
Over $24 billion, up to and including $30 billion	0.4287
Over $30 billion	0.4073

Expense Waivers: BFA may from time to time voluntarily waive and/or reimburse fees or expenses in order to limit total annual fund operating expenses (excluding acquired fund fees and expenses, if any). BFA has elected to implement a voluntary fee waiver for the Fund in an amount equal to the acquired fund fees and expenses, if any, attributable to the Fund's investments in other iShares funds.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, there were no fees waived by BFA pursuant to this arrangement.

Distributor: BlackRock Investments, LLC, an affiliate of BFA, is the distributor for the Fund. Pursuant to the distribution agreement, BFA is responsible for any fees or expenses for distribution services provided to the Fund.

Securities Lending: The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") has issued an exemptive order which permits BlackRock Institutional Trust Company, N.A. ("BTC"), an affiliate of BFA, to serve as securities lending agent for the Fund, subject to applicable conditions. As securities lending agent, BTC bears all operational costs directly related to securities lending, including any custodial costs. The Fund is responsible for fees in connection with the investment of cash collateral received for securities on loan (the "collateral investment fees"). The cash collateral is invested in a money market fund, BlackRock Cash Funds: Institutional or BlackRock Cash Funds: Treasury, managed by BFA, or its affiliates. However, BTC has agreed to reduce the amount of securities lending income it receives in order to effectively limit the collateral investment fees the Fund bears to an annual rate of 0.04%. The SL Agency Shares of such money market fund will not be subject to a sales load, redemption fee, distribution fee or service fee. The money market fund in which the cash collateral has been invested may, under certain circumstances, impose a liquidity fee of up to 2% of the value redeemed or temporarily restrict redemptions for up to 10 business days during a 90 day period, in the event that the money market fund's weekly liquid assets fall below certain thresholds.

Securities lending income is generally equal to the total of income earned from the reinvestment of cash collateral (and excludes collateral investment fees), and any fees or other payments to and from borrowers of securities. The Fund retains a portion of the securities lending income and remits the remaining portion to BTC as compensation for its services as securities lending agent.

Pursuant to the current securities lending agreement, the Fund retains 82% of securities lending income (which excludes collateral investment fees), and the amount retained can never be less than 70% of the total of securities lending income plus the collateral investment fees.

In addition, commencing the business day following the date that the aggregate securities lending income plus the collateral investment fees generated across all 1940 Act iShares exchange-traded funds (the "iShares ETF Complex") in that calendar year exceeds a specified threshold, the Fund, pursuant to the securities lending agreement, will retain for the remainder of that calendar year 85% of securities lending income (which excludes collateral investment fees), and the amount retained can never be less than 70% of the total of securities lending income plus the collateral investment fees.

The share of securities lending income earned by the Fund is shown as securities lending income – affiliated – net in its Statement of Operations. For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Fund paid BTC $1,334,562 for securities lending agent services.

Officers and Trustees: Certain officers and/or trustees of the Trust are officers and/or trustees of BlackRock or its affiliates.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Other Transactions: Cross trading is the buying or selling of portfolio securities between funds to which BFA (or an affiliate) serves as investment adviser. At its regularly scheduled quarterly meetings, the Board reviews such transactions as of the most recent calendar quarter for compliance with the requirements and restrictions set forth by Rule 17a-7.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, transactions executed by the Fund pursuant to Rule 17a-7 under the 1940 Act were as follows:

iShares ETF	*Purchases*	*Sales*	*Net Realized Gain (Loss)*
International Select Dividend	$34,703,908	$19,058,408	$(3,900,235)

The Fund may invest its positive cash balances in certain money market funds managed by BFA or an affiliate. The income earned on these temporary cash investments is shown as dividends – affiliated in the Statement of Operations.

A fund, in order to improve its portfolio liquidity and its ability to track its underlying index, may invest in shares of other iShares funds that invest in securities in the fund's underlying index.

7. PURCHASES AND SALES

For the year ended April 30, 2024, purchases and sales of investments, excluding short-term securities and in-kind transactions, were as follows:

iShares ETF	*Purchases*	*Sales*
International Select Dividend	$2,097,144,779	$2,209,900,659

For the year ended April 30, 2024, in-kind transactions were as follows:

iShares ETF	*In-kind Purchases*	*In-kind Sales*
International Select Dividend	$9,850,720	$759,520,436

8. INCOME TAX INFORMATION

The Fund is treated as an entity separate from the Trust's other funds for federal income tax purposes. It is the Fund's policy to comply with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, applicable to regulated investment companies, and to distribute substantially all of its taxable income to its shareholders. Therefore, no U.S. federal income tax provision is required.

