

BLACKROCK LIQUIDITY FUNDS

TempFund
FedFund
T-Fund
Treasury Trust Fund
California Money Fund
New York Money Fund

(individually, a “Fund” and collectively, the “Funds”)

Supplement dated January 14, 2022 to the Select Shares Prospectus of the Funds,
dated February 26, 2021, as supplemented to date

The Funds’ internet-based trade order system has recently been updated allowing the deadlines for Treasury Trust Fund for the receipt of purchase and redemption orders via the Funds’ internet-based trade order system to be placed up to 5 minutes prior to the trade deadlines currently listed in the Prospectus. FedFund and T-Fund will impose deadlines for the receipt of purchase and redemption orders via the internet-based trade order system 30 minutes earlier than the trade deadlines currently listed in the Prospectus.

Generally, shareholders attempting to submit trades through the internet-based trade order system after the applicable internet-based trading deadline will be blocked and will have to submit their orders during the next window when internet-based trading resumes or place their orders via telephone or other electronic means. The trade deadlines for orders placed via other methods will not be affected.

Accordingly, effective February 28, 2022:

The section of the Prospectus entitled “Account Information—Purchase of Shares” is amended by deleting the table in that section in its entirety and replacing the table with the following:

Fund	Deadline (Eastern time)
FedFund ¹	5:00 p.m.
T-Fund ¹	5:00 p.m.
Treasury Trust Fund ²	2:30 p.m.

¹ Purchase orders for Shares of FedFund and T-Fund placed after 4:30 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Funds’ internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. The Funds also reserve the right to limit the amount of such orders or to reject an order for any reason.

² Purchase orders for Shares of Treasury Trust Fund placed after 2:25 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Funds’ internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. The Fund also reserves the right to limit the amount of such orders or to reject an order for any reason.

The section of the Prospectus entitled “Account Information—Redemption of Shares” is amended by deleting the table in that section in its entirety and replacing the table with the following:

Fund	Deadline (Eastern time)
FedFund ¹	5:00 p.m.
T-Fund ¹	5:00 p.m.
Treasury Trust Fund ²	2:30 p.m.

¹ Redemption orders for Shares of FedFund and T-Fund placed after 4:30 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Funds’ internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes.

Shareholders placing orders through a Financial Intermediary are responsible for making certain that their Financial Intermediary communicates the order to the Funds' office no later than the stated deadline. The Funds reserve the right to limit the amount of such orders that will be paid on the same day.

- ² Redemption orders for Shares of Treasury Trust Fund placed after 2:25 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Fund's internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. Shareholders placing orders through a Financial Intermediary are responsible for making certain that their Financial Intermediary communicates the order to the Fund's office no later than the stated deadline. The Fund reserves the right to limit the amount of such orders that will be paid on the same day.

Shareholders should retain this Supplement for future reference.

PRO-BLF-SEL-0122SUP

BLACKROCK LIQUIDITY FUNDS

TempCash
TempFund
BlackRock Liquid Federal Trust Fund
FedFund
T-Fund
Treasury Trust Fund
California Money Fund
MuniCash
New York Money Fund

(collectively, the “Funds”)

Supplement dated November 23, 2021 to the Administration Shares, Cash Management Shares, Cash Plus Shares, Cash Reserves Shares, Dollar Shares, Plus Shares, Premier Shares, Private Client Shares and Select Shares Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and the Statement of Additional Information of the Funds dated February 26, 2021, as supplemented to date

On November 9, 2021, the Board of Trustees of BlackRock Liquidity Funds on behalf of each Fund approved a proposal to terminate certain share classes of each Fund. None of the terminated classes currently has any outstanding shares.

Accordingly, effective January 10, 2022, the following share classes of each Fund listed below will be terminated as a share class of such Fund, respectively:

Fund	Share Class
TempCash	Administration Shares
California Money Fund	Administration Shares
New York Money Fund	Administration Shares
MuniCash	Administration Shares
California Money Fund	Cash Management Shares
TempCash	Cash Management Shares
New York Money Fund	Cash Management Shares
MuniCash	Cash Management Shares
TempCash	Cash Plus Shares
FedFund	Cash Plus Shares
California Money Fund	Cash Plus Shares
New York Money Fund	Cash Plus Shares
MuniCash	Cash Plus Shares
California Money Fund	Cash Reserve Shares
TempCash	Cash Reserve Shares
MuniCash	Cash Reserve Shares
New York Money Fund	Cash Reserve Shares
New York Money Fund	Dollar Shares
California Money Fund	Dollar Shares
TempFund	Plus Shares
T-Fund	Plus Shares
California Money Fund	Plus Shares

Fund	Share Class
New York Money Fund	Plus Shares
Treasury Trust Fund	Premier Shares
BlackRock Liquid Federal Trust Fund	Premier Shares
New York Money Fund	Premier Shares
MuniCash	Premier Shares
California Money Fund	Premier Shares
California Money Fund	Private Client Shares
T-Fund	Private Client Shares
New York Money Fund	Private Client Shares
TempCash	Private Client Shares
BlackRock Liquid Federal Trust Fund	Private Client Shares
Treasury Trust Fund	Private Client Shares
MuniCash	Private Client Shares
California Money Fund	Select Shares
New York Money Fund	Select Shares
TempFund	Select Shares
TempCash	Select Shares
BlackRock Liquid Federal Trust Fund	Select Shares
MuniCash	Select Shares

Shareholders should retain this supplement for future reference.

PR2SAI-LIQ-1121SUP

BLACKROCK LIQUIDITY FUNDS

TempFund
FedFund
T-Fund
Treasury Trust Fund
California Money Fund
New York Money Fund

(the “Funds”)

**Supplement dated October 27, 2021 to the Select Shares Prospectus of the Funds,
dated February 26, 2021, as supplemented to date**

As a result of certain changes to the transfer agency system used by the BlackRock Liquidity Funds, the Fund Codes for the various share classes of the Funds will be updated effective on or about November 8, 2021.

Consequently, effective on or about November 8, 2021 the following changes are made to the Funds’ Select Shares Prospectus:

The Select Share Fund Code table under “How to Contact BlackRock Liquidity Funds” is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Select Shares	Fund Code
TempFund	0120
FedFund	0090
T-Fund	0038
Treasury Trust Fund	0015
California Money Fund	0067
New York Money Fund	0077

Shareholders should retain this Supplement for future references.

PRO-LIQ-SS-1021SUP

BLACKROCK LIQUIDITY FUNDS
MuniFund

**Supplement dated May 13, 2021 to the Prospectuses, Summary Prospectuses
and Statement of Additional Information of MuniFund, each dated February 26, 2021,
as supplemented to date**

On May 11, 2021, the Board of Trustees of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”) on behalf of its series MuniFund, approved a proposal to close MuniFund to new investors and thereafter to liquidate MuniFund. Accordingly, effective at 4:00 P.M. (Eastern time) on May 17, 2021, MuniFund will no longer accept purchase orders from new investors. On or about July 19, 2021 (the “Liquidation Date”), all of the assets of MuniFund will be liquidated completely, the shares of any shareholders holding shares on the Liquidation Date will be redeemed at the net asset value per share and MuniFund will then be terminated as a series of the Trust.

Shareholders may continue to redeem their MuniFund shares at any time prior to the Liquidation Date. MuniFund may not achieve its investment objective as the Liquidation Date approaches.

Shareholders should consult their personal tax advisers concerning their tax situation and the impact of the liquidation on their tax situation.

Shareholders should retain this Supplement for future reference.

PR2SAI-MUNI-0521SUP

BLACKROCK LIQUIDITY FUNDS

TempCash
TempFund
Federal Trust Fund
FedFund
T-Fund
Treasury Trust Fund
California Money Fund
MuniCash
New York Money Fund

(each, a “Fund” and collectively, the “Funds”)

Supplement dated May 13, 2021 to the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information of the Funds, each dated February 26, 2021, as supplemented to date

Effective August 2, 2021, you may generally purchase and redeem shares of the Funds each day on which the New York Stock Exchange and the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia are open for business. This means that the Funds will no longer accept purchases or redemptions on Columbus Day or Veterans Day.

Consequently, effective August 2, 2021, the following changes are made to the Funds’ Summary Prospectuses, Prospectuses and Statement of Additional Information, as applicable:

The second sentence of the first or third paragraph, as applicable, of each of the “Key Facts About [Fund Name]—Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares” sections of the Funds’ (except TempFund’s) Summary Prospectuses and the “Fund Overview—Key Facts About [Fund Name]—Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares” sections of the Funds’ (except TempFund’s) Prospectuses is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

You may generally purchase or redeem shares of the Fund each day on which the New York Stock Exchange and the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia are open for business.

The second sentence of the first paragraph of each of the “Key Facts About TempFund—Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares” sections of TempFund’s Summary Prospectuses and the “Fund Overview—Key Facts About TempFund—Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares” sections of TempFund’s Prospectuses is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

You may generally purchase or redeem shares of the Fund at multiple times each day on which the New York Stock Exchange and the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia are open for business.

The second paragraph of each of the “Account Information—Valuation of Fund Investments and Price of Fund Shares” sections of the Funds’ Prospectuses is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Each Fund’s NAV per share is calculated by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (“JPM”) on each day on which the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) and the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia are open for business (a “Business Day”). Generally trading in U.S. Government securities, short-term debt securities and money market instruments is substantially completed each day at various times prior to the close of business on the NYSE. The value of each security used in computing the NAV of a Fund’s shares is determined as of such times.

The second paragraph of each “Account Information—Redemption of Shares” section of the Funds’ Prospectuses (except the Prospectuses for Premier Shares and Mischler Shares) is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Each Fund will open for business and begin accepting redemption orders at 7:30 a.m. (Eastern time) on any Business Day. Redemption orders are accepted on Business Days in accordance with the deadlines outlined in the chart below. If redemption orders are received by BNY Mellon on a Business Day by the established deadlines, payment for redeemed Fund shares will typically be wired in federal funds on that same day. Redemption orders may be placed either in number of shares or in dollars for the Institutional Funds.

The third paragraph of the “Account Information—Redemption of Shares” section of the Mischler Shares Prospectus is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

If redemption orders are received by BNY Mellon on a Business Day by the established deadlines, payment for redeemed Fund shares will typically be wired in federal funds on that same day.

The fifth paragraph of each “Account Information—Redemption of Shares” section of the Funds’ Prospectuses (except the Premier Shares Prospectus) is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

Where a redemption order is processed through certain electronic platforms where same-day cash settlement is impracticable, payment for redeemed shares will generally be delayed by one Business Day.

The fourth paragraph of the “Account Information—Redemption of Shares” section of the Funds’ Premier Shares Prospectus is hereby deleted in its entirety.

The second paragraph of the “Additional Purchase and Redemption Information” section of the Funds’ Premier Shares Prospectus and the fifth paragraph of the “Additional Purchase and Redemption Information—General” section of the Funds’ Statement of Additional Information are hereby amended to delete item “(a)” in such paragraphs in its entirety and replace it with the following:

- (a) For any period during which there is a non-routine closure of the Federal Reserve wire system or applicable Federal Reserve Banks;

The first paragraph of the “Additional Purchase and Redemption Information—General—Dividend Accruals—Share Classes other than Premier Shares” section of the Funds’ Statement of Additional Information is hereby amended to delete the last sentence of that paragraph in its entirety.

The first paragraph of the “Additional Purchase and Redemption Information—General—Dividend Accruals—Premier Shares” section of the Funds’ Statement of Additional Information is hereby amended to delete the last sentence of that paragraph in its entirety.

Shareholders should retain this Supplement for future references.

PR2SAI-BLF-0521SUP

Prospectus

BlackRock Liquidity Funds | Select Shares

- **TempFund**
Select: BTBXX
- **FedFund**
Select: BFBXX
- **T-Fund**
Select: BSLXX
- **Treasury Trust Fund**
Select: TSLXX
- **California Money Fund**
Select: BCBXX
- **MuniFund**
Select: BMBXX
- **New York Money Fund**
Select: BIBXX

This Prospectus contains information you should know before investing, including information about risks. Please read it before you invest and keep it for future reference.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this Prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

Not FDIC Insured • May Lose Value • No Bank Guarantee

Table of Contents

<i>Fund Overview</i>	<i>Key facts and details about the Funds listed in this prospectus, including investment objectives, principal investment strategies, principal risk factors, fee and expense information, and historical performance information</i>	
	<i>Key Facts About TempFund</i>	3
	<i>Key Facts About FedFund</i>	8
	<i>Key Facts About T-Fund</i>	12
	<i>Key Facts About Treasury Trust Fund</i>	16
	<i>Key Facts About California Money Fund</i>	20
	<i>Key Facts About MuniFund</i>	26
	<i>Key Facts About New York Money Fund</i>	31
<i>Details About the Funds</i>	<i>Information about how each Fund invests, including investment objectives, investment processes, principal strategies and risk factors</i>	
	<i>How Each Fund Invests</i>	37
	<i>Investment Risks</i>	41
<i>Account Information</i>	<i>Information about account services, shareholder transactions, and distribution and other payments</i>	
	<i>Valuation of Fund Investments and Price of Fund Shares</i>	49
	<i>Purchase of Shares</i>	50
	<i>Redemption of Shares</i>	52
	<i>Additional Purchase and Redemption Information</i>	54
	<i>Liquidity Fees and Redemption Gates</i>	54
	<i>Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Payments</i>	55
	<i>Dividends and Distributions</i>	56
	<i>Federal Taxes</i>	56
	<i>State and Local Taxes</i>	58
<i>Management of the Funds</i>	<i>Information About BlackRock</i>	
	<i>BlackRock</i>	60
	<i>Conflicts of Interest</i>	62
	<i>Master/Feeder Structure</i>	63
<i>Financial Highlights</i>	<i>Financial Performance of the Funds</i>	64
<i>General Information</i>	<i>Certain Fund Policies</i>	71
<i>Glossary</i>	<i>Glossary of Investment Terms</i>	72
<i>For More Information</i>	<i>Funds and Service Providers</i>	73
	<i>How to Contact BlackRock Liquidity Funds</i>	Inside Back Cover
	<i>Additional Information</i>	Back Cover

Fund Overview

Key Facts About TempFund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of TempFund (the “Fund”), a series of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”), is to seek as high a level of current income as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Select Shares of TempFund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to your financial professional or your selected securities dealer, broker, investment adviser, service provider or industry professional (including BlackRock Advisors, LLC (“BlackRock”) and its affiliates) (each, a “Financial Intermediary”), which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Select Shares*
Management Fee	0.21%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.35%
Other Expenses	0.51%
Shareholder Servicing Fees	0.50%
Miscellaneous/Other Expenses	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.07%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	(0.07)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	1.00%

* Fund currently active, but no assets in share class as of fiscal year ended October 31, 2020.

¹ As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse ordinary operating expenses in order to keep combined Management Fees and Miscellaneous/Other Expenses (excluding Dividend Expense, Interest Expense, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses and certain other Fund expenses) from exceeding 0.18% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement may be terminated upon 90 days’ notice by a majority of the non-interested trustees of the Trust or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund.

² As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, the Fund’s distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive Distribution Fees and/or Shareholder Servicing Fees so that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements of the Select Shares do not exceed 1.00% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement renews automatically for successive one year periods and may be terminated by any party upon written notice 75 days prior to the commencement of a successive one year period.

Example:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Select Shares	\$102	\$333	\$583	\$1,299

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

TempFund invests in a broad range of U.S. dollar-denominated money market instruments, including government, U.S. and foreign bank, and commercial obligations and repurchase agreements. The Fund invests in securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) and the portfolio will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less.

In addition, the Fund may invest in mortgage- and asset-backed securities, short-term obligations issued by or on behalf of states, territories and possessions of the United States, the District of Columbia, and their respective authorities, agencies, instrumentalities and political subdivisions and derivative securities such as beneficial interests in municipal trust certificates and partnership trusts. The Fund may also invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis.

The securities purchased by the Fund are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), and other rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Fund will only purchase securities that present minimal credit risk as determined by BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, pursuant to guidelines approved by the Trust’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”).

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Because the share price of the Fund will fluctuate, when you sell your shares they may be worth more or less than what you originally paid for them. The Fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund’s liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund’s sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time.

The following is a summary description of principal risks of investing in the Fund. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

- ***Credit Risk*** — Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of a debt security (i.e., the borrower) will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer’s credit rating or the market’s perception of an issuer’s creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund’s investment in that issuer.
- ***Extension Risk*** — When interest rates rise, certain obligations will be paid off by the obligor more slowly than anticipated, causing the value of these securities to fall.
- ***Foreign Exposure Risk*** — Securities issued or supported by foreign entities, including foreign banks and corporations, may involve additional risks and considerations. Extensive public information about the foreign issuer may not be available, and unfavorable political, economic or governmental developments in the foreign country involved could affect the payment of principal and interest.
- ***Income Risk*** — Income risk is the risk that the Fund’s yield will vary as short-term securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.
- ***Interest Rate Risk*** — Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will go up or down more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from the Fund’s ability to achieve its investment objective.
- ***Liquidity Fee and Redemption Gate Risk*** — The Board has discretion to impose a liquidity fee of up to 2% upon sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund’s liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. Accordingly, you may not be able to sell your shares or your redemptions may be subject to a liquidity fee when you sell your shares at certain times.
- ***Market Risk and Selection Risk*** — Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. The value of a security or other asset may decline due to changes in general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to

the issuer of the security or other asset, or factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, exchange, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues like pandemics or epidemics, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by Fund management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. This means you may lose money.

A recent outbreak of an infectious coronavirus has developed into a global pandemic that has resulted in numerous disruptions in the market and has had significant economic impact leaving general concern and uncertainty. Because the Fund invests in short-term instruments these events have caused some instruments to have declining yields, which may impair the results of the Fund if these conditions persisted. The impact of this coronavirus, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, could affect the economies of many nations, individual companies and the market in general ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time.

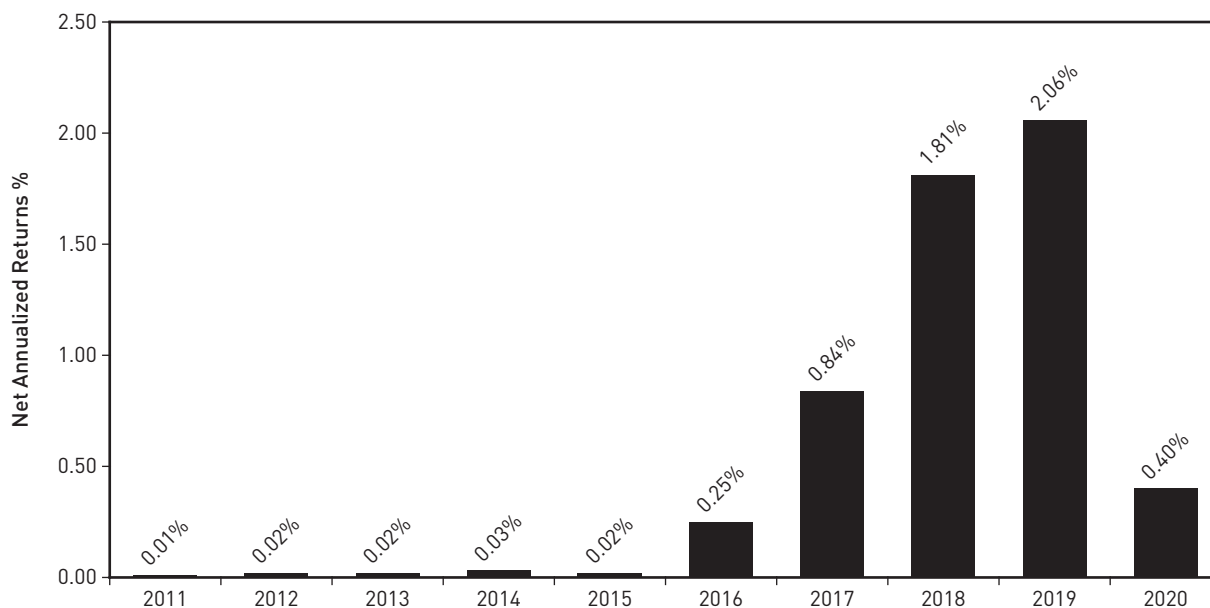
- ***Mortgage- and Asset-Backed Securities Risks*** — Mortgage- and asset-backed securities represent interests in “pools” of mortgages or other assets, including consumer loans or receivables held in trust. Mortgage- and asset-backed securities are subject to credit, interest rate, prepayment and extension risks. These securities also are subject to risk of default on the underlying mortgage or asset, particularly during periods of economic downturn. Small movements in interest rates (both increases and decreases) may quickly and significantly reduce the value of certain mortgage-backed securities.
- ***Prepayment Risk*** — When interest rates fall, certain obligations will be paid off by the obligor more quickly than originally anticipated, and the Fund may have to invest the proceeds in securities with lower yields.
- ***Repurchase Agreements Risk*** — If the other party to a repurchase agreement defaults on its obligation under the agreement, the Fund may suffer delays and incur costs or lose money in exercising its rights under the agreement. If the seller fails to repurchase the security and the market value of the security declines, the Fund may lose money.
- ***Treasury Obligations Risk*** — Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund.
- ***U.S. Government Obligations Risk*** — Certain securities in which the Fund may invest, including securities issued by certain U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises, are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government or supported by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- ***Variable and Floating Rate Instrument Risk*** — Variable and floating rate securities provide for periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. These securities may be subject to greater illiquidity risk than other fixed income securities, meaning the absence of an active market for these securities could make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of them at any given time.
- ***When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk*** — When-issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security’s price.