Management has analyzed tax laws and regulations and their application to the Fund as of April 30, 2024, inclusive of the open tax return years, and does not believe that there are any uncertain tax positions that require recognition of a tax liability in the Fund's financial statements.

U.S. GAAP requires that certain components of net assets be adjusted to reflect permanent differences between financial and tax reporting. These reclassifications have no effect on net assets or NAV per share. As of April 30, 2024, permanent differences attributable to realized gains (losses) from in-kind redemptions were reclassified to the following accounts:

iShares ETF	*Paid-in Capital*	*Accumulated Earnings (Loss)*
International Select Dividend	$ 27,325,717	$ (27,325,717)

The tax character of distributions paid was as follows:

iShares ETF	*Year Ended 04/30/24*	*Year Ended 04/30/23*
International Select Dividend		
Ordinary income	$310,046,633	$304,367,747

As of April 30, 2024, the tax components of accumulated net earnings (losses) were as follows:

iShares ETF	*Undistributed Ordinary Income*	*Non-expiring Capital Loss Carryforwards*[(a)]	*Net Unrealized Gains (Losses)*[(b)]	*Total*
International Select Dividend	$ 45,574,716	$(1,338,068,550)	$(146,045,739)	$(1,438,539,573)

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

[(a)] Amounts available to offset future realized capital gains.

[(b)] The difference between book-basis and tax-basis net unrealized gains (losses) was attributable primarily to the tax deferral of losses on wash sales, the realization for tax purposes of unrealized gains (losses) on certain futures contracts, the accounting for swap agreements and the realization for tax purposes of unrealized gains on investments in passive foreign investment companies.

A fund may own shares in certain foreign investment entities, referred to, under U.S. tax law, as "passive foreign investment companies." Such fund may elect to mark-to-market annually the shares of each passive foreign investment company and would be required to distribute to shareholders any such marked-to-market gains.

As of April 30, 2024, gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation based on cost of investments (including short positions and derivatives, if any) for U.S. federal income tax purposes were as follows:

iShares ETF	*Tax Cost*	*Gross Unrealized Appreciation*	*Gross Unrealized Depreciation*	*Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)*
International Select Dividend	$4,252,147,006	$ 301,209,010	$ (446,708,378)	$(145,499,368)

9. LINE OF CREDIT

The Fund, along with certain other iShares funds ("Participating Funds"), is a party to a $800 million credit agreement ("Syndicated Credit Agreement") with a group of lenders, which expires on October 16, 2024. The line of credit may be used for temporary or emergency purposes, including redemptions, settlement of trades and rebalancing of portfolio holdings in certain target markets. The Funds may borrow up to the aggregate commitment amount subject to asset coverage and other limitations as specified in the Syndicated Credit Agreement. The Syndicated Credit Agreement has the following terms: a commitment fee of 0.15% per annum on the unused portion of the credit agreement and interest at a rate equal to the higher of (a) Daily Simple Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus 0.10% and 1.00% per annum or (b) the U.S. Federal Funds rate plus 1.00% per annum on amounts borrowed. The commitment fee is generally allocated to each Participating Fund based on the lesser of a Participating Fund's relative exposure to certain target markets or a Participating Fund's maximum borrowing amount as set forth by the terms of the Syndicated Credit Agreement.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Fund did not borrow under the Syndicated Credit Agreement.

10. PRINCIPAL RISKS

In the normal course of business, the Fund invests in securities or other instruments and may enter into certain transactions, and such activities subject the Fund to various risks, including, among others, fluctuations in the market (market risk) or failure of an issuer to meet all of its obligations. The value of securities or other instruments may also be affected by various factors, including, without limitation: (i) the general economy; (ii) the overall market as well as local, regional or global political and/or social instability; (iii) regulation, taxation or international tax treaties between various countries; or (iv) currency, interest rate or price fluctuations. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. The Fund's prospectus provides details of the risks to which the Fund is subject.

BFA uses an indexing approach to try to achieve the Fund's investment objective. The Fund is not actively managed, and BFA generally does not attempt to take defensive positions under any market conditions, including declining markets.

The Fund may be exposed to additional risks when reinvesting cash collateral in money market funds that do not seek to maintain a stable NAV per share of $1.00, which may be subject to discretionary liquidity fees under certain circumstances.