Performance Information

There are currently no Select Shares of TempFund outstanding as of the date of this prospectus. As a result, the chart, the table and the seven-day yield shown below give you a picture of the performance for Dollar Shares of the Fund, which are not offered in this prospectus. The performance of the Fund’s Select Shares would be substantially similar to Dollar Shares because Select Shares and Dollar Shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and performance would only differ to the extent that Select Shares and Dollar Shares have different expenses. The actual returns and seven-day yields of Select Shares would have been lower than those of the Dollar Shares because Select Shares have higher expenses than the Dollar Shares.

The information shows you how TempFund’s performance has varied year by year and provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. As with all such investments, past performance is not an indication of future results. The table includes all applicable fees. If BlackRock and its affiliates had not waived or reimbursed certain Fund expenses during these periods, the Fund’s returns would have been lower. The Fund is a money market fund managed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. Effective October 11, 2016, the Fund implemented additional amendments to Rule 2a-7, including the adoption of a floating net asset value (“NAV”) per Fund share. Fund performance shown prior to October 11, 2016 is based on 1940 Act rules then in effect and is not an indication of future returns. Updated information on the Fund’s performance can be obtained by visiting www.blackrock.com/cash or can be obtained by phone at (800) 441-7450.

**TempFund
Dollar Shares
ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS
As of 12/31**



During the ten-year period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 0.60% (quarter ended December 31, 2018) and the lowest return for a quarter was -0.02% (quarter ended December 31, 2020).

For the periods ended 12/31/20
Average Annual Total Returns

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
TempFund—Dollar Shares	0.40%	1.07%	0.54%

7-Day Yield
As of December 31, 2020

TempFund—Dollar Shares 0.02%

Current Yield: You may obtain the Fund's current 7-day yield by calling (800) 441-7450 or by visiting the Fund's website at www.blackrock.com/cash.

Investment Manager

TempFund's investment manager is BlackRock Advisors, LLC (previously defined as "BlackRock"). The Fund's sub-adviser is BlackRock International Limited (the "Sub-Adviser"). Where applicable, "BlackRock" refers also to the Sub-Adviser.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or sell shares without paying a sales charge. You may generally purchase or redeem shares of the Fund at multiple times each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open. Purchase orders and redemption orders must be transmitted through a brokerage account (an "Account") with your Financial Intermediary. The Fund does not accept trades through the NSCC Fund/SERV or DCC&S trading platforms. Orders must be received by the Fund prior to the next NAV cut-off time to receive that NAV. You have until the close of the federal funds wire (normally 6:45 p.m. Eastern time) to get your purchase money in to the Fund or your purchase order may be cancelled.

Purchase orders must be placed in dollars.

The Financial Intermediary may impose minimum investment requirements for your Account. The Fund's officers reserve the right to vary or waive any minimum and subsequent investment requirements.

The Fund no longer accepts purchase orders for Select Shares.

Tax Information

Dividends and distributions paid by TempFund may be subject to federal income taxes and may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are a tax-exempt investor or are investing through a retirement plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax when you withdraw or receive distributions from such tax-deferred arrangements.

Payments to Broker/Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of TempFund through a Financial Intermediary, the Fund and BlackRock Investments, LLC, the Fund's distributor, or its affiliates may pay the Financial Intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Financial Intermediary and your individual financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment.

Ask your individual financial professional or visit your Financial Intermediary's website for more information.

Fund Overview

Key Facts About FedFund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of FedFund (the “Fund”), a series of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”), is to seek current income as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Select Shares of FedFund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to your financial professional or your selected securities dealer, broker, investment adviser, service provider or industry professional (including BlackRock Advisors, LLC (“BlackRock”) and its affiliates) (each, a “Financial Intermediary”), which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Select Shares
Management Fee	0.18%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.35%
Other Expenses	0.51%
Shareholder Servicing Fees	0.50%
Miscellaneous/Other Expenses	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.04%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	(0.04)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	1.00%

¹ As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse ordinary operating expenses in order to keep combined Management Fees and Miscellaneous/Other Expenses (excluding Dividend Expense, Interest Expense, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses and certain other Fund expenses) from exceeding 0.17% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement may be terminated upon 90 days’ notice by a majority of the non-interested trustees of the Trust or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund.

² As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, the Fund’s distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive Distribution Fees and/or Shareholder Servicing Fees so that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements of the Select Shares do not exceed 1.00% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement renews automatically for successive one year periods and may be terminated by any party upon written notice 75 days prior to the commencement of a successive one year period.

Example:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Select Shares	\$102	\$327	\$570	\$1,267

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

FedFund invests at least 99.5% of its total assets in cash, U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements secured by such

obligations or cash. The yield of the Fund is not directly tied to the federal funds rate. The Fund invests in securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) and the portfolio will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The Fund may invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis.

The Fund will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Government, its agencies or instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations. This policy is a non-fundamental policy of the Fund and the Fund will not change the policy without providing shareholders with at least 60 days' prior notice of any change in the policy.

The securities purchased by the Fund are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), and other rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Fund will only purchase securities that present minimal credit risk as determined by BlackRock, the Fund's investment manager, pursuant to guidelines approved by the Trust's Board of Trustees.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time. The following is a summary description of principal risks of investing in the Fund. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

- ***Credit Risk*** — Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of a debt security (i.e., the borrower) will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer's credit rating or the market's perception of an issuer's creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund's investment in that issuer.
- ***Income Risk*** — Income risk is the risk that the Fund's yield will vary as short-term securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.
- ***Interest Rate Risk*** — Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will go up or down more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.
- ***Market Risk and Selection Risk*** — Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. The value of a security or other asset may decline due to changes in general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, exchange, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues like pandemics or epidemics, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by Fund management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. This means you may lose money.

A recent outbreak of an infectious coronavirus has developed into a global pandemic that has resulted in numerous disruptions in the market and has had significant economic impact leaving general concern and uncertainty. Because the Fund invests in short-term instruments these events have caused some instruments to have declining yields, which may impair the results of the Fund if these conditions persisted. The impact of this coronavirus, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, could affect the economies of many nations, individual companies and the market in general ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time.

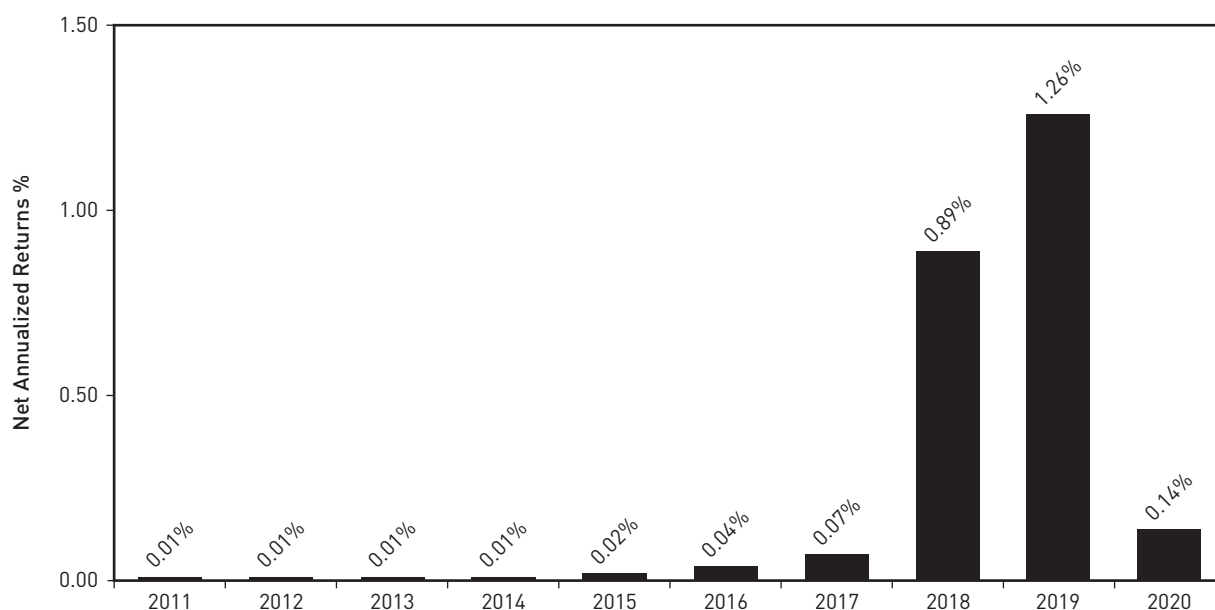
- ***Repurchase Agreements Risk*** — If the other party to a repurchase agreement defaults on its obligation under the agreement, the Fund may suffer delays and incur costs or lose money in exercising its rights under the agreement. If the seller fails to repurchase the security and the market value of the security declines, the Fund may lose money.

- **Stable Net Asset Value Risk** — The Fund may not be able to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share at all times. If the Fund fails to maintain a stable NAV (or if there is a perceived threat of such a failure), the Fund, along with other money market funds, could be subject to increased redemption activity.
- **Treasury Obligations Risk** — Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund.
- **U.S. Government Obligations Risk** — Certain securities in which the Fund may invest, including securities issued by certain U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises, are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government or supported by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- **Variable and Floating Rate Instrument Risk** — Variable and floating rate securities provide for periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. These securities may be subject to greater illiquidity risk than other fixed income securities, meaning the absence of an active market for these securities could make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of them at any given time.
- **When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk** — When-issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security’s price.

Performance Information

The information shows you how FedFund’s performance has varied year by year and provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. As with all such investments, past performance is not an indication of future results. The table includes all applicable fees. If BlackRock and its affiliates had not waived or reimbursed certain Fund expenses during these periods, the Fund’s returns would have been lower. The Fund is a money market fund managed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. Updated information on the Fund’s performance can be obtained by visiting www.blackrock.com/cash or can be obtained by phone at (800) 441-7450.

FedFund
Select Shares
ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS
As of 12/31



During the ten-year period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 0.37% (quarter ended June 30, 2019) and the lowest return for a quarter was 0.00% (quarter ended June 30, 2020).

For the periods ended 12/31/20
Average Annual Total Returns

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
FedFund—Select Shares	0.14%	0.48%	0.24%

7-Day Yield
As of December 31, 2020

FedFund—Select Shares	0.01%
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Current Yield: You may obtain the Fund's current 7-day yield by calling (800) 441-7450 or by visiting the Fund's website at www.blackrock.com/cash.

Investment Manager

FedFund's investment manager is BlackRock Advisors, LLC (previously defined as "BlackRock").

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or sell shares without paying a sales charge. You may generally purchase or redeem shares of FedFund each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Purchase orders and redemption orders must be transmitted through a brokerage account (an "Account") with your Financial Intermediary. The Financial Intermediary may impose minimum investment requirements for your Account. The Fund's officers reserve the right to vary or waive any minimum and subsequent investment requirements.

Tax Information

Dividends and distributions paid by FedFund may be subject to federal income taxes and may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are a tax-exempt investor or are investing through a retirement plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax when you withdraw or receive distributions from such tax-deferred arrangements.

Payments to Broker/Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of FedFund through a Financial Intermediary, the Fund and BlackRock Investments, LLC, the Fund's distributor, or its affiliates may pay the Financial Intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Financial Intermediary and your individual financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment.

Ask your individual financial professional or visit your Financial Intermediary's website for more information.

Fund Overview

Key Facts About T-Fund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of T-Fund (the “Fund”), a series of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”), is to seek current income as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Select Shares of T-Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to your financial professional or your selected securities dealer, broker, investment adviser, service provider or industry professional (including BlackRock Advisors, LLC (“BlackRock”) and its affiliates) (each, a “Financial Intermediary”), which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Select Shares
Management Fee	0.18%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.35%
Other Expenses	0.51%
Shareholder Servicing Fees	0.50%
Miscellaneous/Other Expenses	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.04%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	(0.04)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	1.00%

¹ As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse ordinary operating expenses in order to keep combined Management Fees and Miscellaneous/Other Expenses (excluding Dividend Expense, Interest Expense, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses and certain other Fund expenses) from exceeding 0.17% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement may be terminated upon 90 days’ notice by a majority of the non-interested trustees of the Trust or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund.

² As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, the Fund’s distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive Distribution Fees and/or Shareholder Servicing Fees so that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements of the Select Shares do not exceed 1.00% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement renews automatically for successive one year periods and may be terminated by any party upon written notice 75 days prior to the commencement of a successive one year period.

Example:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Select Shares	\$102	\$327	\$570	\$1,267

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

T-Fund invests at least 99.5% of its total assets in cash, U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Treasury, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations or cash. The Fund invests in securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) and the portfolio will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The Fund may invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis.

The Fund will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations. This policy is a non-fundamental policy of the Fund and the Fund will not change the policy without providing shareholders with at least 60 days' prior notice of any change in the policy.

The securities purchased by the Fund are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), and other rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Fund will only purchase securities that present minimal credit risk as determined by BlackRock, the Fund's investment manager, pursuant to guidelines approved by the Trust's Board of Trustees.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time. The following is a summary description of principal risks of investing in the Fund. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

- ***Credit Risk*** — Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of a debt security (i.e., the borrower) will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer's credit rating or the market's perception of an issuer's creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund's investment in that issuer.
- ***Income Risk*** — Income risk is the risk that the Fund's yield will vary as short-term securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.
- ***Interest Rate Risk*** — Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will go up or down more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.
- ***Market Risk and Selection Risk*** — Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. The value of a security or other asset may decline due to changes in general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, exchange, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues like pandemics or epidemics, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by Fund management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. This means you may lose money.

A recent outbreak of an infectious coronavirus has developed into a global pandemic that has resulted in numerous disruptions in the market and has had significant economic impact leaving general concern and uncertainty. Because the Fund invests in short-term instruments these events have caused some instruments to have declining yields, which may impair the results of the Fund if these conditions persisted. The impact of this coronavirus, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, could affect the economies of many nations, individual companies and the market in general ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time.

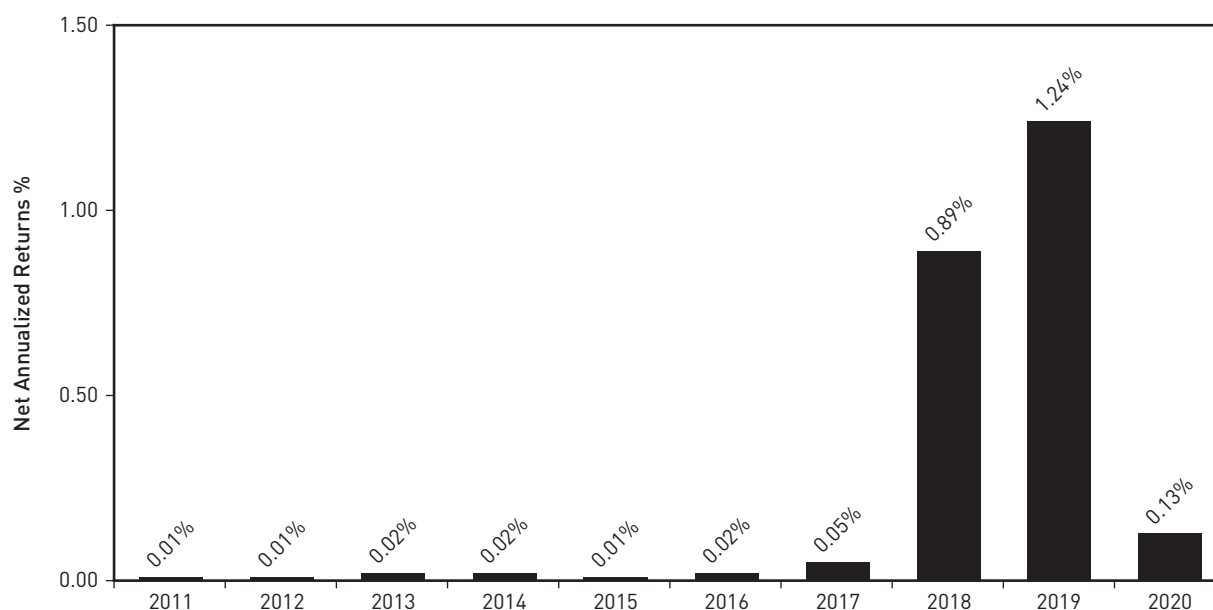
- ***Repurchase Agreements Risk*** — If the other party to a repurchase agreement defaults on its obligation under the agreement, the Fund may suffer delays and incur costs or lose money in exercising its rights under the agreement. If the seller fails to repurchase the security and the market value of the security declines, the Fund may lose money.

- **Stable Net Asset Value Risk** — The Fund may not be able to maintain a stable net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share at all times. If the Fund fails to maintain a stable NAV (or if there is a perceived threat of such a failure), the Fund, along with other money market funds, could be subject to increased redemption activity.
- **Treasury Obligations Risk** — Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund.
- **U.S. Government Obligations Risk** — Certain securities in which the Fund may invest, including securities issued by certain U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises, are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government or supported by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- **Variable and Floating Rate Instrument Risk** — Variable and floating rate securities provide for periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. These securities may be subject to greater illiquidity risk than other fixed income securities, meaning the absence of an active market for these securities could make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of them at any given time.
- **When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk** — When-issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security’s price.

Performance Information

The information shows you how T-Fund’s performance has varied year by year and provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. As with all such investments, past performance is not an indication of future results. The table includes all applicable fees. If BlackRock and its affiliates had not waived or reimbursed certain Fund expenses during these periods, the Fund’s returns would have been lower. The Fund is a money market fund managed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. Updated information on the Fund’s performance can be obtained by visiting www.blackrock.com/cash or can be obtained by phone at (800) 441-7450.

**T-Fund
Select Shares
ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS
As of 12/31**



During the ten-year period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 0.36% (quarter ended June 30, 2019) and the lowest return for a quarter was 0.00% (quarter ended September 30, 2020).

For the periods ended 12/31/20
Average Annual Total Returns

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
T-Fund—Select Shares	0.13%	0.46%	0.24%
	7-Day Yield As of December 31, 2020		
T-Fund—Select Shares	0.02%		

Current Yield: You may obtain the Fund’s current 7-day yield by calling (800) 441-7450 or by visiting the Fund’s website at www.blackrock.com/cash.

Investment Manager

T-Fund’s investment manager is BlackRock Advisors, LLC (previously defined as “BlackRock”).

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or sell shares without paying a sales charge. You may generally purchase or redeem shares of T-Fund each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Purchase orders and redemption orders must be transmitted through a brokerage account (an “Account”) with your Financial Intermediary. The Financial Intermediary may impose minimum investment requirements for your Account. The Fund’s officers reserve the right to vary or waive any minimum and subsequent investment requirements.

Tax Information

Dividends and distributions paid by T-Fund may be subject to federal income taxes and may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are a tax-exempt investor or are investing through a retirement plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax when you withdraw or receive distributions from such tax-deferred arrangements.

Payments to Broker/Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of T-Fund through a Financial Intermediary, the Fund and BlackRock Investments, LLC, the Fund’s distributor, or its affiliates may pay the Financial Intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Financial Intermediary and your individual financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment.

Ask your individual financial professional or visit your Financial Intermediary’s website for more information.

Fund Overview

Key Facts About Treasury Trust Fund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of Treasury Trust Fund (the “Fund”), a series of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”), is to seek current income as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Select Shares of Treasury Trust Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to your financial professional or your selected securities dealer, broker, investment adviser, service provider or industry professional (including BlackRock Advisors, LLC (“BlackRock”) and its affiliates) (each, a “Financial Intermediary”), which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Select Shares
Management Fee	0.18%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.35%
Other Expenses	0.51%
Shareholder Servicing Fees	0.50%
Miscellaneous/Other Expenses	0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.04%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	(0.04)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	1.00%

¹ As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse ordinary operating expenses in order to keep combined Management Fees and Miscellaneous/Other Expenses (excluding Dividend Expense, Interest Expense, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses and certain other Fund expenses) from exceeding 0.17% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement may be terminated upon 90 days’ notice by a majority of the non-interested trustees of the Trust or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund.

² As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, the Fund’s distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive Distribution Fees and/or Shareholder Servicing Fees so that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements of the Select Shares do not exceed 1.00% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement renews automatically for successive one year periods and may be terminated by any party upon written notice 75 days prior to the commencement of a successive one year period.

Example:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Select Shares	\$102	\$327	\$570	\$1,267

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

Treasury Trust Fund invests 100% of its total assets in cash, U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Treasury. The Fund invests in securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) and the portfolio will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The Fund may invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis.

The Fund will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury. This policy is a non-fundamental policy of the Fund and the Fund will not change the policy without providing shareholders with at least 60 days' prior notice of any change in the policy.

The securities purchased by the Fund are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), and other rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Fund will only purchase securities that present minimal credit risk as determined by BlackRock, the Fund's investment manager, pursuant to guidelines approved by the Trust's Board of Trustees.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time. The following is a summary description of principal risks of investing in the Fund. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

- ***Credit Risk*** — Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of a debt security (i.e., the borrower) will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer's credit rating or the market's perception of an issuer's creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund's investment in that issuer.
- ***Income Risk*** — Income risk is the risk that the Fund's yield will vary as short-term securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.
- ***Interest Rate Risk*** — Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will go up or down more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.
- ***Market Risk and Selection Risk*** — Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. The value of a security or other asset may decline due to changes in general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, exchange, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues like pandemics or epidemics, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by Fund management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. This means you may lose money.

A recent outbreak of an infectious coronavirus has developed into a global pandemic that has resulted in numerous disruptions in the market and has had significant economic impact leaving general concern and uncertainty. Because the Fund invests in short-term instruments these events have caused some instruments to have declining yields, which may impair the results of the Fund if these conditions persisted. The impact of this coronavirus, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, could affect the economies of many nations, individual companies and the market in general ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time.

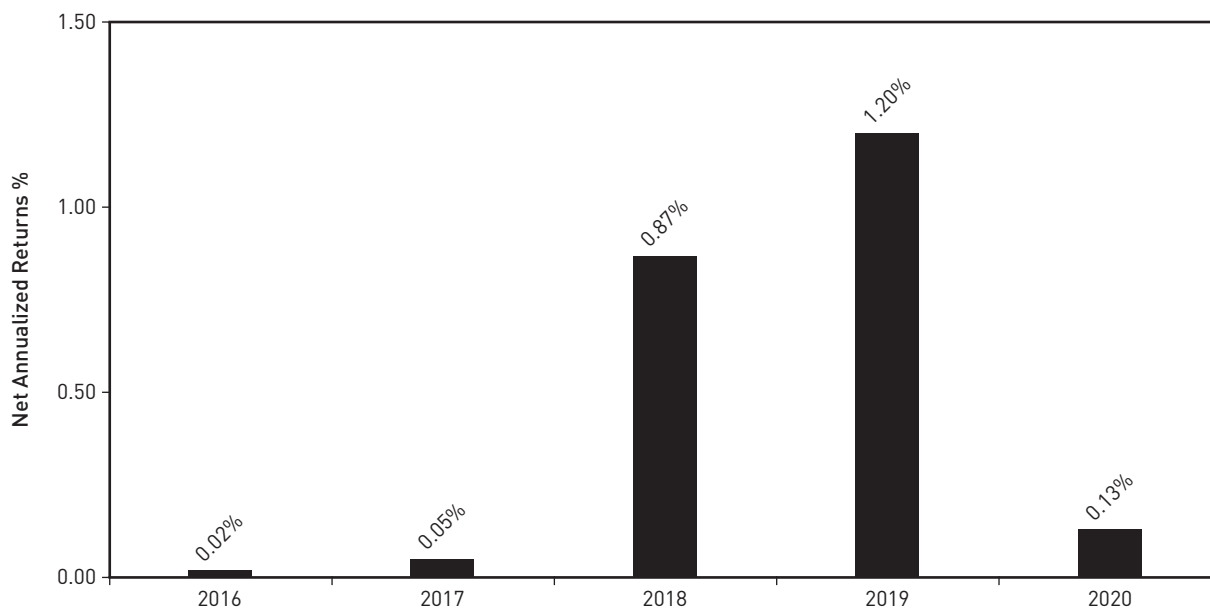
- ***Stable Net Asset Value Risk*** — The Fund may not be able to maintain a stable net asset value ("NAV") of \$1.00 per share at all times. If the Fund fails to maintain a stable NAV (or if there is a perceived threat of such a failure), the Fund, along with other money market funds, could be subject to increased redemption activity.

- **Trading Risk** — In selling securities prior to maturity, the Fund may realize a price higher or lower than that paid to acquire such securities, depending upon whether interest rates have decreased or increased since their acquisition. In addition, shareholders in a state that imposes an income or franchise tax should determine through consultation with their own tax advisors whether the Fund’s interest income, when distributed by the Fund, will be considered by the state to have retained exempt status, and whether the Fund’s capital gain and other income, if any, when distributed, will be subject to the state’s income or franchise tax.
- **Treasury Obligations Risk** — Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund.
- **Variable and Floating Rate Instrument Risk** — Variable and floating rate securities provide for periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. These securities may be subject to greater illiquidity risk than other fixed income securities, meaning the absence of an active market for these securities could make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of them at any given time.
- **When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk** — When-issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security’s price.

Performance Information

The information shows you how Treasury Trust Fund’s performance has varied year by year and provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. As with all such investments, past performance is not an indication of future results. The table includes all applicable fees. If BlackRock and its affiliates had not waived or reimbursed certain Fund expenses during these periods, the Fund’s returns would have been lower. The Fund is a money market fund managed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. Updated information on the Fund’s performance can be obtained by visiting www.blackrock.com/cash or can be obtained by phone at (800) 441-7450.

Treasury Trust Fund
Select Shares
ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS
As of 12/31



During the periods shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 0.36% (quarter ended June 30, 2019) and the lowest return for a quarter was 0.00% (quarter ended December 31, 2020).

For the periods ended 12/31/20
Average Annual Total Returns

	1 Year	5 Years	Since Inception (September 28, 2015)
Treasury Trust Fund—Select Shares	0.13%	0.45%	0.43%

7-Day Yield
As of December 31, 2020

Treasury Trust Fund—Select Shares 0.01%

Current Yield: You may obtain the Fund's current 7-day yield by calling (800) 441-7450 or by visiting the Fund's website at www.blackrock.com/cash.

Investment Manager

Treasury Trust Fund's investment manager is BlackRock Advisors, LLC (previously defined as "BlackRock").

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or sell shares without paying a sales charge. You may generally purchase or redeem shares of Treasury Trust Fund each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Purchase orders and redemption orders must be transmitted through a brokerage account (an "Account") with your Financial Intermediary. The Financial Intermediary may impose minimum investment requirements for your Account. The Fund's officers reserve the right to vary or waive any minimum and subsequent investment requirements.

Tax Information

Dividends and distributions paid by Treasury Trust Fund may be subject to federal income taxes and may be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are a tax-exempt investor or are investing through a retirement plan, in which case you may be subject to federal income tax when you withdraw or receive distributions from such tax-deferred arrangements.

Payments to Broker/Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of Treasury Trust Fund through a Financial Intermediary, the Fund and BlackRock Investments, LLC, the Fund's distributor, or its affiliates may pay the Financial Intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Financial Intermediary and your individual financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment.

Ask your individual financial professional or visit your Financial Intermediary's website for more information.

Fund Overview

Key Facts About California Money Fund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of California Money Fund (the “Fund”), a series of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”), is to seek as high a level of current income that is exempt from federal income tax and, to the extent possible, from California State personal income tax, as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Select Shares of California Money Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to your financial professional or your selected securities dealer, broker, investment adviser, service provider or industry professional (including BlackRock Advisors, LLC (“BlackRock”) and its affiliates) (each, a “Financial Intermediary”), which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Select Shares*
Management Fee	0.38%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.35%
Other Expenses	0.57%
Shareholder Servicing Fees	0.50%
Miscellaneous/Other Expenses	0.07%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.30%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	(0.30)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	1.00%

* Fund currently active, but no assets in share class as of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020.

¹ As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse ordinary operating expenses in order to keep combined Management Fees and Miscellaneous/Other Expenses (excluding Dividend Expense, Interest Expense, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses and certain other Fund expenses) from exceeding 0.20% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement may be terminated upon 90 days’ notice by a majority of the non-interested trustees of the Trust or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund.

² As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, the Fund’s distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive Distribution Fees and/or Shareholder Servicing Fees so that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements of the Select Shares do not exceed 1.00% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement renews automatically for successive one year periods and may be terminated by any party upon written notice 75 days prior to the commencement of a successive one year period.

Example:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Select Shares	\$102	\$382	\$684	\$1,541

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

California Money Fund invests primarily in a broad range of short-term obligations and derivative securities such as beneficial interests in municipal trust certificates and partnership trusts (“Municipal Obligations”) issued by or on behalf of the State of California and its authorities, agencies, instrumentalities and political subdivisions. The Fund may also invest in Municipal Obligations issued by or on behalf of other states, territories and possessions of the United States, the District of Columbia and their respective authorities, agencies, instrumentalities and political subdivisions. Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowing for investment purposes, in Municipal Obligations, the interest on which, in the opinion of counsel to the issuer of the obligation, is exempt from taxation under the Constitution or statutes of California, including municipal securities issued by the State of California and its political subdivisions, as well as certain other governmental issuers, such as the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and Guam, that pay interest that, in the opinion of counsel to the issuer, is exempt from federal income tax and from California personal income tax (“California Municipal Obligations”). Additionally, the Fund may not invest less than 80% of its assets in securities the interest on which is exempt from federal income taxes, except during defensive periods or during periods of unusual market conditions. Dividends paid by the Fund that are derived from interest on California Municipal Obligations are exempt from regular federal and California State personal income tax. Municipal Obligations in which the Fund may invest will also not be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. The Fund invests in securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) and the portfolio will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The Fund may also invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis.

The securities purchased by the Fund are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), and other rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Fund will only purchase securities that present minimal credit risk as determined by BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, pursuant to guidelines approved by the Trust’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”).

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Because the share price of the Fund will fluctuate, when you sell your shares they may be worth more or less than what you originally paid for them. The Fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund’s liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund’s sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time.

The following is a summary description of principal risks of investing in the Fund. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

- ***Credit Risk*** — Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of a debt security (i.e., the borrower) will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer’s credit rating or the market’s perception of an issuer’s creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund’s investment in that issuer.
- ***Foreign Exposure Risk*** — Securities issued or supported by foreign entities, including foreign banks and corporations, may involve additional risks and considerations. Extensive public information about the foreign issuer may not be available, and unfavorable political, economic or governmental developments in the foreign country involved could affect the payment of principal and interest.
- ***Income Risk*** — Income risk is the risk that the Fund’s yield will vary as short-term securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.
- ***Interest Rate Risk*** — Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will go up or down more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from the Fund’s ability to achieve its investment objective.

- **Liquidity Fee and Redemption Gate Risk** — The Board has discretion to impose a liquidity fee of up to 2% upon sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund’s liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. Accordingly, you may not be able to sell your shares or your redemptions may be subject to a liquidity fee when you sell your shares at certain times.
- **Market Risk and Selection Risk** — Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. The value of a security or other asset may decline due to changes in general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, exchange, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues like pandemics or epidemics, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by Fund management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. This means you may lose money.

A recent outbreak of an infectious coronavirus has developed into a global pandemic that has resulted in numerous disruptions in the market and has had significant economic impact leaving general concern and uncertainty. Because the Fund invests in short-term instruments these events have caused some instruments to have declining yields, which may impair the results of the Fund if these conditions persisted. The impact of this coronavirus, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, could affect the economies of many nations, individual companies and the market in general ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time.

- **Municipal Securities Concentration Risk** — From time to time the Fund may invest a substantial amount of its assets in municipal securities whose interest is paid solely from revenues of similar projects. If the Fund concentrates its investments in this manner, it assumes the legal and economic risks relating to such projects and this may have a significant impact on the Fund’s investment performance.
- **Municipal Securities Risks** — Municipal securities risks include the ability of the issuer to repay the obligation, the relative lack of information about certain issuers of municipal securities, and the possibility of future legislative changes which could affect the market for and value of municipal securities. These risks include:

General Obligation Bonds Risks — Timely payments depend on the issuer’s credit quality, ability to raise tax revenues and ability to maintain an adequate tax base.

Revenue Bonds Risks — These payments depend on the money earned by the particular facility or class of facilities, or the amount of revenues derived from another source.

Private Activity Bonds Risks — Municipalities and other public authorities issue private activity bonds to finance development of industrial facilities for use by a private enterprise. The private enterprise pays the principal and interest on the bond, and the issuer does not pledge its faith, credit and taxing power for repayment.

Moral Obligation Bonds Risks — Moral obligation bonds are generally issued by special purpose public authorities of a state or municipality. If the issuer is unable to meet its obligations, repayment of these bonds becomes a moral commitment, but not a legal obligation, of the state or municipality.

Municipal Notes Risks — Municipal notes are shorter term municipal debt obligations. If there is a shortfall in the anticipated proceeds, the notes may not be fully repaid and the Fund may lose money.

Municipal Lease Obligations Risks — In a municipal lease obligation, the issuer agrees to make payments when due on the lease obligation. Although the issuer does not pledge its unlimited taxing power for payment of the lease obligation, the lease obligation is secured by the leased property.

Tax-Exempt Status Risk — The Fund and its investment manager will rely on the opinion of issuers’ bond counsel and, in the case of derivative securities, sponsors’ counsel, on the tax-exempt status of interest on municipal bonds and payments under derivative securities. Neither the Fund nor its investment manager will independently review the bases for those tax opinions, which may ultimately be determined to be incorrect and subject the Fund and its shareholders to substantial tax liabilities.

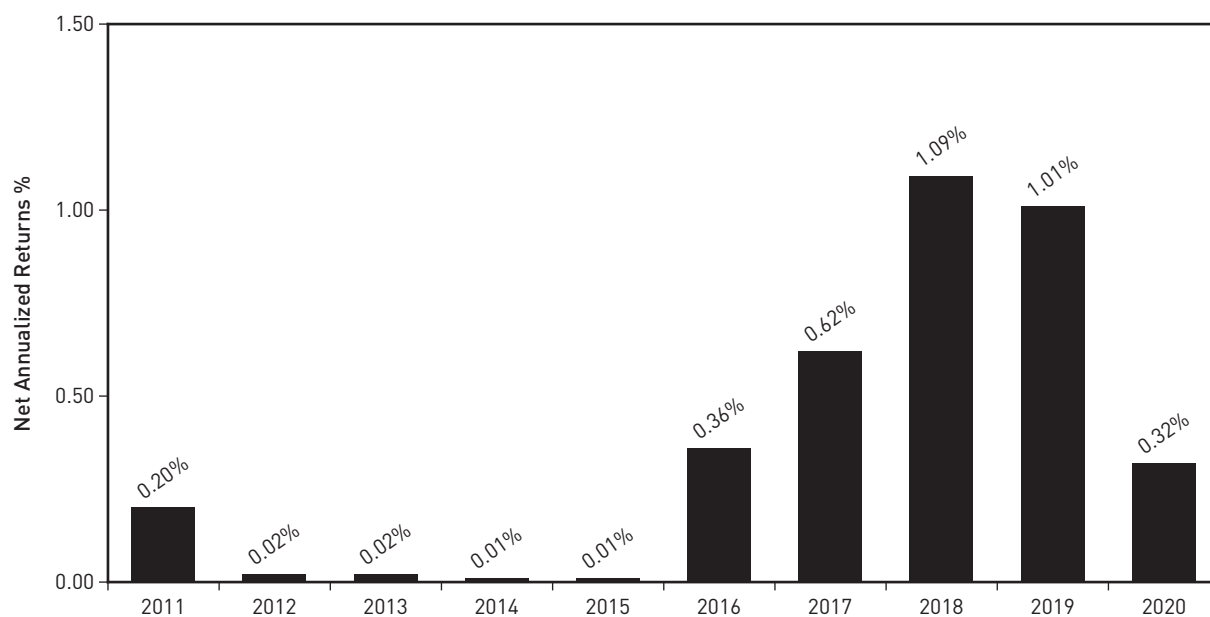
- *Non-Diversification Risk* — The Fund concentrates its investments in securities of issuers located in California. This raises special concerns because the Fund may be more exposed to the risks associated with, and developments affecting, an individual issuer than a fund that invests more widely. In particular, changes in the economic conditions and governmental policies of California and its political subdivisions, including as a result of legislation or litigation changing the taxation of municipal securities or the rights of municipal security holders in the event of bankruptcy, could impact the value of the Fund’s shares.
- *State Specific Risk* — A substantial part of the portfolio of the Fund will, under normal circumstances, be composed of California Municipal Obligations. As a result, the Fund will be more susceptible to any economic, business and political risks or other developments which generally affect California and the issuers of California Municipal Obligations. For more information on the risks associated with California Municipal Obligations, see “Non-Diversification Risk” above and “Details about the Funds—Investment Risks—Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds—State Specific Risk—California Money Fund” below as well as Appendix B to the Statement of Additional Information.
- *Taxability Risk* — Future laws, regulations, rulings or court decisions may cause interest on municipal securities to be subject, directly or indirectly, to U.S. federal income taxation, or currently exempt interest on state municipal securities to be subject to state or local income taxation, or the value of state municipal securities that are currently exempt to be subject to state or local intangible personal property tax, or may otherwise prevent the Fund from realizing the full current benefit of the tax-exempt status of such securities. Any such change could also affect the market price of such securities, and thus the value of an investment in the Fund.
- *Treasury Obligations Risk* — Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund.
- *U.S. Government Obligations Risk* — Certain securities in which the Fund may invest, including securities issued by certain U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises, are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government or supported by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- *Variable and Floating Rate Instrument Risk* — Variable and floating rate securities provide for periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. Certain of these securities may be subject to greater illiquidity risk than other fixed income securities, meaning the absence of an active market for these securities could make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of them at any given time.
- *When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk* — When-issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security’s price.