Valuation Risk: The market values of equities, such as common stocks and preferred securities or equity related investments, such as futures and options, may decline due to general market conditions which are not specifically related to a particular company. They may also decline due to factors which affect a particular industry or industries. A fund may invest in illiquid investments. An illiquid investment is any investment that a fund reasonably expects cannot be sold or disposed of in current market conditions in seven calendar days or less without the sale or disposition significantly changing the market value of the investment. A fund may experience difficulty in selling illiquid investments in a timely manner at the price that it believes the investments are worth. Prices may fluctuate widely over short or extended periods in response to company, market or economic news. Markets also tend to move in cycles, with periods of rising and falling prices. This volatility may cause a fund's NAV to experience significant increases or decreases over short periods of time. If there is a general decline in the securities and other markets, the NAV of a fund may lose value, regardless of the individual results of the securities and other instruments in which a fund invests.

Counterparty Credit Risk: The Fund may be exposed to counterparty credit risk, or the risk that an entity may fail to or be unable to perform on its commitments related to unsettled or open transactions, including making timely interest and/or principal payments or otherwise honoring its obligations. The Fund manages counterparty credit risk by entering into transactions only with counterparties that BFA believes have the financial resources to honor their obligations and by monitoring the financial stability of those counterparties. Financial assets, which potentially expose the Fund to market, issuer and counterparty credit risks, consist principally of financial instruments and receivables due from counterparties. The extent of the Fund's exposure to market, issuer and counterparty credit risks with respect to these financial assets is approximately their value recorded in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities, less any collateral held by the Fund.

A derivative contract may suffer a mark-to-market loss if the value of the contract decreases due to an unfavorable change in the market rates or values of the underlying instrument. Losses can also occur if the counterparty does not perform under the contract.

With exchange-traded futures, there is less counterparty credit risk to the Fund since the exchange or clearinghouse, as counterparty to such instruments, guarantees against a possible default. The clearinghouse stands between the buyer and the seller of the contract; therefore, credit risk is limited to failure of the clearinghouse. While offset rights may exist under applicable law, a fund does not have a contractual right of offset against a clearing broker or clearinghouse in the event of a default (including the bankruptcy or insolvency). Additionally, credit risk exists in exchange-traded futures with respect to initial and variation margin that is held in a clearing broker's customer accounts. While clearing brokers are required to segregate customer margin from their own assets, in the event that a clearing broker becomes insolvent or goes into bankruptcy and at that time there is a shortfall in the aggregate amount of margin held by the clearing broker for all its clients, typically the shortfall would be allocated on a pro rata basis across all the clearing broker's customers, potentially resulting in losses to the Fund.

Geographic/Asset Class Risk: A diversified portfolio, where this is appropriate and consistent with a fund's objectives, minimizes the risk that a price change of a particular investment will have a material impact on the NAV of a fund. The investment concentrations within the Fund's portfolio are disclosed in its Schedule of Investments.

The Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in securities of issuers located in Europe or with significant exposure to European issuers or countries. The European financial markets have recently experienced volatility and adverse trends due to concerns about economic downturns in, or rising government debt levels of, several European countries as well as acts of war in the region. These events may spread to other countries in Europe and may affect the value and liquidity of certain of the Fund's investments.

Responses to the financial problems by European governments, central banks and others, including austerity measures and reforms, may not work, may result in social unrest and may limit future growth and economic recovery or have other unintended consequences. Further defaults or restructurings by governments and others of their debt could have additional adverse effects on economies, financial markets and asset valuations around the world. The United Kingdom has withdrawn from the European Union, and one or more other countries may withdraw from the European Union and/or abandon the Euro, the common currency of the European Union. These events and actions have adversely affected, and may in the future adversely affect, the value and exchange rate of the Euro and may continue to significantly affect the economies of every country in Europe, including countries that do not use the Euro and non-European Union member states. The impact of these actions, especially if they occur in a disorderly fashion, is not clear but could be significant and far reaching. In addition, Russia launched a large-scale invasion of Ukraine on February 24, 2022. The extent and duration of the military action, resulting sanctions and resulting future market disruptions in the region are impossible to predict, but have been, and may continue to be, significant and have a severe adverse effect on the region, including significant negative impacts on the economy and the markets for certain securities and commodities, such as oil and natural gas, as well as other sectors.

The Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in securities within a single or limited number of market sectors. When a fund concentrates its investments in this manner, it assumes the risk that economic, regulatory, political and social conditions affecting such sectors may have a significant impact on the fund and could affect the income from, or the value or liquidity of, the fund's portfolio. Investment percentages in specific sectors are presented in the Schedule of Investments.

Significant Shareholder Redemption Risk: Certain shareholders may own or manage a substantial amount of fund shares and/or hold their fund investments for a limited period of time. Large redemptions of fund shares by these shareholders may force a fund to sell portfolio securities, which may negatively impact the fund's NAV, increase the fund's brokerage costs, and/or accelerate the realization of taxable income/gains and cause the fund to make additional taxable distributions to shareholders.

11. CAPITAL SHARE TRANSACTIONS

Capital shares are issued and redeemed by the Fund only in aggregations of a specified number of shares or multiples thereof ("Creation Units") at NAV. Except when aggregated in Creation Units, shares of the Fund are not redeemable.

Transactions in capital shares were as follows:

	Year Ended 04/30/24		Year Ended 04/30/23	
iShares ETF	*Shares*	*Amount*	*Shares*	*Amount*
International Select Dividend				
Shares sold	800,000	$ 21,685,544	29,750,000	$ 855,301,402
Shares redeemed	(33,000,000)	(882,130,470)	(4,050,000)	(105,986,422)
	(32,200,000)	$ (860,444,926)	25,700,000	$ 749,314,980

The consideration for the purchase of Creation Units of a fund in the Trust generally consists of the in-kind deposit of a designated portfolio of securities and a specified amount of cash. Certain funds in the Trust may be offered in Creation Units solely or partially for cash in U.S. dollars. Authorized Participants purchasing and redeeming Creation Units may pay a purchase transaction fee and a redemption transaction fee directly to State Street Bank and Trust Company, the Trust's administrator, to offset transfer and other transaction costs associated with the issuance and redemption of Creation Units, including Creation Units for cash. Authorized Participants transacting in Creation Units for cash may also pay an additional variable charge to compensate the relevant fund for certain transaction costs (i.e., stamp taxes, taxes on currency or other financial transactions, and brokerage costs) and market impact expenses relating to investing in portfolio securities. Such variable charges, if any, are included in shares sold in the table above.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

From time to time, settlement of securities related to in-kind contributions or in-kind redemptions may be delayed. In such cases, securities related to in-kind transactions are reflected as a receivable or a payable in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

12. FOREIGN WITHHOLDING TAX CLAIMS

The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has issued guidance to address U.S. income tax liabilities attributable to fund shareholders resulting from the recovery of foreign taxes withheld in prior calendar years. These withheld foreign taxes were passed through to shareholders in the form of foreign tax credits in the year the taxes were withheld. Assuming there are sufficient foreign taxes paid which the iShares International Select Dividend ETF is able to pass through to shareholders as a foreign tax credit in the current year, the Fund will be able to offset the prior years' withholding taxes recovered against the foreign taxes paid in the current year. Accordingly, no federal income tax liability is recorded by the Fund.

The iShares International Select Dividend ETF is seeking a closing agreement with the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") to address any prior years' U.S. income tax liabilities attributable to Fund shareholders resulting from the recovery of foreign taxes. The closing agreement would result in the Fund paying a compliance fee to the IRS, on behalf of its shareholders, representing the estimated tax savings generated from foreign tax credits claimed by Fund shareholders on their tax returns in prior years. The Fund,has accrued a liability for the estimated IRS compliance fee related to foreign withholding tax claims, which is disclosed in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The actual IRS compliance fee may differ from the estimate and that difference may be material

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated the impact of all subsequent events on the Fund through the date the financial statements were available to be issued and has determined that there were no subsequent events requiring adjustment or additional disclosure in the financial statements.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Trustees of
iShares Trust and Shareholders of iShares International Select Dividend ETF

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the schedule of investments, of iShares International Select Dividend ETF (one of the funds constituting iShares Trust, referred to hereafter as the "Fund") as of April 30, 2024, the related statement of operations for the year ended April 30, 2024, the statement of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period ended April 30, 2024, including the related notes, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended April 30, 2024 (collectively referred to as the “financial statements”). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of April 30, 2024, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period ended April 30, 2024 and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended April 30, 2024 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Fund’s financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Fund in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of April 30, 2024 by correspondence with the custodian, transfer agent and brokers. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
June 24, 2024

We have served as the auditor of one or more BlackRock investment companies since 2000.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Important Tax Information (unaudited)