Performance Information

There are currently no Select Shares of California Money Fund outstanding as of the date of this prospectus. As a result, the chart, the table and the seven-day yield shown below give you a picture of the performance for Institutional Shares of the Fund, which are not offered in this prospectus. The performance of the Fund’s Select Shares would be substantially similar to Institutional Shares because Select Shares and Institutional Shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and performance would only differ to the extent that Select Shares and Institutional Shares have different expenses. The actual returns and seven-day yields of Select Shares would have been lower than those of the Institutional Shares because Select Shares have higher expenses than the Institutional Shares.

The information shows you how California Money Fund’s performance has varied year by year and provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. As with all such investments, past performance is not an indication of future results. The table includes all applicable fees. If BlackRock and its affiliates had not waived or reimbursed certain Fund expenses during these periods, the Fund’s returns would have been lower. The Fund is a money market fund managed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. Effective October 15, 2018, the Fund adopted a floating net asset value (“NAV”) per Fund share. Fund performance shown prior to October 15, 2018 reflects returns from when the Fund maintained a constant NAV per Fund share of \$1.00 and is not an indication of future returns. Updated information on the Fund’s performance can be obtained by visiting www.blackrock.com/cash or can be obtained by phone at (800) 441-7450.

**California Money Fund
Institutional Shares
ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS
As of 12/31**



During the ten-year period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 0.31% (quarter ended December 31, 2018) and the lowest return for a quarter was -0.01% (quarter ended December 31, 2020).

For the periods ended 12/31/20
Average Annual Total Returns

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
California Money Fund—Institutional Shares	0.32%	0.68%	0.36%

7-Day Yield
As of December 31, 2020

California Money Fund—Institutional Shares	0.01%
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Current Yield: You may obtain the Fund's current 7-day yield by calling (800) 441-7450 or by visiting the Fund's website at www.blackrock.com/cash.

Investment Manager

California Money Fund's investment manager is BlackRock Advisors, LLC (previously defined as "BlackRock").

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or sell shares without paying a sales charge. You may generally purchase or redeem shares of the Fund each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open.

Purchase orders and redemption orders must be transmitted through a brokerage account (an "Account") with your Financial Intermediary. You have until the close of the federal funds wire (normally 6:45 p.m. Eastern time) to get your purchase money in to the Fund or your purchase order may be cancelled.

Purchase orders must be placed in dollars.

The Financial Intermediary may impose minimum investment requirements for your Account. The Fund's officers reserve the right to vary or waive any minimum and subsequent investment requirements.

The Fund no longer accepts purchase orders for Select Shares.

Tax Information

California Money Fund anticipates that substantially all of its income dividends will be "exempt-interest dividends," which are generally exempt from regular federal income taxes.

Payments to Broker/Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of California Money Fund through a Financial Intermediary, the Fund and BlackRock Investments, LLC, the Fund's distributor, or its affiliates may pay the Financial Intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Financial Intermediary and your individual financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment.

Ask your individual financial professional or visit your Financial Intermediary's website for more information.

Fund Overview

Key Facts About MuniFund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of MuniFund (the “Fund”), a series of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”), is to seek as high a level of current income exempt from federal income tax as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Select Shares of MuniFund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to your financial professional or your selected securities dealer, broker, investment adviser, service provider or industry professional (including BlackRock Advisors, LLC (“BlackRock”) and its affiliates) (each, a “Financial Intermediary”), which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Select Shares
Management Fee	0.35%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.35%
Other Expenses	0.74%
Shareholder Servicing Fees	0.50%
Miscellaneous/Other Expenses	0.24%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.44%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	(0.44)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	1.00%

¹ As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse ordinary operating expenses in order to keep combined Management Fees and Miscellaneous/Other Expenses (excluding Dividend Expense, Interest Expense, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses and certain other Fund expenses) from exceeding 0.20% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement may be terminated upon 90 days’ notice by a majority of the non-interested trustees of the Trust or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund.

² As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, the Fund’s distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive Distribution Fees and/or Shareholder Servicing Fees so that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements of the Select Shares do not exceed 1.00% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement renews automatically for successive one year periods and may be terminated by any party upon written notice 75 days prior to the commencement of a successive one year period.

Example:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Select Shares	\$102	\$412	\$745	\$1,686

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

Under normal circumstances, MuniFund invests: (i) at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowings for investment purposes, in a broad range of short-term obligations issued by or on behalf of states, territories and possessions of the United States, the District of Columbia, and their respective authorities, agencies, instrumentalities and political subdivisions and derivative securities, such as beneficial interests in municipal trust certificates and partnership trusts (“Municipal Obligations”), the interest on which, in the opinion of counsel to the issuer of the obligation, is exempt from regular federal income tax; or (ii) so that at least 80% of the income distributed by the Fund will be exempt from regular federal income tax. Municipal Obligations in which the Fund may invest will also not be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. The Fund invests in securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) and the portfolio will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The Fund may also invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis.

The securities purchased by the Fund are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), and other rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Fund will only purchase securities that present minimal credit risk as determined by BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, pursuant to guidelines approved by the Trust’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”).

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. The Fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund’s liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund’s sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time.

The following is a summary description of principal risks of investing in the Fund. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

- ***Credit Risk*** — Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of a debt security (i.e., the borrower) will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer’s credit rating or the market’s perception of an issuer’s creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund’s investment in that issuer.
- ***Foreign Exposure Risk*** — Securities issued or supported by foreign entities, including foreign banks and corporations, may involve additional risks and considerations. Extensive public information about the foreign issuer may not be available, and unfavorable political, economic or governmental developments in the foreign country involved could affect the payment of principal and interest.
- ***Income Risk*** — Income risk is the risk that the Fund’s yield will vary as short-term securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.
- ***Interest Rate Risk*** — Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will go up or down more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from the Fund’s ability to achieve its investment objective.
- ***Liquidity Fee and Redemption Gate Risk*** — The Board has discretion to impose a liquidity fee of up to 2% upon sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund’s liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. Accordingly, you may not be able to sell your shares or your redemptions may be subject to a liquidity fee when you sell your shares at certain times.
- ***Market Risk and Selection Risk*** — Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. The value of a security or other asset may decline due to changes in general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, exchange, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. Local, regional or global events such as war,

acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues like pandemics or epidemics, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by Fund management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. This means you may lose money.

A recent outbreak of an infectious coronavirus has developed into a global pandemic that has resulted in numerous disruptions in the market and has had significant economic impact leaving general concern and uncertainty. Because the Fund invests in short-term instruments these events have caused some instruments to have declining yields, which may impair the results of the Fund if these conditions persisted. The impact of this coronavirus, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, could affect the economies of many nations, individual companies and the market in general ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time.

- ***Municipal Securities Concentration Risk*** — From time to time the Fund may invest a substantial amount of its assets in municipal securities whose interest is paid solely from revenues of similar projects. If the Fund concentrates its investments in this manner, it assumes the legal and economic risks relating to such projects and this may have a significant impact on the Fund's investment performance.
- ***Municipal Securities Risks*** — Municipal securities risks include the ability of the issuer to repay the obligation, the relative lack of information about certain issuers of municipal securities, and the possibility of future legislative changes which could affect the market for and value of municipal securities. These risks include:

General Obligation Bonds Risks — Timely payments depend on the issuer's credit quality, ability to raise tax revenues and ability to maintain an adequate tax base.

Revenue Bonds Risks — These payments depend on the money earned by the particular facility or class of facilities, or the amount of revenues derived from another source.

Private Activity Bonds Risks — Municipalities and other public authorities issue private activity bonds to finance development of industrial facilities for use by a private enterprise. The private enterprise pays the principal and interest on the bond, and the issuer does not pledge its faith, credit and taxing power for repayment.

Moral Obligation Bonds Risks — Moral obligation bonds are generally issued by special purpose public authorities of a state or municipality. If the issuer is unable to meet its obligations, repayment of these bonds becomes a moral commitment, but not a legal obligation, of the state or municipality.

Municipal Notes Risks — Municipal notes are shorter term municipal debt obligations. If there is a shortfall in the anticipated proceeds, the notes may not be fully repaid and the Fund may lose money.

Municipal Lease Obligations Risks — In a municipal lease obligation, the issuer agrees to make payments when due on the lease obligation. Although the issuer does not pledge its unlimited taxing power for payment of the lease obligation, the lease obligation is secured by the leased property.

Tax-Exempt Status Risk — The Fund and its investment manager will rely on the opinion of issuers' bond counsel and, in the case of derivative securities, sponsors' counsel, on the tax-exempt status of interest on municipal bonds and payments under derivative securities. Neither the Fund nor its investment manager will independently review the bases for those tax opinions, which may ultimately be determined to be incorrect and subject the Fund and its shareholders to substantial tax liabilities.

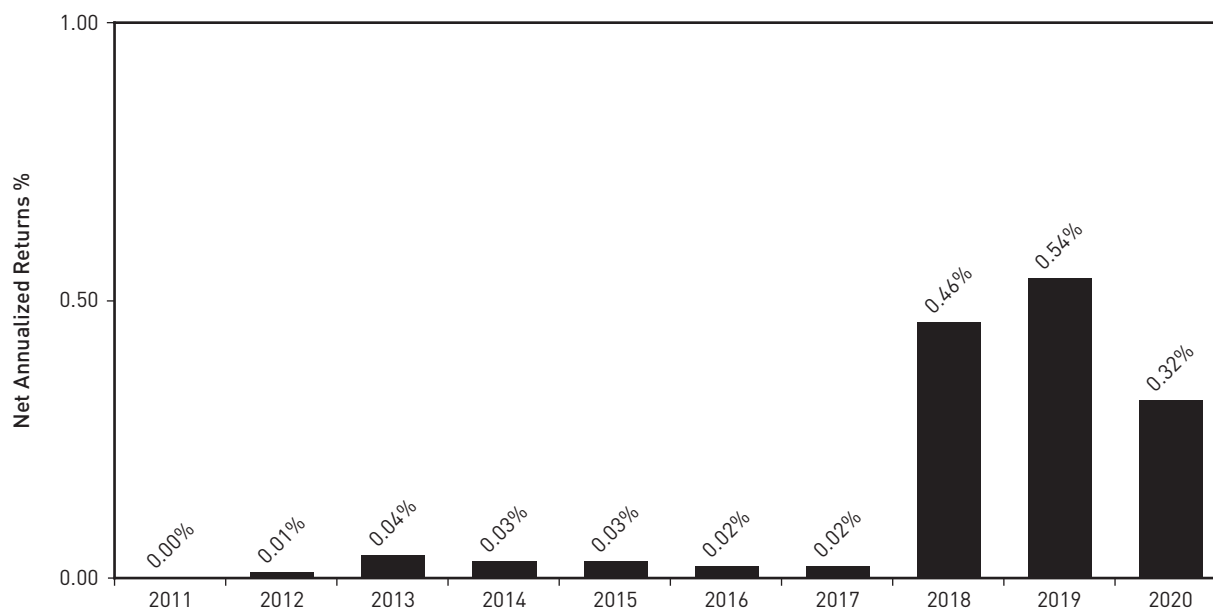
- ***Stable Net Asset Value Risk*** — The Fund may not be able to maintain a stable net asset value ("NAV") of \$1.00 per share at all times. If the Fund fails to maintain a stable NAV (or if there is a perceived threat of such a failure), the Fund, along with other money market funds, could be subject to increased redemption activity.
- ***Taxability Risk*** — Future laws, regulations, rulings or court decisions may cause interest on municipal securities to be subject, directly or indirectly, to U.S. federal income taxation, or currently exempt interest on state municipal securities to be subject to state or local income taxation, or the value of state municipal securities that are currently exempt to be subject to state or local intangible personal property tax, or may otherwise prevent the Fund from realizing the full current benefit of the tax-exempt status of such securities. Any such change could also affect the market price of such securities, and thus the value of an investment in the Fund.

- **Treasury Obligations Risk** — Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund.
- **U.S. Government Obligations Risk** — Certain securities in which the Fund may invest, including securities issued by certain U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises, are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government or supported by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- **Variable and Floating Rate Instrument Risk** — Variable and floating rate securities provide for periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. Certain of these securities may be subject to greater illiquidity risk than other fixed income securities, meaning the absence of an active market for these securities could make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of them at any given time.
- **When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk** — When-issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security’s price.

Performance Information

The information shows you how MuniFund’s performance has varied year by year and provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. As with all such investments, past performance is not an indication of future results. The table includes all applicable fees. If BlackRock and its affiliates had not waived or reimbursed certain Fund expenses during these periods, the Fund’s returns would have been lower. The Fund is a money market fund managed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. Updated information on the Fund’s performance can be obtained by visiting www.blackrock.com/cash or can be obtained by phone at (800) 441-7450.

**MuniFund
Select Shares
ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS
As of 12/31**



During the ten-year period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 0.19% (quarter ended December 31, 2020) and the lowest return for a quarter was 0.00% (quarter ended September 30, 2020).

For the periods ended 12/31/20
Average Annual Total Returns

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
MuniFund—Select Shares	0.32%	0.27%	0.15%

7-Day Yield
As of December 31, 2020

MuniFund—Select Shares	0.01%
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Current Yield: You may obtain the Fund's current 7-day yield by calling (800) 441-7450 or by visiting the Fund's website at www.blackrock.com/cash.

Investment Manager

MuniFund's investment manager is BlackRock Advisors, LLC (previously defined as "BlackRock").

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

The Fund is a retail money market fund and is intended only for sale to beneficial owners who are natural persons.

You may purchase or sell shares without paying a sales charge. You may generally purchase or redeem shares of the Fund each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open.

Purchase orders and redemption orders must be transmitted through a brokerage account (an "Account") with your Financial Intermediary. You have until the close of the federal funds wire (normally 6:45 p.m. Eastern time) to get your purchase money in to the Fund or your purchase order may be cancelled.

The Financial Intermediary may impose minimum investment requirements for your Account. The Fund's officers reserve the right to vary or waive any minimum and subsequent investment requirements.

Tax Information

MuniFund anticipates that substantially all of its income dividends will be "exempt-interest dividends," which are generally exempt from regular federal income taxes.

Payments to Broker/Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of MuniFund through a Financial Intermediary, the Fund and BlackRock Investments, LLC, the Fund's distributor, or its affiliates may pay the Financial Intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Financial Intermediary and your individual financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment.

Ask your individual financial professional or visit your Financial Intermediary's website for more information.

Fund Overview

Key Facts About New York Money Fund

Investment Objective

The investment objective of New York Money Fund (the “Fund”), a series of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”), is to seek as high a level of current income that is exempt from federal income tax and, to the extent possible, from New York State and New York City personal income taxes, as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Select Shares of New York Money Fund. **You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to your financial professional or your selected securities dealer, broker, investment adviser, service provider or industry professional (including BlackRock Advisors, LLC (“BlackRock”) and its affiliates) (each, a “Financial Intermediary”), which are not reflected in the table and example below.**

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Select Shares*
Management Fee	0.38%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.35%
Other Expenses	0.58%
Shareholder Servicing Fees	0.50%
Miscellaneous/Other Expenses	0.08%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.31%
Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	(0.31)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements ^{1,2}	1.00%

* Fund currently active, but no assets in share class as of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020.

¹ As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, has contractually agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse ordinary operating expenses in order to keep combined Management Fees and Miscellaneous/Other Expenses (excluding Dividend Expense, Interest Expense, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses and certain other Fund expenses) from exceeding 0.20% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement may be terminated upon 90 days’ notice by a majority of the non-interested trustees of the Trust or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund.

² As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of the Fund’s prospectus beginning on page 60, the Fund’s distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive Distribution Fees and/or Shareholder Servicing Fees so that the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waivers and/or Expense Reimbursements of the Select Shares do not exceed 1.00% of average daily net assets through February 28, 2022. The agreement renews automatically for successive one year periods and may be terminated by any party upon written notice 75 days prior to the commencement of a successive one year period.

Example:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Select Shares	\$102	\$385	\$688	\$1,552

Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund

New York Money Fund invests primarily in a broad range of short-term obligations and derivative securities such as beneficial interests in municipal trust certificates and partnership trusts (“Municipal Obligations”) issued by or on behalf of the State of New York and its authorities, agencies, instrumentalities and political subdivisions. The Fund may also invest in Municipal Obligations issued by or on behalf of other states, territories and possessions of the United States, the District of Columbia and their respective authorities, agencies, instrumentalities and political subdivisions. Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets, plus the amount of any borrowing for investment purposes, in Municipal Obligations, the interest on which, in the opinion of counsel to the issuer of the obligation, is exempt from taxation under the Constitution or statutes of New York, including municipal securities issued by the State of New York and its political subdivisions, as well as certain other governmental issuers, such as the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and Guam, that pay interest that, in the opinion of counsel to the issuer, is exempt from federal income tax and from New York State and New York City personal income tax (“New York Municipal Obligations”). Additionally, the Fund may not invest less than 80% of its assets in securities the interest on which is exempt from federal income taxes, except during defensive periods or during periods of unusual market conditions. Dividends paid by the Fund that are derived from interest on New York Municipal Obligations are exempt from regular federal, New York State and New York City personal income tax. Municipal Obligations in which the Fund may invest will also not be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. The Fund invests in securities maturing in 397 days or less (with certain exceptions) and the portfolio will have a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. The Fund may also invest in variable and floating rate instruments, and transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis.

The securities purchased by the Fund are subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), and other rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Fund will only purchase securities that present minimal credit risk as determined by BlackRock, the Fund’s investment manager, pursuant to guidelines approved by the Trust’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”).

Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Because the share price of the Fund will fluctuate, when you sell your shares they may be worth more or less than what you originally paid for them. The Fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund’s liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund’s sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time.

The following is a summary description of principal risks of investing in the Fund. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

- ***Credit Risk*** — Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of a debt security (i.e., the borrower) will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer’s credit rating or the market’s perception of an issuer’s creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund’s investment in that issuer.
- ***Foreign Exposure Risk*** — Securities issued or supported by foreign entities, including foreign banks and corporations, may involve additional risks and considerations. Extensive public information about the foreign issuer may not be available, and unfavorable political, economic or governmental developments in the foreign country involved could affect the payment of principal and interest.
- ***Income Risk*** — Income risk is the risk that the Fund’s yield will vary as short-term securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.
- ***Interest Rate Risk*** — Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will go up or down more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from the Fund’s ability to achieve its investment objective.

- ***Liquidity Fee and Redemption Gate Risk*** — The Board has discretion to impose a liquidity fee of up to 2% upon sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund’s liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. Accordingly, you may not be able to sell your shares or your redemptions may be subject to a liquidity fee when you sell your shares at certain times.
- ***Market Risk and Selection Risk*** — Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. The value of a security or other asset may decline due to changes in general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, exchange, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues like pandemics or epidemics, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by Fund management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. This means you may lose money.

A recent outbreak of an infectious coronavirus has developed into a global pandemic that has resulted in numerous disruptions in the market and has had significant economic impact leaving general concern and uncertainty. Because the Fund invests in short-term instruments these events have caused some instruments to have declining yields, which may impair the results of the Fund if these conditions persisted. The impact of this coronavirus, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, could affect the economies of many nations, individual companies and the market in general ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time.

- ***Municipal Securities Concentration Risk*** — From time to time the Fund may invest a substantial amount of its assets in municipal securities whose interest is paid solely from revenues of similar projects. If the Fund concentrates its investments in this manner, it assumes the legal and economic risks relating to such projects and this may have a significant impact on the Fund’s investment performance.
- ***Municipal Securities Risks*** — Municipal securities risks include the ability of the issuer to repay the obligation, the relative lack of information about certain issuers of municipal securities, and the possibility of future legislative changes which could affect the market for and value of municipal securities. These risks include:

General Obligation Bonds Risks — Timely payments depend on the issuer’s credit quality, ability to raise tax revenues and ability to maintain an adequate tax base.

Revenue Bonds Risks — These payments depend on the money earned by the particular facility or class of facilities, or the amount of revenues derived from another source.

Private Activity Bonds Risks — Municipalities and other public authorities issue private activity bonds to finance development of industrial facilities for use by a private enterprise. The private enterprise pays the principal and interest on the bond, and the issuer does not pledge its faith, credit and taxing power for repayment.