The following amount, or maximum amount allowable by law, is hereby designated as qualified dividend income for individuals for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024:

iShares ETF	*Qualified Dividend Income*
International Select Dividend	$ 273,376,626

The Fund intends to pass through to its shareholders the following amount, or maximum amount allowable by law, of foreign source income earned and foreign taxes paid for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024:

iShares ETF	*Foreign Source Income Earned*	*Foreign Taxes Paid*
International Select Dividend	$ 318,017,378	$31,230,786

Statement Regarding Liquidity Risk Management Program (unaudited)

In compliance with Rule 22e-4 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Liquidity Rule"), iShares Trust (the "Trust") has adopted and implemented a liquidity risk management program (the "Program") for iShares International Select Dividend ETF (the "Fund" or "ETF"), a series of the Trust, which is reasonably designed to assess and manage the Fund's liquidity risk.

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") of the Trust, on behalf of the Fund, met on December 8, 2023 (the "Meeting") to review the Program. The Board previously appointed BlackRock Fund Advisors ("BlackRock"), the investment adviser to the Fund, as the program administrator for the Fund's Program. BlackRock also previously delegated oversight of the Program to the 40 Act Liquidity Risk Management Committee (the "Committee"). At the Meeting, the Committee, on behalf of BlackRock, provided the Board with a report that addressed the operation of the Program and assessed its adequacy and effectiveness of implementation, including the management of the Fund's Highly Liquid Investment Minimum ("HLIM") where applicable, and any material changes to the Program (the "Report"). The Report covered the period from October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023 (the "Program Reporting Period").

The Report described the Program's liquidity classification methodology for categorizing the Fund's investments (including derivative transactions) into one of four liquidity buckets. It also referenced the methodology used by BlackRock to establish the Fund's HLIM and noted that the Committee reviews and ratifies the HLIM assigned to the Fund no less frequently than annually. The Report also discussed notable events affecting liquidity over the Program Reporting Period, including extended market holidays, delays in the repatriation of the local currency in certain non-U.S. countries, the continued illiquidity of Russian equity securities and the suspension of select sanctions in Venezuela.

The Report noted that the Program complied with the key factors for consideration under the Liquidity Rule for assessing, managing and periodically reviewing the Fund's liquidity risk, as follows:

a) ***The Fund's investment strategy and liquidity of portfolio investments during both normal and reasonably foreseeable stressed conditions.*** During the Program Reporting Period, the Committee reviewed whether the Fund's strategy is appropriate for an open-end fund structure, with a focus on funds with more significant and consistent holdings of less liquid and illiquid assets. The Committee also factored a fund's concentration in an issuer into the liquidity classification methodology by taking issuer position sizes into account. Derivative exposure was also considered in the calculation of a fund's liquidity bucketing. Finally, a factor for consideration under the Liquidity Rule is a Fund's use of borrowings for investment purposes. However, the Funds do not borrow for investment purposes.

b) ***Short-term and long-term cash flow projections during both normal and reasonably foreseeable stressed conditions.*** During the Program Reporting Period, the Committee reviewed historical redemption activity and used this information as a component to establish each ETF's reasonably anticipated trading size utilized for liquidity classifications. The Committee may also take into consideration a fund's shareholder ownership concentration (which, depending on product type and distribution channel, may or may not be available), a fund's distribution channels, and the degree of certainty associated with a fund's short-term and long-term cash flow projections.

c) ***Holdings of cash and cash equivalents, as well as borrowing arrangements.*** The Committee considered that ETFs generally do not hold more than de minimis amounts of cash. The Committee also considered that ETFs generally do not engage in borrowing.

d) ***The relationship between an ETF's portfolio liquidity and the way in which, and the prices and spreads at which, ETF shares trade, including the efficiency of the arbitrage function and the level of active participation by market participants, including authorized participants.*** The Committee monitored the prevailing bid/ask spread and the ETF price premium (or discount) to NAV for all ETFs. However, there were no ETFs with persistent deviations of fund premium/discount or bid/ask spreads from long-term averages over the Program Reporting Period.

e) ***The effect of the composition of baskets on the overall liquidity of an ETF's portfolio.*** In reviewing the linkage between the composition of custom baskets accepted by an ETF and any significant change in the liquidity profile of such ETF, the Committee reviewed changes in the proportion of each ETF's portfolio comprised of less liquid and illiquid holdings to determine if applicable thresholds were met requiring enhanced review. There were no ETFs for which the custom baskets accepted by the ETF had a significant change in its liquidity profile.