Moral Obligation Bonds Risks — Moral obligation bonds are generally issued by special purpose public authorities of a state or municipality. If the issuer is unable to meet its obligations, repayment of these bonds becomes a moral commitment, but not a legal obligation, of the state or municipality.

Municipal Notes Risks — Municipal notes are shorter term municipal debt obligations. If there is a shortfall in the anticipated proceeds, the notes may not be fully repaid and the Fund may lose money.

Municipal Lease Obligations Risks — In a municipal lease obligation, the issuer agrees to make payments when due on the lease obligation. Although the issuer does not pledge its unlimited taxing power for payment of the lease obligation, the lease obligation is secured by the leased property.

Tax-Exempt Status Risk — The Fund and its investment manager will rely on the opinion of issuers' bond counsel and, in the case of derivative securities, sponsors' counsel, on the tax-exempt status of interest on municipal bonds and payments under derivative securities. Neither the Fund nor its investment manager will independently review the bases for those tax opinions, which may ultimately be determined to be incorrect and subject the Fund and its shareholders to substantial tax liabilities.

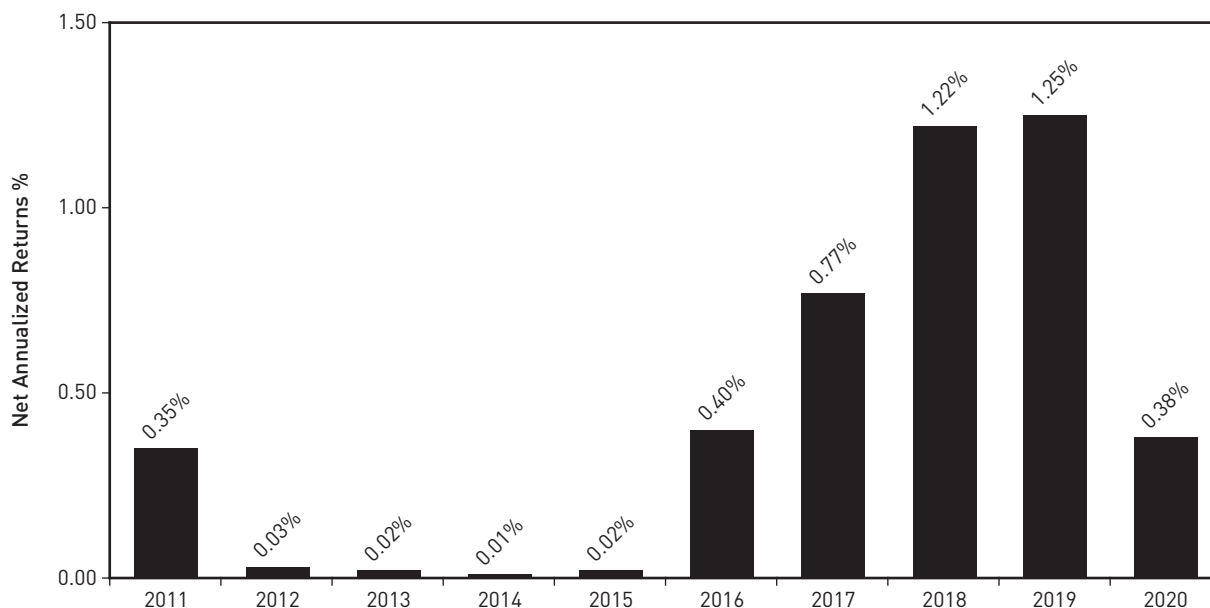
- *Non-Diversification Risk* — The Fund concentrates its investments in securities of issuers located in New York. This raises special concerns because the Fund may be more exposed to the risks associated with, and developments affecting, an individual issuer than a fund that invests more widely. In particular, changes in the economic conditions and governmental policies of New York and its political subdivisions, including as a result of legislation or litigation changing the taxation of municipal securities or the rights of municipal security holders in the event of bankruptcy, could impact the value of the Fund's shares.
- *State Specific Risk* — A substantial part of the portfolio of the Fund will, under normal circumstances, be comprised of New York Municipal Obligations. As a result, the Fund will be more susceptible to any general economic and business conditions and changes in political, social, economic and environmental conditions or other developments which generally affect New York and the issuers of New York Municipal Obligations. For more information on the risks associated with New York Municipal Obligations, see "Non-Diversification Risk" above and "Details about the Funds—Investment Risks—Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds—State Specific Risk—New York Money Fund" below as well as Appendix C to the Statement of Additional Information.
- *Taxability Risk* — Future laws, regulations, rulings or court decisions may cause interest on municipal securities to be subject, directly or indirectly, to U.S. federal income taxation, or currently exempt interest on state municipal securities to be subject to state or local income taxation, or the value of state municipal securities that are currently exempt to be subject to state or local intangible personal property tax, or may otherwise prevent the Fund from realizing the full current benefit of the tax-exempt status of such securities. Any such change could also affect the market price of such securities, and thus the value of an investment in the Fund.
- *Treasury Obligations Risk* — Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund.
- *U.S. Government Obligations Risk* — Certain securities in which the Fund may invest, including securities issued by certain U.S. Government agencies and U.S. Government sponsored enterprises, are not guaranteed by the U.S. Government or supported by the full faith and credit of the United States.
- *Variable and Floating Rate Instrument Risk* — Variable and floating rate securities provide for periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. Certain of these securities may be subject to greater illiquidity risk than other fixed income securities, meaning the absence of an active market for these securities could make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of them at any given time.
- *When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk* — When-issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

Performance Information

There are currently no Select Shares of New York Money Fund outstanding as of the date of this prospectus. As a result, the chart, the table and the seven-day yield shown below give you a picture of the performance for Institutional Shares of the Fund, which are not offered in this prospectus. The performance of the Fund’s Select Shares would be substantially similar to Institutional Shares because Select Shares and Institutional Shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and performance would only differ to the extent that Select Shares and Institutional Shares have different expenses. The actual returns and seven-day yields of Select Shares would have been lower than those of the Institutional Shares because Select Shares have higher expenses than the Institutional Shares.

The information shows you how New York Money Fund’s performance has varied year by year and provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. As with all such investments, past performance is not an indication of future results. The table includes all applicable fees. If BlackRock and its affiliates had not waived or reimbursed certain Fund expenses during these periods, the Fund’s returns would have been lower. The Fund is a money market fund managed pursuant to the requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. Effective October 15, 2018, the Fund adopted a floating net asset value (“NAV”) per Fund share. Fund performance shown prior to October 15, 2018 reflects returns from when the Fund maintained a constant NAV per Fund share of \$1.00 and is not an indication of future returns. Updated information on the Fund’s performance can be obtained by visiting www.blackrock.com/cash or can be obtained by phone at (800) 441-7450.

**New York Money Fund
Institutional Shares
ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS
As of 12/31**



During the ten-year period shown in the bar chart, the highest return for a quarter was 0.38% (quarter ended June 30, 2019) and the lowest return for a quarter was 0.00% (quarter ended December 31, 2020).

For the periods ended 12/31/20
Average Annual Total Returns

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
New York Money Fund—Institutional Shares	0.38%	0.80%	0.44%

7-Day Yield
As of December 31, 2020

New York Money Fund—Institutional Shares	0.01%
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Current Yield: You may obtain the Fund's current 7-day yield by calling (800) 441-7450 or by visiting the Fund's website at www.blackrock.com/cash.

Investment Manager

New York Money Fund's investment manager is BlackRock Advisors, LLC (previously defined as "BlackRock").

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase or sell shares without paying a sales charge. You may generally purchase or redeem shares of the Fund each day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open.

Purchase orders and redemption orders must be transmitted through a brokerage account (an "Account") with your Financial Intermediary. You have until the close of the federal funds wire (normally 6:45 p.m. Eastern time) to get your purchase money in to the Fund or your purchase order may be cancelled.

Purchase orders must be placed in dollars.

The Financial Intermediary may impose minimum investment requirements for your Account. The Fund's officers reserve the right to vary or waive any minimum and subsequent investment requirements.

The Fund no longer accepts purchase orders for Select Shares.

Tax Information

New York Money Fund anticipates that substantially all of its income dividends will be "exempt-interest dividends," which are generally exempt from regular federal income taxes.

Payments to Broker/Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of New York Money Fund through a Financial Intermediary, the Fund and BlackRock Investments, LLC, the Fund's distributor, or its affiliates may pay the Financial Intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Financial Intermediary and your individual financial professional to recommend the Fund over another investment.

Ask your individual financial professional or visit your Financial Intermediary's website for more information.

Details About the Funds

Included in this prospectus are sections that tell you about your shareholder rights, buying and selling shares, management information, and shareholder features of TempFund, California Money Fund and New York Money Fund, each of which is a non-retail, non-government money market fund under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”) (each an “Institutional Fund”); FedFund, T-Fund and Treasury Trust Fund, each a government money market fund under Rule 2a-7 (each a “Government Fund”); and MuniFund, a retail money market fund under Rule 2a-7 (the “Retail Fund,” and collectively with the Institutional Funds and the Government Funds, the “Funds”). Each Fund is a series of BlackRock Liquidity Funds (the “Trust”).

How Each Fund Invests

- Each Fund will maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and a dollar-weighted average life of 120 days or less. For a discussion of dollar-weighted average maturity and dollar-weighted average life, please see the Glossary on page 72.
- Pursuant to Rule 2a-7, each Fund is subject to a “general liquidity requirement” that requires that each Fund hold securities that are sufficiently liquid to meet reasonably foreseeable shareholder redemptions in light of its obligations under Section 22(e) of the 1940 Act regarding share redemptions and any commitments the Fund has made to shareholders. To comply with this general liquidity requirement, BlackRock Advisors, LLC (“BlackRock”) must consider factors that could affect the Fund’s liquidity needs, including characteristics of the Fund’s investors and their likely redemptions. Depending upon the volatility of its cash flows (particularly shareholder redemptions), this may require a Fund to maintain greater liquidity than would be required by the daily and weekly minimum liquidity requirements discussed below.
- No Fund will acquire any illiquid security (*i.e.*, securities that cannot be sold or disposed of in the ordinary course of business within seven days at approximately the value ascribed to them by the Fund) if, immediately following such purchase, more than 5% of the Fund’s total assets are invested in illiquid securities.
- No Fund (other than California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund) will acquire any security other than a daily liquid asset unless, immediately following such purchase, at least 10% of its total assets would be invested in daily liquid assets, and no Fund will acquire any security other than a weekly liquid asset unless, immediately following such purchase, at least 30% of its total assets would be invested in weekly liquid assets. For a discussion of daily liquid assets and weekly liquid assets, please see the Glossary on page 72.
- Each Government Fund and the Retail Fund seeks to maintain a net asset value (“NAV”) of \$1.00 per share.
- Each Institutional Fund’s NAV per share, calculated as described in “Account Information—Valuation of Fund Investments and Price of Fund Shares,” will be quoted to the fourth decimal place (e.g., \$1.0000), and is expected to fluctuate from time to time.

The Trust’s Board of Trustees (the “Board”) will be permitted to impose a liquidity fee on redemptions from each Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund (up to 2%) or temporarily restrict redemptions from each Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund for up to 10 business days during a 90 day period under certain circumstances. Please see the section below titled “Account Information—Liquidity Fees and Redemption Gates” for additional information about liquidity fees and redemption gates. The Board has chosen not to subject the Government Funds to liquidity fees or redemption gates due to declines in such Government Fund’s weekly liquid assets. If the Board changes this policy with respect to liquidity fees or redemption gates, such change would become effective only after shareholders are provided with advance notice of the change.

Investment Objectives

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Investment Objective</u>
TempFund	The Fund seeks as high a level of current income as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.
FedFund T-Fund Treasury Trust Fund	Each Fund seeks current income as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Fund	Investment Objective
California Money Fund	The Fund seeks as high a level of current income that is exempt from federal income tax and, to the extent possible, from California State personal income tax, as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.
MuniFund	The Fund seeks as high a level of current income exempt from federal income tax as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.
New York Money Fund	The Fund seeks as high a level of current income that is exempt from federal income tax and, to the extent possible, from New York State and New York City personal income taxes, as is consistent with liquidity and stability of principal.

Except for MuniFund, the investment objective of each Fund may be changed by the Board without shareholder approval.

Investment Process

Each Fund invests in securities maturing within 397 days or less from the date of purchase, with certain exceptions. For example, certain government securities held by a Fund may have remaining maturities exceeding 397 days if such securities provide for adjustments in their interest rates not less frequently than every 397 days.

The securities purchased by a Fund are also subject to the quality, diversification, and other requirements of Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, and other rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). Each Fund will purchase securities (or issuers of such securities) that are Eligible Securities that present minimal credit risk as determined by BlackRock pursuant to guidelines approved by the Board. For a discussion of Eligible Securities, please see the Glossary.

Principal Investment Strategies

Each Fund’s principal investment strategies are described under the heading “Principal Investment Strategies of the Fund” in each Fund’s “Key Facts” section included in “Fund Overview.” The following is additional information concerning the investment strategies of the Funds.

TempFund and MuniFund

Pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, each Fund will generally limit its purchases of any one issuer’s securities (other than U.S. Government obligations and repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities) to 5% of the Fund’s total assets, except that up to 25% of its total assets may be invested in securities of one issuer for a period of up to three business days; provided that a Fund may not invest in the securities of more than one issuer in accordance with the foregoing exception at any one time.

Additionally, a security purchased by each Fund (or the issuers of such securities) will be:

- a security that has ratings at the time of purchase (or which are guaranteed or in some cases otherwise supported by credit supports with such ratings) in the highest rating category by at least two unaffiliated nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (“NRSROs”), or one NRSRO, if the security or guarantee was only rated by one NRSRO;
- a security that is issued or guaranteed by a person with such ratings;
- a security without such short-term ratings that has been determined to be of comparable quality by BlackRock;
- a security issued by other open-end investment companies that invest in the type of obligations in which the Fund may invest; or
- a security issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Appendix A to the Statement of Additional Information (the “SAI”) contains a description of the relevant rating symbols used by several NRSROs for various types of debt obligations.

TempFund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund

During periods of unusual market conditions or during temporary defensive periods, each Fund may depart from its principal investment strategies. Each Fund may hold uninvested cash reserves pending investment, during temporary defensive periods, or if, in the opinion of BlackRock, suitable tax-exempt obligations are unavailable. Uninvested cash reserves may not earn income.

California Money Fund and New York Money Fund

Pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, with respect to 75% of its total assets, each Fund will generally limit its purchases of any one issuer’s securities (other than U.S. Government obligations and repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities) to 5% of the Fund’s total assets.

Principal Investments

The section below describes the particular types of securities in which a Fund principally invests. Each Fund may, from time to time, make other types of investments and pursue other investment strategies in support of its overall investment goal. These supplemental investment strategies are described in the SAI. The SAI also describes the Funds’ policies and procedures concerning the disclosure of portfolio holdings.

Bank Obligations. *TempFund.* The Fund may purchase obligations of issuers in the banking industry, such as bank holding company obligations, bank commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bank notes and time deposits issued or supported by the credit of domestic banks or savings institutions and U.S. dollar-denominated instruments issued or supported by the credit of foreign banks or savings institutions having total assets at the time of purchase in excess of \$1 billion. The Fund may also make interest-bearing savings deposits in domestic commercial and savings banks. The Fund may also invest in obligations of foreign banks or foreign branches of U.S. banks where BlackRock deems the instrument to present minimal credit risk.

Commercial Paper. *TempFund.* The Fund may invest in commercial paper, short-term notes and corporate bonds of domestic corporations that meet the Fund’s quality and maturity requirements, which are short-term securities with maturities of 1 to 397 days, issued by banks, corporations and others. In addition, commercial paper purchased by the Fund may include instruments issued by foreign issuers, except that the Fund may only invest up to 5% of its assets in non-bank commercial paper issued by foreign issuers.

Funding Agreements. *TempFund.* The Fund may make investments in obligations, such as guaranteed investment contracts and similar funding agreements, issued by highly rated U.S. insurance companies. Funding agreement investments that do not provide for payment within seven days after notice are subject to the Fund’s policy regarding investments in illiquid securities.

Loan Participations. *TempFund.* The Fund may invest in loan participations. Loan participations are interests in loans which are administered by the lending bank or agent for a syndicate of lending banks, and sold by the lending bank or syndicate member.

Master Demand or Term Notes. *TempFund.* The Fund may invest in master demand or term notes payable in U.S. dollars and issued or guaranteed by U.S. and foreign corporations or other entities. A master demand or term note typically permits the investment of varying amounts by the Fund under an agreement between the Fund and an issuer. The principal amount of a master demand or term note may be increased from time to time by the parties (subject to specified maximums) or decreased by the issuer. In some instances, such notes may be supported by collateral. Collateral, if any, for a master demand or term note may include types of securities that the Fund could not hold directly.

Mortgage- and Asset-Backed Obligations. *TempFund.* The Fund may invest in debt securities that are backed by a pool of assets, usually loans such as mortgages, installment sale contracts, credit card receivables or other assets (“asset-backed securities”).

Municipal Obligations. *California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Each Fund may purchase Municipal Obligations which are classified as “general obligation” securities or “revenue” securities. Revenue securities include private activity bonds which are not payable from the unrestricted revenues of the issuer. Consequently, the credit quality of private activity bonds is usually directly related to the credit standing of the corporate user of the facility involved. Interest paid on

private activity bonds will be exempt from regular federal income tax. Other Municipal Obligations in which each Fund may invest include custodial receipts, tender option bonds and Rule 144A securities. Each Fund may also invest in “moral obligation” bonds, which are bonds that are supported by the moral commitment, but not the legal obligation, of a state or community.

Repurchase Agreements. *TempFund, FedFund and T-Fund.* Each Fund may enter into repurchase agreements. Repurchase agreements are similar in certain respects to collateralized loans, but are structured as a purchase of securities by a Fund, subject to the seller’s agreement to repurchase the securities at a mutually agreed upon date and price. Under a repurchase agreement, the seller is required to furnish collateral at least equal in value or market price to the amount of the seller’s repurchase obligation. Collateral for T-Fund repurchase agreements may include cash, U.S. Treasury bills, notes and other obligations issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. Treasury. Collateral for FedFund repurchase agreements may include cash and obligations issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities. Collateral for TempFund repurchase agreements may include cash, obligations issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities, and obligations rated in the highest category by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (“NRSROs”), or, if unrated, determined to be of comparable quality by BlackRock pursuant to guidelines approved by the Board. For TempFund, however, collateral is not limited to the foregoing and may include, for example, obligations rated in any category by NRSROs. Additionally, collateral for a repurchase agreement may include other types of securities that TempFund could not hold directly without the repurchase obligation.

The Funds may transfer uninvested cash balances into a single joint account at the Funds’ custodian bank, the daily aggregate balance of which will be invested in one or more repurchase agreements.

Stand-by Commitments. *California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Each Fund may acquire stand-by commitments with respect to Municipal Obligations held in its portfolio. Each Fund will acquire stand-by commitments solely to facilitate portfolio liquidity and does not intend to exercise its rights thereunder for trading purposes.

U.S. Government Obligations. *TempFund, FedFund, T-Fund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Each Fund may purchase obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government or its agencies, authorities, instrumentalities and sponsored enterprises, and related custodial receipts.

U.S. Treasury Obligations. *All Funds.* Each Fund may invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Each Fund may also invest in Treasury receipts where the principal and interest components are traded separately under the Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (“STRIPS”) program.

Variable and Floating Rate Instruments. *All Funds.* Each Fund may purchase variable or floating rate notes, which are instruments that provide for adjustments in the interest rate on certain reset dates or whenever a specified interest rate index changes, respectively.

When-Issued, Delayed Delivery and Forward Commitment Transactions. *All Funds.* Each Fund may transact in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis. Each Fund expects that commitments to purchase securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis will not exceed 25% of the value of its total assets absent unusual market conditions. No Fund intends to purchase securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis for speculative purposes but only in furtherance of its investment objective. No Fund receives income from securities purchased on a when-issued, delayed delivery or forward commitment basis prior to delivery of such securities.