There were no material changes to the Program during the Program Reporting Period other than the enhancement of certain model components in the Program's classification methodology. The Report provided to the Board stated that the Committee concluded that based on the operation of the functions, as described in the Report, the Program is operating as intended and is effective in implementing the requirements of the Liquidity Rule.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Supplemental Information (unaudited)

Tailored Shareholder Reports for Open-End Mutual Funds and ETFs

Effective January 24, 2023, the SEC adopted rule and form amendments to require open-end mutual funds and ETFs to transmit concise and visually engaging streamlined annual and semiannual reports to shareholders that highlight key information. Other information, including financial statements, will no longer appear in a streamlined shareholder report but must be available online, delivered free of charge upon request, and filed on a semiannual basis on Form N-CSR. The rule and form amendments have a compliance date of July 24, 2024. At this time, management is evaluating the impact of these amendments on the shareholder reports for the Funds.

Premium/Discount Information

Information on the Fund's net asset value, market price, premiums and discounts, and bid-ask spreads can be found at **iShares.com**.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Trustee and Officer Information (unaudited)

The Board of Trustees has responsibility for the overall management and operations of the Funds, including general supervision of the duties performed by BFA and other service providers. Each Trustee serves until he or she resigns, is removed, dies, retires or becomes incapacitated. Each officer shall hold office until his or her successor is elected and qualifies or until his or her death, resignation or removal. Trustees who are not "interested persons" (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Trust are referred to as independent trustees ("Independent Trustees").

The registered investment companies advised by BFA or its affiliates (the "BlackRock-advised Funds") are organized into the BlackRock Multi-Asset Complex, the BlackRock Fixed-Income Complex and the iShares Complex (each, a "BlackRock Fund Complex"). Each Fund is included in the iShares Complex. Each Trustee also serves as a Director of iShares, Inc. and a Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust and, as a result, oversees all of the funds within the Exchange-Traded Fund Complex, which consists of 404 funds as of April 30, 2024. With the exception of Stephen Cohen, Robert S. Kapito and Aaron Wasserman, the address of each Trustee and officer is c/o BlackRock, Inc., 400 Howard Street, San Francisco, CA 94105. The address of Mr. Kapito and Mr. Wasserman is c/o BlackRock, Inc., 50 Hudson Yards, New York, NY 10001. The address of Mr. Cohen is c/o BlackRock, Inc., Drapers Gardens, 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London EC2N 2DL United Kingdom. The Board has designated John E. Kerrigan as its Independent Board Chair. Additional information about the Funds' Trustees and officers may be found in the Funds' combined Statement of Additional Information, which is available without charge, upon request, by calling toll-free 1-800-iShares (1-800-474-2737).

Interested Trustees

Name (Year of Birth)	Position(s)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Other Directorships Held by Trustee
Robert S. Kapito[(a)] (1957)	Trustee (since 2009).	President of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2006); Vice Chairman of BlackRock, Inc. and Head of BlackRock's Portfolio Management Group (since its formation in 1998) and BlackRock, Inc.'s predecessor entities (since 1988); Trustee, University of Pennsylvania (since 2009); President of Board of Directors, Hope & Heroes Children's Cancer Fund (since 2002).	Director of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2006); Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2009); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2011).
Stephen Cohen[(b)] (1975)	Trustee (since 2024).	Senior Managing Director, Head of Global Product Solutions of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2024); Senior Managing Director, Head of Europe, Middle East and Africa Regions of BlackRock, Inc. (2021-2024); Head of iShares Index and Wealth in EMEA of BlackRock, Inc. (2017-2021); Global Head of Fixed Income Indexing of BlackRock, Inc. (2016-2017); Chief Investment Strategist for International Fixed Income and iShares of BlackRock, Inc. (2011-2015).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2024); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2024).

(a) Robert S. Kapito is deemed to be an "interested person" (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Trust due to his affiliations with BlackRock, Inc. and its affiliates.
(b) Stephen Cohen is deemed to be an "interested person" (as defined in the 1940 Act) of the Trust due to his affiliations with BlackRock, Inc. and its affiliates.

Independent Trustees

Name (Year of Birth)	Position(s)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Other Directorships Held by Trustee
John E. Kerrigan (1955)	Trustee (since 2005); Independent Board Chair (since 2022).	Chief Investment Officer, Santa Clara University (since 2002).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2005); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2011); Independent Board Chair of iShares, Inc. and iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2022).
Jane D. Carlin (1956)	Trustee (since 2015); Risk Committee Chair (since 2016).	Consultant (since 2012); Member of the Audit Committee (2012-2018), Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee (2017-2018) and Director of PHH Corporation (mortgage solutions) (2012-2018); Managing Director and Global Head of Financial Holding Company Governance & Assurance and the Global Head of Operational Risk Management of Morgan Stanley (2006-2012).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2015); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2015); Member of the Audit Committee (since 2016), Chair of the Audit Committee (since 2020) and Director of The Hanover Insurance Group, Inc. (since 2016).
Richard L. Fagnani (1954)	Trustee (since 2017); Audit Committee Chair (since 2019).	Partner, KPMG LLP (2002-2016); Director of One Generation Away (since 2021).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2017); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2017).
Laura F. Fergerson (1962)	Trustee since (2024).	President, Franklin Templeton Services, LLC (2017-2024); Director of the Board of Crocker Art Museum Association (since 2019); President, Crocker Art Museum Foundation (2022-2023).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2024); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2024).

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Independent Trustees (continued)

Name (Year of Birth)	Position(s)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Other Directorships Held by Trustee
Cecilia H. Herbert (1949)	Trustee (since 2005); Nominating and Governance and Equity Plus Committee Chairs (since 2022).	Chair of the Finance Committee (since 2019) and Trustee and Member of the Finance, Audit and Quality Committees of Stanford Health Care (since 2016); Trustee of WNET, New York's public media company (since 2011) and Member of the Audit Committee (since 2018), Investment Committee (since 2011) and Personnel Committee (since 2022); Member of the Wyoming State Investment Funds Committee (since 2022); Trustee of Forward Funds (14 portfolios) (2009-2018); Trustee of Salient MF Trust (4 portfolios) (2015-2018); Director of the Jackson Hole Center for the Arts (since 2021).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2005); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2011).
James Lam (1961)	Trustee (since 2024).	President, James Lam & Associates, Inc. (since 2002); Director of the FAIR Institute (since 2020); adjunct professor at Carnegie Mellon University (since 2018); Member, Zicklin School of Business Dean's Council of Baruch College (since 2017); Director and Audit Committee Chair of RiskLens, Inc. (2018-2023); Director, Risk Oversight Committee Chair and Audit Committee Member of E*TRADE Financial and E*TRADE Bank (2012-2020).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2024); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2024).
Drew E. Lawton (1959)	Trustee (since 2017); 15(c) Committee Chair (since 2017).	Senior Managing Director of New York Life Insurance Company (2010-2015).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2017); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2017); Director of Jackson Financial Inc. (since 2021).
John E. Martinez (1961)	Trustee (since 2003); Securities Lending Committee Chair (since 2019).	Director of Real Estate Equity Exchange, Inc. (since 2005); Director of Cloudera Foundation (2017-2020); and Director of Reading Partners (2012-2016).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2003); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2011).
Madhav V. Rajan (1964)	Trustee (since 2011); Fixed-Income Plus Committee Chair (since 2019).	Dean, and George Pratt Shultz Professor of Accounting, University of Chicago Booth School of Business (since 2017); Advisory Board Member (since 2016) and Director (since 2020) of C.M. Capital Corporation; Chair of the Board for the Center for Research in Security Prices, LLC (since 2020); Director of WellBe Senior Medical (since 2023); Robert K. Jaedicke Professor of Accounting, Stanford University Graduate School of Business (2001-2017); Professor of Law (by courtesy), Stanford Law School (2005-2017); Senior Associate Dean for Academic Affairs and Head of MBA Program, Stanford University Graduate School of Business (2010-2016).	Director of iShares, Inc. (since 2011); Trustee of iShares U.S. ETF Trust (since 2011).

Officers

Name (Year of Birth)	Position(s)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years
Jessica Tan (1980)	President (since 2024).	Managing Director of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2015); Head of Global Product Solutions, Americas of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2024) and Head of Sustainable and Transition Solutions of BlackRock, Inc. (2022-2024); Global Head of Corporate Strategy of BlackRock, Inc. (2019-2022); Chief of Staff to the CEO of BlackRock, Inc. (2017-2019).
Trent Walker (1974)	Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer (since 2020).	Managing Director of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2019); Chief Financial Officer of iShares Delaware Trust Sponsor LLC, BlackRock Funds, BlackRock Funds II, BlackRock Funds IV, BlackRock Funds V and BlackRock Funds VI (since 2021).
Aaron Wasserman (1974)	Chief Compliance Officer (iShares, Inc. and iShares Trust, since 2023; iShares U.S. ETF Trust, since 2023).	Managing Director of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2018); Chief Compliance Officer of the BlackRock Multi-Asset Complex, the BlackRock Fixed-Income Complex and the iShares Complex (since 2023); Deputy Chief Compliance Officer for the BlackRock Multi-Asset Complex, the BlackRock Fixed-Income Complex and the iShares Complex (2014-2023).
Marisa Rolland (1980)	Secretary (since 2022).	Managing Director of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2023); Director of BlackRock, Inc. (2018-2022).