Other Investments

In addition to the principal investments described above, each Fund (except as noted below) may also invest or engage in the following investments/strategies:

Borrowing. *All Funds.* During periods of unusual market conditions, each Fund is authorized to borrow money from banks or other lenders on a temporary basis to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act, the rules and regulations thereunder and any applicable exemptive relief. The Funds will borrow money when BlackRock believes that the return from securities purchased with borrowed funds will be greater than the cost of the borrowing. Such borrowings may be secured or unsecured. No Fund will purchase portfolio securities while borrowings in excess of 5% of such Fund’s total assets are outstanding.

Illiquid Investments. *All Funds.* No Fund will invest more than 5% of the value of its respective total assets in illiquid securities that it cannot sell in the ordinary course within seven days at approximately current value.

Investment Company Securities. *TempFund, FedFund, T-Fund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Each Fund may invest in securities issued by other open-end or closed-end investment companies, including affiliated investment companies, as permitted by the 1940 Act. A *pro rata* portion of the other investment companies' expenses may be borne by the Fund's shareholders. These investments may include, as consistent with a Fund's investment objective and policies, certain variable rate demand securities issued by closed-end funds, which invest primarily in portfolios of taxable or tax-exempt securities. It is anticipated that the payments made on variable rate demand securities issued by closed-end municipal bond funds will be exempt from federal income tax.

Municipal Obligations. *TempFund.* The Fund may, when deemed appropriate by BlackRock in light of its investment objective, invest in high quality, short-term Municipal Obligations issued by state and local governmental issuers which carry yields that are competitive with those of other types of money market instruments of comparable quality.

Restricted Securities. *TempFund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Restricted securities are securities that cannot be offered for public resale unless registered under the applicable securities laws or that have a contractual restriction that prohibits or limits their resale. They may include Rule 144A securities, which are privately placed securities that can be resold to qualified institutional buyers but not to the general public, and securities of U.S. and non-U.S. issuers that are offered pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Reverse Repurchase Agreements. *TempFund, FedFund and T-Fund.* Each Fund may enter into reverse repurchase agreements. A Fund is permitted to invest up to one-third of its total assets in reverse repurchase agreements. Investments in reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions (described below) will be aggregated for purposes of this investment limitation.

Securities Lending. *TempFund, FedFund and T-Fund.* Each Fund may lend its securities with a value of up to one-third of its total assets (including the value of the collateral for the loan) to qualified brokers, dealers, banks and other financial institutions for the purpose of realizing additional net investment income through the receipt of interest on the loan. Investments in reverse repurchase agreements (described above) and securities lending transactions will be aggregated for purposes of this investment limitation.

Investment Risks

The following paragraph is applicable to TempFund, California Money Fund and New York Money Fund:

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in a Fund. Because the share price of a Fund will fluctuate, when you sell your shares they may be worth more or less than what you originally paid for them. A Fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund's liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in a Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Funds' sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to a Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to a Fund at any time.

The following paragraph is applicable to FedFund, T-Fund and Treasury Trust Fund:

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in a Fund. Although each Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in a Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Funds' sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to a Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to a Fund at any time.

The following paragraph is applicable to MuniFund:

Risk is inherent in all investing. You could lose money by investing in the Fund. Although the Fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. The Fund may impose a fee upon the sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund's liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The Fund's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time.

The following is a description of certain risks of investing in the Funds. The order of the below risk factors does not indicate the significance of any particular risk factor.

Principal Risks of Investing in the Funds

Credit Risk. *All Funds.* Credit risk refers to the possibility that the issuer of a debt security (i.e., the borrower) will not be able to make payments of interest and principal when due. Changes in an issuer's credit rating or the market's perception of an issuer's creditworthiness may also affect the value of the Fund's investment in that issuer. The degree of credit risk depends on both the financial condition of the issuer and the terms of the obligation.

Extension Risk. *TempFund.* When interest rates rise, certain obligations will be paid off by the obligor more slowly than anticipated, causing the value of these securities to fall. Rising interest rates tend to extend the duration of securities, making them more sensitive to changes in interest rates. The value of longer-term securities generally changes more in response to changes in interest rates than shorter-term securities. As a result, in a period of rising interest rates, securities may exhibit additional volatility and may lose value.

Foreign Exposure Risk. *TempFund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Securities issued or supported by foreign entities, including foreign banks and corporations, may involve additional risks and considerations. Extensive public information about the foreign issuer may not be available, and unfavorable political, economic or governmental developments in the foreign country involved could affect the payment of principal and interest.

Income Risk. *All Funds.* The Fund's yield will vary as the short-term securities in its portfolio mature and the proceeds are reinvested in securities with different interest rates.

Interest Rate Risk. *All Funds.* Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a debt security may fall when interest rates rise. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will go up or down more in response to changes in interest rates than the market price of shorter-term securities. Due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund. Very low or negative interest rates may magnify interest rate risk. During periods of very low or negative interest rates, the Fund may be unable to maintain positive returns or pay dividends to Fund shareholders. Changing interest rates, including rates that fall below zero, may have unpredictable effects on markets, may result in heightened market volatility and may detract from the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective.

Liquidity Fee and Redemption Gate Risk. *TempFund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* The Board has discretion to impose a liquidity fee of up to 2% upon sale of your shares or may temporarily suspend your ability to sell shares if the Fund's liquidity falls below required minimums because of market conditions or other factors. Accordingly, you may not be able to sell your shares or your redemptions may be subject to a liquidity fee when you sell your shares at certain times.

Market Risk and Selection Risk. Market risk is the risk that one or more markets in which the Fund invests will go down in value, including the possibility that the markets will go down sharply and unpredictably. The value of a security or other asset may decline due to changes in general market conditions, economic trends or events that are not specifically related to the issuer of the security or other asset, or factors that affect a particular issuer or issuers, exchange, country, group of countries, region, market, industry, group of industries, sector or asset class. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues like pandemics or epidemics, recessions, or other events could have a significant impact on the Fund and its investments. Selection risk is the risk that the securities selected by Fund management will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. This means you may lose money.

A recent outbreak of an infectious coronavirus has developed into a global pandemic that has resulted in numerous disruptions in the market and has had significant economic impact leaving general concern and uncertainty. Because the Fund invests in short-term instruments these events have caused some instruments to have declining yields, which may impair the results of the Fund if these conditions persisted. The impact of this coronavirus, and other epidemics and pandemics that may arise in the future, could affect the economies of many nations, individual companies and the market in general ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time.

Mortgage- and Asset-Backed Securities Risks. *TempFund.* Mortgage-backed securities (residential and commercial) and asset-backed securities represent interests in "pools" of mortgages or other assets, including consumer loans or receivables held in trust. Although asset-backed and commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS") generally experience less prepayment than residential mortgage-backed securities, mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, like traditional fixed-income securities, are subject to credit, interest rate, prepayment and extension risks.

Small movements in interest rates (both increases and decreases) may quickly and significantly reduce the value of certain mortgage-backed securities. The Fund's investments in asset-backed securities are subject to risks similar to those associated with mortgage-related securities, as well as additional risks associated with the nature of the assets and the servicing of those assets. These securities also are subject to the risk of default on the underlying mortgages or assets, particularly during periods of economic downturn. Certain CMBS are issued in several classes with different levels of yield and credit protection. The Fund's investments in CMBS with several classes may be in the lower classes that have greater risks than the higher classes, including greater interest rate, credit and prepayment risks.

Mortgage-backed securities may be either pass-through securities or collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs"). Pass-through securities represent a right to receive principal and interest payments collected on a pool of mortgages, which are passed through to security holders. CMOs are created by dividing the principal and interest payments collected on a pool of mortgages into several revenue streams ("tranches") with different priority rights to portions of the underlying mortgage payments. Certain CMO tranches may represent a right to receive interest only ("IOs"), principal only ("POs") or an amount that remains after floating-rate tranches are paid (an "inverse floater"). These securities are frequently referred to as "mortgage derivatives" and may be extremely sensitive to changes in interest rates. Interest rates on inverse floaters, for example, vary inversely with a short-term floating rate (which may be reset periodically). Interest rates on inverse floaters will decrease when short-term rates increase, and will increase when short-term rates decrease. These securities have the effect of providing a degree of investment leverage. In response to changes in market interest rates or other market conditions, the value of an inverse floater may increase or decrease at a multiple of the increase or decrease in the value of the underlying securities. If the Fund invests in CMO tranches (including CMO tranches issued by government agencies) and interest rates move in a manner not anticipated by Fund management, it is possible that the Fund could lose all or substantially all of its investment. Certain mortgage-backed securities in which the Fund may invest may also provide a degree of investment leverage, which could cause the Fund to lose all or substantially all of its investment.

The mortgage market in the United States has experienced difficulties that may adversely affect the performance and market value of certain of the Fund's mortgage-related investments. Delinquencies and losses on mortgage loans (including subprime and second-lien mortgage loans) generally have increased and may continue to increase, and a decline in or flattening of real estate values (as has been experienced and may continue to be experienced in many housing markets) may exacerbate such delinquencies and losses. Also, a number of mortgage loan originators have experienced serious financial difficulties or bankruptcy. Reduced investor demand for mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities and increased investor yield requirements have caused limited liquidity in the secondary market for mortgage-related securities, which can adversely affect the market value of mortgage-related securities. It is possible that such limited liquidity in such secondary markets could continue or worsen.

Asset-backed securities entail certain risks not presented by mortgage-backed securities, including the risk that in certain states it may be difficult to perfect the liens securing the collateral backing certain asset-backed securities. In addition, certain asset-backed securities are based on loans that are unsecured, which means that there is no collateral to seize if the underlying borrower defaults.

Municipal Securities Concentration Risk. *California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* From time to time the Fund may invest a substantial amount of its assets in municipal securities whose interest is paid solely from revenues of similar projects. If the Fund concentrates its investments in this manner, it assumes the legal and economic risks relating to such projects and this may have a significant impact on the Fund's investment performance.

Municipal Securities Risks. *California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Municipal securities risks include the ability of the issuer to repay the obligation, the relative lack of information about certain issuers of municipal securities, and the possibility of future legislative changes which could affect the market for and value of municipal securities. These risks include:

General Obligation Bonds Risks — The full faith, credit and taxing power of the municipality that issues a general obligation bond secures payment of interest and repayment of principal. Timely payments depend on the issuer's credit quality, ability to raise tax revenues and ability to maintain an adequate tax base.

Revenue Bonds Risks — Payments of interest and principal on revenue bonds are made only from the revenues generated by a particular facility, class of facilities or the proceeds of a special tax or other revenue source. These payments depend on the money earned by the particular facility or class of facilities, or the amount of revenues derived from another source.

Private Activity Bonds Risks — Municipalities and other public authorities issue private activity bonds to finance development of industrial facilities for use by a private enterprise. The private enterprise pays the principal and interest on the bond, and the issuer does not pledge its full faith, credit and taxing power for repayment. If the private enterprise defaults on its payments, the Fund may not receive any income or get its money back from the investment.

Moral Obligation Bonds Risks — Moral obligation bonds are generally issued by special purpose public authorities of a state or municipality. If the issuer is unable to meet its obligations, repayment of these bonds becomes a moral commitment, but not a legal obligation, of the state or municipality.

Municipal Notes Risks — Municipal notes are shorter term municipal debt obligations. They may provide interim financing in anticipation of, and are secured by, tax collection, bond sales or revenue receipts. If there is a shortfall in the anticipated proceeds, the notes may not be fully repaid and the Fund may lose money.

Municipal Lease Obligations Risks — In a municipal lease obligation, the issuer agrees to make payments when due on the lease obligation. The issuer will generally appropriate municipal funds for that purpose, but is not obligated to do so. Although the issuer does not pledge its unlimited taxing power for payment of the lease obligation, the lease obligation is secured by the leased property. However, if the issuer does not fulfill its payment obligation it may be difficult to sell the property and the proceeds of a sale may not cover the Fund's loss.

Tax-Exempt Status Risk — In making investments, the Fund and its investment manager will rely on the opinion of issuers' bond counsel and, in the case of derivative securities, sponsors' counsel, on the tax-exempt status of interest on Municipal Obligations and payments under tax-exempt derivative securities. Neither the Fund nor its investment manager will independently review the bases for those tax opinions. If any of those tax opinions are ultimately determined to be incorrect or if events occur after the security is acquired that impact the security's tax-exempt status, the Fund and its shareholders could be subject to substantial tax liabilities. The Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") has generally not ruled on the taxability of the securities. An assertion by the IRS that a portfolio security is not exempt from U.S. federal income tax (contrary to indications from the issuer) could affect the Fund's and its shareholders' income tax liability for the current or past years and could create liability for information reporting penalties. In addition, an IRS assertion of taxability may impair the liquidity and the fair market value of the securities.

Non-Diversification Risk. *California Money Fund and New York Money Fund.* The Fund concentrates its investments in securities of issuers located in a particular state. This raises special concerns because the Fund may be more exposed to the risks associated with, and developments affecting, an individual issuer than a fund that invests more widely. In particular, changes in the economic conditions and governmental policies of the particular state and its political subdivisions, including as a result of legislation or litigation changing the taxation of municipal securities or the rights of municipal security holders in the event of bankruptcy, could impact the value of the Fund's shares.

Prepayment Risk. *TempFund.* When interest rates fall, certain obligations will be paid off by the obligor more quickly than originally anticipated, and the Fund may have to invest the proceeds in securities with lower yields. In periods of falling interest rates, the rate of prepayments tends to increase (as does price fluctuation) as borrowers are motivated to pay off debt and refinance at new lower rates. During such periods, reinvestment of the prepayment proceeds by the management team will generally be at lower rates of return than the return on the assets that were prepaid. Prepayment reduces the yield to maturity and the average life of the security.

Repurchase Agreements Risk. *TempFund, FedFund and T-Fund.* If the other party to a repurchase agreement defaults on its obligation under the agreement, the Fund may suffer delays and incur costs or lose money in exercising its rights under the agreement. If the seller fails to repurchase the security and the market value of the security declines, the Fund may lose money.

Stable Net Asset Value Risk. *FedFund, T-Fund, Treasury Trust Fund and MuniFund.* The Fund may not be able to maintain a stable NAV of \$1.00 per share at all times. If the Fund fails to maintain a stable NAV (or if there is a perceived threat of such a failure), the Fund, along with other money market funds, could be subject to increased redemption activity.

State Specific Risk. *California Money Fund and New York Money Fund.* Each of California Money Fund and New York Money Fund will invest primarily in California Municipal Obligations and New York Municipal Obligations, respectively. As a result each Fund is more exposed to risks affecting issuers of its designated state's Municipal Obligations than is a municipal securities fund that invests more widely. Set forth below are certain risk factors specific to each Fund.

California Money Fund. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective is dependent upon the ability of the issuers of California Municipal Obligations to meet their continuing obligations for the payment of principal and interest on a timely basis. As a result the Fund is more exposed to risks affecting issuers of California Municipal Obligations. Such risks include, but are not limited to, actions taken by the federal government, including federal policies related to trade, healthcare and immigration; social and environmental policies and conditions, Constitutional limitations affecting the ability of the State and municipalities to address financial downturns, including limitations on the ability of the State or municipalities to raise taxes, fees or charges without voter approval; the ongoing and evolving economic and health-related impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on national, State and local economies; the still uncertain level of federal and State financial assistance available to address the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic; developments in municipal bankruptcies and the national and international markets for products produced in the State; the impact of international events on consumer confidence, oil supplies and oil prices; the impact of behavioral changes in reaction to income and sales tax reductions or increases; shifts in monetary policy affecting interest rates and the financial markets; the magnitude of pension and post retirement health care commitments, and the impact on the funding of such benefits of lower than expected returns; increased demand in entitlement-based and claims-based programs such as Medicaid, public assistance and general public health; access to the capital markets in light of disruptions in the market; litigation against the State; the risk of earthquakes, climate change, flooding, wildfires or other natural catastrophes upon the State or localities; and any reduction in the creditworthiness of issuers of California municipal securities.

In addition, any reduction in the creditworthiness of issuers of California Municipal Obligations could adversely affect the market values and marketability of California Municipal Obligations. As of February 8, 2021, Moody's Investors Service, Inc., S&P Global Ratings and Fitch Ratings, Inc. rated the State's general obligation bonds "Aa2," "AA-" and "AA," respectively.

For more information on the risks associated with California municipal instruments, see Appendix B to the SAI.

New York Money Fund. The Fund's ability to achieve its investment objective is dependent upon the ability of the issuers of New York Municipal Obligations to meet their continuing obligations for the payment of principal and interest on a timely basis. As a result, the Fund is more exposed to risks affecting issuers of New York Municipal Obligations. Such risks include, but are not limited to, the wide-ranging economic, health and social disruptions caused by the COVID-19 pandemic which are having an adverse impact on the State and its authorities and localities, including New York City and the Metropolitan Transportation Authority; the performance of the national and State economies, and the collection of economically sensitive tax receipts in the amounts projected; national and international events; ongoing financial risks in the Euro-zone; changes in consumer confidence, oil supplies and oil prices; cybersecurity threats; major terrorist events, hostilities or war; climate change and extreme weather events; federal statutory and regulatory changes concerning financial sector activities; changes to federal programs; changes concerning financial sector bonus payouts and any future legislation governing the structure of compensation; shifts in monetary policy affecting interest rates and the financial markets; credit rating agency actions; the impact of financial and real estate market developments on bonus income and capital gains realizations; tech industry developments and employment; the effect of household debt on consumer spending and tax collections; the outcome of litigation and other claims affecting the State of New York, New York City and other New York public bodies; wage and benefit increases for State employees that exceed projected annual costs; changes in the size of the State's workforce; the realization of the projected rate of return for pension fund assets and current assumptions with respect to wages for State employees affecting the State's required pension fund contributions; the willingness and ability of the federal government to provide the aid expected in the State Financial Plan; the ability of the State to implement cost reduction initiatives and the success with which the State controls expenditures; and the ability of the State of New York, New York City and other New York public bodies to issue securities successfully in the public credit markets.

In addition, any reduction in the creditworthiness of issuers of New York Municipal Obligations could adversely affect the market values and marketability of New York Municipal Obligations, and, consequently, the NAV of the Fund's portfolio. As of February 8, 2021, general obligation bonds issued by New York City are rated "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., "AA" by S&P Global Ratings and "AA-" by Fitch Ratings, Inc. As of February 8, 2021, general obligation bonds issued by New York State are rated "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., "AA+" by S&P Global Ratings and "AA+" by Fitch Ratings, Inc.

For more information on the risks associated with New York Municipal Obligations, see Appendix C to the SAI.

Taxability Risk. *California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* The Fund intends to minimize the payment of taxable income to shareholders by investing in tax-exempt or municipal securities in reliance at the time of purchase on an opinion of bond counsel to the issuer of the obligation that the interest paid on those securities will be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes and taxable income for state and local personal income tax purposes. Such securities, however, may be determined to pay, or have paid, taxable income subsequent to the Fund's acquisition of the securities. In that event, the treatment of dividends previously paid or to be paid by the Fund as "exempt-interest dividends" could be adversely affected, subjecting the Fund's shareholders to increased federal income tax liabilities. If the interest paid on any tax-exempt or municipal security held by the Fund is subsequently determined to be taxable, the Fund will dispose of that security as soon as

reasonably practicable. In addition, future laws, regulations, rulings or court decisions may cause interest on municipal securities to be subject, directly or indirectly, to federal income taxation or exempt interest on state municipal securities to be subject to state or local income taxation, or the value of state municipal securities that are currently exempt to be subject to state or local intangible personal property tax, or may otherwise prevent the Fund from realizing the full current benefit of the tax-exempt status of such securities. Any such change could also affect the market price of such securities, and thus the value of an investment in the Fund.