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Officers (continued)

Name (Year of Birth)	Position(s)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years
Rachel Aguirre (1982)	Executive Vice President (since 2022).	Managing Director of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2018); Head of U.S. iShares Product (since 2022); Head of EII U.S. Product Engineering of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2021); Co-Head of EII's Americas Portfolio Engineering of BlackRock, Inc. (2020-2021); Head of Developed Markets Portfolio Engineering of BlackRock, Inc. (2016-2019).
Jennifer Hsui (1976)	Executive Vice President (since 2022).	Managing Director of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2009); Co-Head of Index Equity of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2022).
James Mauro (1970)	Executive Vice President (since 2022).	Managing Director of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2010); Head of Fixed Income Index Investments in the Americas and Head of San Francisco Core Portfolio Management of BlackRock, Inc. (since 2020).

Effective July 1, 2023, Aaron Wasserman replaced Charles Park as Chief Compliance Officer.
Effective February 1, 2024, Salim Ramji resigned as Trustee of the Trust.
Effective March 5, 2024, Stephen Cohen replaced Salim Ramji as Trustee of the Trust.
Effective March 5, 2024, Dominik Rohé resigned as President of the Trust.
Effective March 5, 2024, Jessica Tan replaced Dominik Rohé as President of the Trust.
Effective April 8, 2024, Laura Fergerson was appointed as Trustee of the Trust.
Effective April 8, 2024, James Lam was appointed as Trustee of the Trust.

General Information

Electronic Delivery

Shareholders can sign up for e-mail notifications announcing that the shareholder report or prospectus has been posted on the iShares website at **iShares.com**. Once you have enrolled, you will no longer receive prospectuses and shareholder reports in the mail.

To enroll in electronic delivery:

- Go to **icsdelivery.com**.
- If your brokerage firm is not listed, electronic delivery may not be available. Please contact your broker-dealer or financial advisor.

Householding

Householding is an option available to certain fund investors. Householding is a method of delivery, based on the preference of the individual investor, in which a single copy of certain shareholder documents and Rule 30e-3 notices can be delivered to investors who share the same address, even if their accounts are registered under different names. Please contact your broker-dealer if you are interested in enrolling in householding and receiving a single copy of prospectuses and other shareholder documents, or if you are currently enrolled in householding and wish to change your householding status.

Availability of Quarterly Schedule of Investments

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year as an exhibit to its reports on Form N-PORT. The Fund's Forms N-PORT are available on the SEC's website at **sec.gov**. Additionally, the Fund makes its portfolio holdings for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year available at **iShares.com/fundreports**.

Availability of Proxy Voting Policies and Proxy Voting Records

A description of the policies and procedures that the iShares Funds use to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities and information about how the iShares Funds voted proxies relating to portfolio securities during the most recent twelve-month period ending June 30 is available without charge, upon request (1) by calling toll-free 1-800-474-2737; (2) on the iShares website at **iShares.com**; and (3) on the SEC website at **sec.gov**.

A description of the Trust's policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund's portfolio securities is available in the Fund Prospectus. The Fund discloses its portfolio holdings daily and provides information regarding its top holdings in Fund fact sheets at **iShares.com**.

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152

Glossary of Terms Used in this Report

Portfolio Abbreviation

NVS	Non-Voting Shares

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Want to know more?

iShares.com | 1-800-474-2737

This report is intended for the Fund's shareholders. It may not be distributed to prospective investors unless it is preceded or accompanied by the current prospectus.

Investing involves risk, including possible loss of principal.

The iShares Funds are distributed by BlackRock Investments, LLC (together with its affiliates, "BlackRock").

The iShares Funds are not sponsored, endorsed, issued, sold or promoted by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, nor does this company make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in the iShares Funds. BlackRock is not affiliated with the companies listed above

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iShares by BlackRock

BNM0624U-3667138-11638152