Trading Risk. *Treasury Trust Fund.* In selling securities prior to maturity, the Fund may realize a price higher or lower than that paid to acquire such securities, depending upon whether interest rates have decreased or increased since their acquisition. In addition, shareholders in a state that imposes an income or franchise tax should determine through consultation with their own tax advisors whether the Fund's interest income, when distributed by the Fund, will be considered by the state to have retained exempt status, and whether the Fund's capital gain and other income, if any, when distributed, will be subject to the state's income or franchise tax.

Treasury Obligations Risk. *All Funds.* Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury have historically involved little risk of loss of principal if held to maturity. However, due to fluctuations in interest rates, the market value of such securities may vary during the period shareholders own shares of the Fund.

U.S. Government Obligations Risk. *TempFund, FedFund, T-Fund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Not all U.S. Government securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. Obligations of certain agencies, authorities, instrumentalities and sponsored enterprises of the U.S. Government are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States (*e.g.*, the Government National Mortgage Association); other obligations are backed by the right of the issuer to borrow from the U.S. Treasury (*e.g.*, the Federal Home Loan Banks) and others are supported by the discretionary authority of the U.S. Government to purchase an agency's obligations. Still others are backed only by the credit of the agency, authority, instrumentality or sponsored enterprise issuing the obligation. No assurance can be given that the U.S. Government would provide financial support to any of these entities if it is not obligated to do so by law.

Variable and Floating Rate Instrument Risk. *All Funds.* Variable and floating rate securities provide for periodic adjustment in the interest rate paid on the securities. Certain of these securities may be subject to greater illiquidity risk than other fixed income securities, meaning the absence of an active market for these securities could make it difficult for the Fund to dispose of them at any given time.

When-Issued and Delayed Delivery Securities and Forward Commitments Risk. *All Funds.* When-issued and delayed delivery securities and forward commitments involve the risk that the security the Fund buys will lose value prior to its delivery. There also is the risk that the security will not be issued or that the other party to the transaction will not meet its obligation. If this occurs, the Fund may lose both the investment opportunity for the assets it set aside to pay for the security and any gain in the security's price.

Other Risks of Investing in the Funds

Each Fund (except as noted below) may also be subject to certain other non-principal risks associated with its investments and investment strategies, including:

Borrowing Risk. *All Funds.* Borrowing may exaggerate changes in the NAV of Fund shares and in the return on the Fund's portfolio. Borrowing will cost the Fund interest expense and other fees. The costs of borrowing may reduce the Fund's return. Borrowing may cause the Fund to liquidate positions when it may not be advantageous to do so to satisfy its obligations.

Cyber Security Risk. *All Funds.* Failures or breaches of the electronic systems of the Fund, the Fund's adviser, distributor, and other service providers, or the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests have the ability to cause disruptions and negatively impact the Fund's business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses to the Fund and its shareholders. While the Fund has established business continuity plans and risk management systems seeking to address system breaches or failures, there are inherent limitations in such plans and systems. Furthermore, the Fund cannot control the cyber security plans and systems of the Fund's service providers or issuers of securities in which the Fund invests.

Expense Risk. *All Funds.* Fund expenses are subject to a variety of factors, including fluctuations in the Fund's net assets. Accordingly, actual expenses may be greater or less than those indicated. For example, to the extent that the Fund's net assets decrease due to market declines or redemptions, the Fund's expenses will increase as a percentage of Fund net assets. During periods of high market volatility, these increases in the Fund's expense ratio could be significant.

Illiquid Investments Risk. *All Funds.* The Fund's illiquid investments may reduce the returns of the Fund because it may be difficult to sell the illiquid investments at an advantageous time or price. The Fund may be unable to pay redemption proceeds within the time period stated in this prospectus because of unusual market conditions, an unusually high volume of redemption requests, or other reasons.

Investment in Other Investment Companies Risk. *TempFund, FedFund, T-Fund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* As with other investments, investments in other investment companies, including exchange-traded funds, are subject to market and selection risk. In addition, if the Fund acquires shares of investment companies, including ones affiliated with the Fund, shareholders bear both their proportionate share of expenses in the Fund (including management and advisory fees) and, indirectly, the expenses of the investment companies (to the extent not offset by BlackRock through waivers). To the extent the Fund is held by an affiliated fund, the ability of the Fund itself to hold other investment companies may be limited.

Municipal Securities Risks. *TempFund.* Municipal securities risks include the ability of the issuer to repay the obligation, the relative lack of information about certain issuers of municipal securities, and the possibility of future legislative changes which could affect the market for and value of municipal securities. These risks include:

General Obligation Bonds Risks — The full faith, credit and taxing power of the municipality that issues a general obligation bond secures payment of interest and repayment of principal. Timely payments depend on the issuer's credit quality, ability to raise tax revenues and ability to maintain an adequate tax base.

Revenue Bonds Risks — Payments of interest and principal on revenue bonds are made only from the revenues generated by a particular facility, class of facilities or the proceeds of a special tax or other revenue source. These payments depend on the money earned by the particular facility or class of facilities, or the amount of revenues derived from another source.

Private Activity Bonds Risks — Municipalities and other public authorities issue private activity bonds to finance development of industrial facilities for use by a private enterprise. The private enterprise pays the principal and interest on the bond, and the issuer does not pledge its full faith, credit and taxing power for repayment. If the private enterprise defaults on its payments, the Fund may not receive any income or get its money back from the investment.

Moral Obligation Bonds Risks — Moral obligation bonds are generally issued by special purpose public authorities of a state or municipality. If the issuer is unable to meet its obligations, repayment of these bonds becomes a moral commitment, but not a legal obligation, of the state or municipality.

Municipal Notes Risks — Municipal notes are shorter term municipal debt obligations. They may provide interim financing in anticipation of, and are secured by, tax collection, bond sales or revenue receipts. If there is a shortfall in the anticipated proceeds, the notes may not be fully repaid and the Fund may lose money.

Municipal Lease Obligations Risks — In a municipal lease obligation, the issuer agrees to make payments when due on the lease obligation. The issuer will generally appropriate municipal funds for that purpose, but is not obligated to do so. Although the issuer does not pledge its unlimited taxing power for payment of the lease obligation, the lease obligation is secured by the leased property. However, if the issuer does not fulfill its payment obligation it may be difficult to sell the property and the proceeds of a sale may not cover the Fund's loss.

Tax-Exempt Status Risk — In making investments, the Fund and its investment manager will rely on the opinion of issuers' bond counsel and, in the case of derivative securities, sponsors' counsel, on the tax-exempt status of interest on Municipal Obligations and payments under tax-exempt derivative securities. Neither the Fund nor its investment manager will independently review the bases for those tax opinions. If any of those tax opinions are ultimately determined to be incorrect or if events occur after the security is acquired that impact the security's tax-exempt status, the Fund and its shareholders could be subject to substantial tax liabilities. The IRS has generally not ruled on the taxability of the securities. An assertion by the IRS that a portfolio security is not exempt from U.S. federal income tax (contrary to indications from the issuer) could affect the Fund's and its shareholders' income tax liability for the current or past years and could create liability for information reporting penalties. In addition, an IRS assertion of taxability may impair the liquidity and the fair market value of the securities.

Restricted Securities Risk. *TempFund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund.* Limitations on the resale of restricted securities may have an adverse effect on their marketability, and may prevent the Fund from disposing of them promptly at advantageous prices. Restricted securities may not be listed on an exchange and may have no active trading market. In order to sell such securities, the Fund may have to bear the expense of registering the securities for resale and the risk of substantial delays in effecting the

registration. Other transaction costs may be higher for restricted securities than unrestricted securities. Restricted securities may be difficult to value because market quotations may not be readily available, and the securities may have significant volatility. Also, the Fund may get only limited information about the issuer of a given restricted security, and therefore may be less able to predict a loss. Certain restricted securities may involve a high degree of business and financial risk and may result in substantial losses to the Fund.

Reverse Repurchase Agreements Risk. *TempFund, FedFund and T-Fund.* Reverse repurchase agreements involve the sale of securities held by the Fund with an agreement to repurchase the securities at an agreed-upon price, date and interest payment. Reverse repurchase agreements involve the risk that the other party may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. The Fund could lose money if it is unable to recover the securities and the value of the collateral held by the Fund, including the value of the investments made with cash collateral, is less than the value of the securities. These events could also trigger adverse tax consequences for the Fund. In addition, reverse repurchase agreements involve the risk that the interest income earned in the investment of the proceeds will be less than the interest expense.

Securities Lending Risk. *TempFund, FedFund and T-Fund.* Securities lending involves the risk that the borrower may fail to return the securities in a timely manner or at all. As a result, the Fund may lose money and there may be a delay in recovering the loaned securities. The Fund could also lose money if it does not recover the securities and/or the value of the collateral falls, including the value of investments made with cash collateral. These events could trigger adverse tax consequences for the Fund.

Valuation Risk. *TempFund, California Money Fund and New York Money Fund.* The price the Fund could receive upon the sale of any particular portfolio investment may differ from the Fund's valuation of the investment. As a result, the price received upon the sale of an investment may be less than the value ascribed by the Fund, and the Fund could realize a greater than expected loss or lesser than expected gain upon the sale of the investment. Pricing services that value fixed-income securities generally utilize a range of market-based and security-specific inputs and assumptions, as well as considerations about general market conditions, to establish a price. Pricing services generally value fixed-income securities assuming orderly transactions of an institutional round lot size, but may be held or transactions may be conducted in such securities in smaller, odd lot sizes. Odd lots may trade at lower prices than institutional round lots. The Fund's ability to value its investments may also be impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third-party service providers.

Account Information

Valuation of Fund Investments and Price of Fund Shares

The price you pay when you purchase or redeem a Fund's shares is the NAV next determined after confirmation of your order. The Funds calculate the NAV as follows:

$$\text{NAV} = \frac{\begin{array}{l} \text{(Value of Assets of a Share Class)} \\ - \text{(Liabilities of the Share Class)} \end{array}}{\begin{array}{l} \text{Number of Outstanding Shares} \\ \text{of the Share Class} \end{array}}$$

Each Fund's NAV per share is calculated by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JPM") on each day on which the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for business (a "Business Day"). Generally, trading in U.S. Government securities, short-term debt securities, and money market instruments is substantially completed each day at various times prior to the close of business on the NYSE. The value of each security used in computing the NAV of a Fund's shares is determined as of such times.

In computing the NAV, each Government Fund and the Retail Fund uses the amortized cost method of valuation as described in the SAI under "Additional Purchase and Redemption Information."

Each Institutional Fund values portfolio securities generally using last available bid prices or current market quotations provided by dealers or prices (including evaluated prices) supplied by the Institutional Fund's approved independent third-party pricing services, each in accordance with valuation procedures approved by the Board. Pricing services may use matrix pricing or valuation models that utilize certain inputs and assumptions to derive values. An Institutional Fund may value short-term debt securities with remaining maturities of 60 days or less on the basis of amortized cost.

When valuations are not readily available or are not believed by BlackRock to be reliable, an Institutional Fund's investments are valued at fair value. Fair value determinations are made by BlackRock in accordance with procedures approved by the Board. BlackRock may conclude, for example, that a market quotation is not readily available or is unreliable if a security or other asset or liability does not have a price source due to its lack of liquidity, if BlackRock believes a market quotation from a broker-dealer or other source is unreliable, where the security or other asset is thinly traded or where there is a significant event subsequent to the most recent valuation. For this purpose, a "significant event" is deemed to occur if BlackRock determines, in its business judgment prior to or at the time of pricing an Institutional Fund's assets or liabilities, that it is likely that the event will cause a material change to the last valuation or price of one or more assets or liabilities held by an Institutional Fund. If such event occurs, those instruments may be fair valued.

Fair value represents a good faith approximation of the value of a security. The fair value of one or more securities may not, in retrospect, be the price at which those assets could have been sold during the period in which the particular fair values were used in determining an Institutional Fund's NAV.

The NAV of TempFund is determined on each Business Day as of 8:00 a.m. (Eastern time), 12:00 p.m. (Eastern time) and 3:00 p.m. (Eastern time).

The NAV of Treasury Trust Fund and MuniFund is determined on each Business Day as of the close of regular trading on the NYSE (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time).

The NAV of California Money Fund and New York Money Fund normally is determined on each Business Day as of 3:00 p.m. (Eastern time).

The NAV of FedFund and T-Fund normally is determined on each Business Day as of 6:00 p.m. (Eastern time).

The Funds reserve the right to advance the time for accepting purchase or redemption orders on any day when the NYSE, bond markets (as recommended by The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA")) or the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia closes early¹, trading on the NYSE is restricted, an emergency arises or as otherwise permitted by the SEC.

¹ SIFMA currently recommends an early close for the bond markets on the following dates: April 2, May 28, July 2, November 26, December 23 and December 31, 2021. The NYSE will close early on November 26, 2021.

See “Purchase of Shares” and “Redemption of Shares” for further information. In addition, the Board may, for any Business Day, decide to change the time as of which a Fund’s NAV is calculated in response to new developments such as altered trading hours, or as otherwise permitted by the SEC.

In the event the NYSE does not open for business because of an emergency or other unanticipated event, the Funds may, but are not required to, open for purchase or redemption transactions if the Federal Reserve wire payment system is open. To learn whether a Fund is open for business during an emergency or an unanticipated NYSE closing, please call (800) 441-7450.

Purchase of Shares

Select Shares may be purchased through an Account you maintain with your financial professional or your selected securities dealer, broker, investment adviser, service provider or industry professional (including BlackRock and its affiliates) (each, a “Financial Intermediary”). Purchase orders for shares are accepted only on Business Days. For the Institutional Funds, purchase orders must be placed in dollars.

TempFund, California Money Fund and New York Money Fund no longer accept purchase orders for Select Shares.

Your purchase order must be received in proper form by the Funds or BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc. (“BNY Mellon”), the Funds’ transfer agent, prior to the deadlines noted below to receive that NAV. However, a Fund (other than TempFund) may also honor a purchase order if the Fund can verify that the purchase order was submitted to a Financial Intermediary that is an authorized agent of the Fund before the applicable deadline.

Your Financial Intermediary may charge you a fee and may offer additional account services than those described in this prospectus. Additionally, your Financial Intermediary may have procedures for placing orders for Select Shares that differ from those of the Funds, such as different investment minimums or earlier trading deadlines. Please contact your Financial Intermediary directly for more information and details.

Please note that TempFund does not accept trades through the NSCC Fund/SERV or DCC&S trading platforms.

In order to invest, a completed account application form must be submitted to, and processed by, your Financial Intermediary or the Funds’ transfer agent and an account number assigned. You may be asked to provide information to verify your identity when opening an account.

Payment for Select Shares of a Fund may be made only in federal funds or other immediately available funds. **You may be charged for any costs incurred by a Fund or its service providers, including any costs incurred to recompute a Fund’s NAV, in connection with a purchase order that has been placed but for which the Fund has not received full payment by the close of the federal funds wire (normally 6:45 p.m. Eastern time) on the day the purchase order was placed.** This payment deadline may be extended by one Business Day where a purchase order is processed through certain electronic platforms where same-day cash settlement is impracticable. The Funds will notify a shareholder or Financial Intermediary if its purchase order or payment was not received by an applicable deadline.

Each Fund reserves the right to suspend or discontinue the offer and sale of its shares and reject or cancel any purchase order for any reason.

Each Fund will open for business and begin accepting purchase orders at 7:30 a.m. (Eastern time) on any Business Day. The chart below outlines the deadlines for receipt of purchase orders for the Funds' Select Shares.

Fund	Deadline (Eastern time)
TempFund ¹	8:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m. and 3:00 p.m.
FedFund ²	5:00 p.m.
T-Fund ²	5:00 p.m.
Treasury Trust Fund ³	2:30 p.m.
California Money Fund ⁴	1:00 p.m.
MuniFund ³	2:30 p.m.
New York Money Fund ⁴	1:00 p.m.

¹ Purchase orders for Select Shares of TempFund transmitted by the Fund's internet-based order entry program will not be accepted until the time they are received by the Fund. Due to potential time delays between the time an order is placed and the time it is received by the Fund, purchase orders for Select Shares of TempFund placed through the Fund's internet-based order entry program after 7:45 a.m. and 11:45 a.m. Eastern time (but prior to the corresponding deadlines listed for TempFund in the chart above, respectively) may not be received by the Fund in time for an account holder to receive the NAV calculated in connection with each such deadline, respectively. Transmitted orders will receive the NAV next calculated after they are received by the Fund. Purchase orders for Select Shares of TempFund placed after 2:45 p.m. Eastern time (but prior to 3:00 p.m.) will not be transmitted by the Fund's internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. The Fund also reserves the right to limit the amount of such orders or to reject an order for any reason.

² Purchase orders for Select Shares of FedFund and T-Fund placed after 4:15 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Funds' internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. The Funds also reserve the right to limit the amount of such orders or to reject an order for any reason.

³ Purchase orders for Select Shares of Treasury Trust Fund and MuniFund placed after 2:15 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Funds' internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. The Funds also reserve the right to limit the amount of such orders or to reject an order for any reason.

⁴ Purchase orders for Select Shares of California Money Fund and New York Money Fund placed after 12:45 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Funds' internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. The Funds also reserve the right to limit the amount of such orders or to reject an order for any reason.

Orders received after the applicable deadline for any Fund (other than TempFund) on any Business Day (or, if the Fund closes early, at such closing time) will generally be executed on the next Business Day. Orders received for TempFund after 3:00 p.m. on any Business Day (or, if TempFund closes early, at such closing time) will be considered received at the open of the Fund's next Business Day if a liquidity fee or redemption gate are not in place and will generally be executed at 8:00 a.m. on the next Business Day. See "Liquidity Fees and Redemption Gates" below for additional information.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, on any day that the principal bond markets close early (as recommended by SIFMA) or the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia or the NYSE closes early, a Fund may advance the time on that day by which a purchase order must be placed so that it will be effected and begin to earn dividends that day. Typically, the deadline for purchases of Treasury Trust Fund is advanced to 2:00 p.m. on days before and sometimes after holiday closings.

Contact the Funds' office at (800) 441-7450 for specific information.

Purchases of Shares of each Fund may be effected through an Account at your Financial Intermediary through procedures and requirements established by the Financial Intermediary. Beneficial ownership of Select Shares will be recorded by the Financial Intermediary and will be reflected in Account statements. The Financial Intermediary may impose minimum investment requirements for your Account. Even if the Financial Intermediary does not impose a sales charge for purchases of Shares, depending on the terms of an Account, the Financial Intermediary may charge an Account certain fees for automatic investment and other services provided to an Account. Information concerning Account requirements, services and charges should be obtained from your Financial Intermediary, and should be read in conjunction with this prospectus. The Funds' officers reserve the right to vary or waive any minimum and subsequent investment requirements.

Certain Accounts may be eligible for an automatic investment or redemption privilege, commonly called a “sweep,” under which amounts necessary to decrease or increase an Account balance to a predetermined dollar amount at the end of each day are invested in or redeemed from a selected Fund as of the end of the day. The frequency of investments and the minimum investment requirement will be established by your Financial Intermediary and the Funds. In addition, your Financial Intermediary may require a minimum amount of cash and/or securities to be deposited in an Account to participate in the sweep program. Each investor desiring to use this privilege should consult his/her Financial Intermediary for details.

The Retail Fund is intended only for sale to beneficial owners who are natural persons. Natural persons may invest in the Retail Fund through certain tax-advantaged savings accounts, trusts and other retirement and investment accounts, which may include, among others: participant-directed defined contribution plans; individual retirement accounts; simplified employee pension arrangements; simple retirement accounts; custodial accounts; deferred compensation plans for government or tax-exempt organization employees; Archer medical savings accounts; college savings plans; health savings account plans; ordinary trusts and estates of natural persons; or certain other retirement and investment accounts with ultimate investment authority held by the natural person beneficial owner, notwithstanding having an institutional decision maker making day to day decisions (e.g., a plan sponsor in certain retirement arrangements or an investment adviser managing discretionary investment accounts). Financial Intermediaries are required to adopt and implement policies, procedures and internal controls reasonably designed to limit all beneficial owners of the Retail Fund to natural persons. Financial Intermediaries are expected to promptly report to the Retail Fund the existence of any shareholder of the Retail Fund that does not qualify as a natural person of whom they are aware, promptly notify such shareholder and take steps to redeem any such shareholder’s Fund shares.

The Retail Fund reserves the right to redeem shares in any account that it cannot confirm to its satisfaction is beneficially owned by a natural person, after providing at least 60 days’ advance notice.

Shares of the Funds are only registered for sale in the United States and certain of its territories. Consequently, the Funds generally do not accept investments from non-U.S. residents.

Redemption of Shares

Select Shares may be redeemed on a Business Day through your Financial Intermediary. If the shares are owned beneficially through an Account, they may be redeemed in accordance with instructions and limitations pertaining to such Account.

Each Fund will open for business and begin accepting redemption orders at 7:30 a.m. (Eastern time) on any Business Day. Redemption orders are accepted on Business Days in accordance with the deadlines outlined in the chart below, but if the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia is not open on that Business Day, the redemption order will be accepted and processed the next succeeding Business Day when the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia is open. If redemption orders are received by BNY Mellon on a Business Day by the established deadlines, payment for redeemed Fund shares will typically be wired in federal funds on that same day. Redemption orders may be placed either in number of shares or in dollars for the Institutional Funds.

Orders received after the applicable deadline for any Fund (other than TempFund) on any Business Day (or, if the Fund closes early, at such closing time) will generally be executed on the next Business Day. Orders received for TempFund after 3:00 p.m. on any Business Day (or, if TempFund closes early, at such closing time) will be considered received at the open of the Fund’s next Business Day if a liquidity fee or redemption gate are not in place and will generally be executed at 8:00 a.m. on the next Business Day. See “Liquidity Fees and Redemption Gates” below for additional information.

If you purchased shares through a Financial Intermediary, that entity may have its own earlier deadlines for the receipt of the redemption order.

Where a redemption order is processed through certain electronic platforms where same-day cash settlement is impracticable, payment for redeemed shares will generally be delayed by one Business Day. If the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia is closed on the day the redemption proceeds would otherwise be wired, wiring of the redemption proceeds may be delayed by one additional Business Day.

A Fund may suspend the right of redemption or postpone the date of payment under the conditions described under “Additional Purchase and Redemption Information” and “Liquidity Fees and Redemption Gates” below.

Fund	Deadline (Eastern time)
TempFund ¹	8:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m. and 3:00 p.m.
FedFund ²	5:00 p.m.
T-Fund ²	5:00 p.m.
Treasury Trust Fund ³	2:30 p.m.
California Money Fund ^{4,5}	1:00 p.m.
MuniFund ^{4,5}	1:00 p.m.
New York Money Fund ^{4,5}	1:00 p.m.

¹ Redemption orders for Select Shares of TempFund transmitted by the Fund’s internet-based order entry program will not be accepted until the time they are received by the Fund. Due to potential time delays between the time an order is placed and the time it is received by the Fund, redemption orders for Select Shares of TempFund placed through the Fund’s internet-based order entry program after 7:45 a.m. and 11:45 a.m. Eastern time (but prior to the corresponding deadlines listed for TempFund in the chart above, respectively) may not be received by the Fund in time for an account holder to receive the NAV calculated in connection with each such deadline, respectively. Transmitted orders will receive the NAV next calculated after they are received by the Fund. Redemption orders for Select Shares of TempFund placed after 2:45 p.m. Eastern time (but prior to 3:00 p.m.) will not be transmitted by the Fund’s internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes.

Shareholders placing orders through a Financial Intermediary are responsible for making certain that their Financial Intermediary communicates the order to the Fund’s office no later than the stated deadline. The Fund reserves the right to limit the amount of such orders that will be paid on the same day.

² Redemption orders for Select Shares of FedFund and T-Fund placed after 4:15 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Funds’ internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. Shareholders placing orders through a Financial Intermediary are responsible for making certain that their Financial Intermediary communicates the order to the Funds’ office no later than the stated deadline. The Funds reserve the right to limit the amount of such orders that will be paid on the same day.

³ Redemption orders for Select Shares of Treasury Trust Fund placed after 2:15 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Fund’s internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. Shareholders placing orders through a Financial Intermediary are responsible for making certain that their Financial Intermediary communicates the order to the Fund’s office no later than the stated deadline. The Fund reserves the right to limit the amount of such orders that will be paid on the same day.

⁴ Redemption orders for Select Shares of California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund placed after 12:45 p.m. Eastern time will not be transmitted by the Funds’ internet-based order entry program. Account holders may transmit their trades during the next time window when internet-based trading resumes. Shareholders placing orders through a Financial Intermediary are responsible for making certain that their Financial Intermediary communicates the order to the Funds’ office no later than the stated deadline. The Funds reserve the right to limit the amount of such orders that will be paid on the same day.

⁵ California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund each reserves the right to limit the amount of redemption orders that will be paid on the same day for redemption orders received after 12:00 p.m. Eastern time.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, on any day that the principal bond markets close early (as recommended by SIFMA) or the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia or the NYSE closes early, a Fund may advance the time on that day by which a redemption order must be placed so that it will be effected that day. Typically, the deadline for redemptions of Treasury Trust Fund is advanced to 2:00 p.m. on days before and sometimes after holiday closings.

Contact the Funds’ office at (800) 441-7450 for specific information.

The Funds shall have the right to redeem Select Shares held by any Account if the value of such shares is less than \$500 (other than due to market fluctuations), after 60 days’ prior written notice to the shareholder. If during the 60-day period the shareholder increases the value of its Select Shares to \$500 or more, no such redemption shall take place. If the value of a shareholder’s Select Shares falls below an average of \$500 in any particular calendar month, the Account may be charged a service fee with respect to that month. Any such redemption shall be effected at the NAV next determined after the redemption order is entered.

In addition, a Fund may redeem Select Shares involuntarily under certain special circumstances described in the SAI under “Additional Purchase and Redemption Information,” including if the Retail Fund cannot confirm to its satisfaction that shares are beneficially owned by a natural person. A Financial Intermediary redeeming shares of a Fund on behalf of its customers is responsible for transmitting orders to such Fund in accordance with its customer agreements.

Under normal and stressed market conditions, each Fund typically expects to meet redemption requests by using cash or cash equivalents in its portfolio or by selling portfolio assets to generate additional cash.

Additional Purchase and Redemption Information

Upon receipt of a proper redemption request submitted in a timely manner and otherwise in accordance with the redemption procedures set forth in this prospectus, the Funds will redeem the requested shares and make a payment to you in satisfaction thereof no later than the Business Day following the redemption request.

A Fund may postpone and/or suspend redemption and payment beyond one Business Day only as follows:

- a. For any period during which there is a non-routine closure of the Federal Reserve wire system or applicable Federal Reserve Banks;
- b. For any period (1) during which the NYSE is closed other than customary week-end and holiday closings or (2) during which trading on the NYSE is restricted;
- c. For any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which (1) disposal of securities owned by the Fund is not reasonably practicable or (2) it is not reasonably practicable for the Fund to fairly determine the NAV of shares of the Fund;
- d. For any period during which the SEC has, by rule or regulation, deemed that (1) trading shall be restricted or (2) an emergency exists;
- e. For any period that the SEC may by order permit for your protection;
- f. For any period during which the Fund, as part of a necessary liquidation of the Fund, has properly postponed and/or suspended redemption of shares and payment in accordance with federal securities laws (as discussed below); or
- g. For any period during which an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund, at the discretion of the Board, has temporarily suspended redemptions of shares due to a decline in the Institutional Fund's or Retail Fund's weekly liquid assets pursuant to Rule 2a-7 (as discussed below).

If the Board, including a majority of the non-interested Trustees, determines either that (1) a Fund has invested, at the end of a business day, less than 10% of its total assets in weekly liquid assets, or (2) in the case of a Government Fund or the Retail Fund, such Government Fund's or Retail Fund's calculated NAV per share has deviated from \$1.00 or such deviation is likely to occur; then the Board, subject to certain conditions, may in the case of a Fund that the Board has determined to liquidate irrevocably, suspend redemptions and payment of redemption proceeds in order to facilitate the permanent liquidation of the Fund in an orderly manner. If this were to occur, it would likely result in a delay in your receipt of your redemption proceeds.

Market timing is an investment technique involving frequent short-term trading of mutual fund shares designed to exploit market movements or inefficiencies in the way a mutual fund prices its shares. The Board has not adopted a market timing policy for FedFund, T-Fund, Treasury Trust Fund and MuniFund because the Funds seek to maintain a stable NAV of \$1.00 per share and generally the Funds' shares are used by investors for short-term investment or cash management purposes. The Board has not adopted a market timing policy for TempFund, California Money Fund and New York Money Fund because the Funds' shares are generally used by investors for short-term investment or cash management purposes. There can be no assurances, however, that the Funds may not, on occasion, serve as a temporary or short-term investment vehicle for those who seek to market time funds offered by other investment companies.

Under certain circumstances, if no activity occurs in an account within a time period specified by state law, a shareholder's shares in the Fund may be transferred to that state.

Liquidity Fees and Redemption Gates

Under Rule 2a-7, the Board is permitted to impose a liquidity fee up to 2% on the value of shares redeemed or temporarily restrict redemptions from each Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund for up to 10 business days during a 90 day period, in the event that such Institutional Fund's or Retail Fund's weekly liquid assets fall below the following thresholds:

- 30% weekly liquid assets—If the weekly liquid assets of an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund fall below 30% of the Institutional Fund's or Retail Fund's total assets, and the Board determines it is in the best interests of the Institutional Fund or Retail Fund, the Board may impose at any time, and as early as the same day, a liquidity fee of up to 2% of the amount redeemed, or a redemption gate that temporarily suspends the right of redemption.

- 10% weekly liquid assets—If the weekly liquid assets of an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund fall below 10% of the Institutional Fund’s or Retail Fund’s total assets as of the end of a business day, the Board will impose, at the beginning of the next business day, a liquidity fee of 1% of the amount redeemed, unless the Board determines that imposing such a fee would not be in the best interests of the Institutional Fund or Retail Fund or determines that a lower or higher fee (not to exceed 2%) would be in the best interests of the Institutional Fund or Retail Fund.

Liquidity fees and redemption gates, if imposed, may be terminated at any time in the discretion of the Board. Liquidity fees and redemption gates will also automatically terminate at the beginning of the next business day once an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund has invested 30% or more of its total assets in weekly liquid assets as of the end of a business day.

If the Board imposes a liquidity fee, the fee will be used to help boost the weekly liquid assets of an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund. An Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund may not accept purchases during the period that a liquidity fee has been imposed.

If the Board imposes a redemption gate, an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund will not accept purchase or redemption orders until the Institutional Fund or Retail Fund has notified shareholders that the redemption gate has been lifted. Any purchase or redemption orders submitted while a redemption gate is in effect will be cancelled without further notice. If you still wish to purchase or redeem shares once the redemption gate has been lifted, you will need to submit a new purchase or redemption request to an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund or your Financial Intermediary. If a purchase or redemption order is received after the applicable deadline of an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund but prior to the imposition of a liquidity fee or a redemption gate, such order will be cancelled without further notice.

Under certain circumstances, an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund may honor redemption orders (or pay redemptions without adding a liquidity fee to the redemption amount) if the Institutional Fund or Retail Fund can verify that the redemption order was submitted to the Fund’s authorized agent before the Board imposed a liquidity fee or suspended redemptions.

The Board generally expects that a liquidity fee or redemption gate would be imposed, if at all, during periods of extraordinary market stress. The Board expects that a liquidity fee or redemption gate would typically be imposed only after the Institutional Fund or Retail Fund has notified Financial Intermediaries and shareholders that a liquidity fee or redemption gate will be imposed (which may not be until the beginning of the next business day following the announcement that the Board has imposed the liquidity fee or redemption gate). However, the Board may, in its discretion, impose a liquidity fee or redemption gate at any time after the weekly liquid assets of an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund fall below 30% of the Institutional Fund’s or Retail Fund’s total assets.

Announcements regarding the imposition of a liquidity fee or redemption gate, or the termination of a liquidity fee or redemption gate, will be filed with the SEC on Form N-CR and will be available on the website of an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund (www.blackrock.com/cash). In addition, the Institutional Funds and Retail Fund will make such announcements through a supplement to their registration statements and may further communicate such actions through other means.

Financial Intermediaries will be required promptly to take such actions reasonably requested by an Institutional Fund or the Retail Fund or its agent to implement, modify or remove, or to assist the Institutional Fund or Retail Fund in implementing, modifying or removing, a liquidity fee or redemption gate established by the Board.

Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Payments

Select Shares Distribution Plan and Shareholder Services Plan

Pursuant to a Distribution Plan (12b-1 Plan) adopted by the Board, BlackRock Investments, LLC (the “Distributor”) will enter into agreements with Financial Intermediaries that purchase Select Shares. Each agreement will require the Financial Intermediary to provide distribution and sales support to its customers who are the beneficial owners of such shares in consideration of the payment of a fee of up to 0.35% (on an annualized basis) of the average daily NAV of the Select Shares held by the Financial Intermediary. Because such fees are paid out of the Funds’ assets on an ongoing basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of an investment and may cost more than paying other types of sales charges. The distribution and sales support and shareholder services are described more fully in the SAI under “Management of the Funds—Service Organizations.”

Pursuant to a Shareholder Services Plan adopted by the Board, the Trust will enter into agreements with Financial Intermediaries that purchase Select Shares. Each agreement will require the Financial Intermediary to provide services to its customers who are the beneficial owners of such shares in consideration of the payment of up to 0.50% (on an annualized basis) of the average daily

NAV of the Select Shares held by the Financial Intermediary, of which 0.25% is for support services that are not “services” within the meaning of the applicable rule of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Such services are described more fully in the SAI under “Management of the Funds—Service Organizations.” As described in the “Management of the Funds” section of this prospectus, there is a waiver agreement in place pursuant to which the Distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive all or a portion of the fees to which they are entitled under the Distribution Plan and/or the Shareholder Services Plan.

The Funds also offer other share classes which may have higher or lower levels of expenses depending on, among other things, the services provided to shareholders.

Other Payments by BlackRock

From time to time, BlackRock, the Funds’ distributor or their affiliates also may pay a portion of the fees for administrative, networking, recordkeeping, sub-transfer agency, sub-accounting and shareholder services at its or their own expense and out of its or their profits. BlackRock, the Funds’ distributor and their affiliates may also compensate affiliated and unaffiliated Financial Intermediaries for the sale and distribution of shares of the Funds. These payments would be in addition to the Fund payments described in this prospectus and may be a fixed dollar amount, may be based on the number of customer accounts maintained by the Financial Intermediary, may be based on a percentage of the value of shares sold to, or held by, customers of the Financial Intermediary or may be calculated on another basis. The aggregate amount of these payments by BlackRock, the Funds’ distributor and their affiliates may be substantial and, in some circumstances, may create an incentive for a Financial Intermediary, its employees or associated persons to recommend or sell shares of the Funds to you.

Please contact your Financial Intermediary for details about payments it may receive from the Funds or from BlackRock, the Funds’ distributor or their affiliates. For more information, see the SAI.

Dividends and Distributions

Each Fund declares dividends daily and distributes substantially all of its net investment income to shareholders monthly. Shares begin accruing dividends on the day the purchase order for the shares is effected and continue to accrue dividends through the day before such shares are redeemed. Unless they are reinvested, dividends are paid monthly generally by wire transfer.

Shareholders’ dividends are automatically reinvested in additional full and fractional shares of the same class of shares with respect to which such dividends are declared. Reinvested dividends are available for redemption on the following Business Day. Reinvested dividends receive the same tax treatment as dividends paid in cash.

Federal Taxes

Distributions paid by TempFund, FedFund, T-Fund and Treasury Trust Fund will generally be taxable to shareholders. Each of these Funds expects that all, or virtually all, of its distributions will consist of ordinary income that is not eligible for the reduced rates applicable to qualified dividend income. You will be subject to income tax on these distributions regardless of whether they are paid in cash or reinvested in additional shares. The one major exception to these tax principles is that distributions on shares held in an individual retirement account (“IRA”) (or other tax-qualified plan) will not be currently taxable.

California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund anticipate that substantially all of their income dividends will be “exempt-interest dividends,” which are generally exempt from regular federal income taxes. Interest on indebtedness incurred by a shareholder to purchase or carry shares of these Funds generally will not be deductible for federal income tax purposes. Exempt-interest dividends will also be considered along with other adjusted gross income in determining whether any Social Security or railroad retirement payments received by you are subject to federal income taxes.

California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund generally will only purchase a tax-exempt or municipal security if it is accompanied by an opinion of counsel to the issuer, which is delivered on the date of issuance of the security, that the interest paid on such security is excludable from gross income for relevant income tax purposes (i.e., “tax-exempt”). There is a possibility that events occurring after the date of issuance of a security, or after a Fund’s acquisition of a security, may result in a determination that the interest on that security is, in fact, includable in gross income for federal or state income tax purposes retroactively to its date of issue. Such a determination may cause a portion of prior distributions received by shareholders to be taxable to those shareholders in the year of receipt.

Investors that are generally exempt from U.S. tax on interest income, such as IRAs, other tax advantaged accounts, tax-exempt entities and non-U.S. persons, will not gain additional benefit from the tax-exempt status of exempt-interest dividends paid by California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund. Because these Funds' pre-tax returns will tend to be lower than those of funds that own taxable debt instruments of comparable quality, shares of these Funds will normally not be suitable investments for those kinds of investors.

Distributions derived from taxable interest income or capital gains on portfolio securities, if any, will be subject to federal income taxes and will generally be subject to state and local income taxes. If you redeem shares of a Fund, you generally will be treated as having sold your shares and any gain on the transaction may be subject to tax.

Unless it reasonably estimates that at least 95% of its dividends paid with respect to the taxable year are exempt-interest dividends, each Fund will be required in certain cases to withhold and remit to the United States Treasury a percentage of taxable ordinary income or capital gain dividends paid to any non-corporate shareholder who (1) has failed to provide a correct tax identification number, (2) is subject to back-up withholding by the IRS for failure to properly include on his or her return payments of taxable interest or dividends, or (3) has failed to certify to the Funds that he or she is not subject to back-up withholding or that he or she is an "exempt recipient." Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amount withheld generally may be allowed as a refund or a credit against a shareholder's federal income tax liability provided the required information is timely provided to the IRS.

A 3.8% Medicare tax is imposed on the net investment income (which includes, but is not limited to, interest, dividends and net gain from investments) of U.S. individuals with income exceeding \$200,000, or \$250,000 if married filing jointly, and of trusts and estates. Net investment income does not include exempt-interest dividends received from a Fund.

The discussion above relates solely to U.S. federal income tax law as it applies to U.S. persons. Nonresident aliens, foreign corporations and other foreign investors in a Fund whose investment is not connected to a U.S. trade or business of the investor will generally be exempt from U.S. federal income tax on Fund distributions identified by the Fund as attributable to U.S.-source interest income and capital gains of a Fund. Tax may apply to such distributions, however, if the recipient's investment in a Fund is connected to a trade or business of the recipient in the United States or if the recipient is present in the United States for 183 days or more in a year and certain other conditions are met.

Separately, a 30% withholding tax is currently imposed on U.S.-source dividends, interest and other income items paid to (i) certain foreign financial institutions and investment funds, and (ii) certain other foreign entities. To avoid withholding, foreign financial institutions and investment funds will generally either need to (a) collect and report to the IRS detailed information identifying their U.S. accounts and U.S. account holders, comply with due diligence procedures for identifying U.S. accounts and withhold tax on certain payments made to noncomplying foreign entities and account holders or (b) if an intergovernmental agreement is entered into and implementing legislation is adopted, comply with the agreement and legislation. Other foreign entities will generally either need to provide detailed information identifying each substantial U.S. owner or certify there are no such owners.

All foreign investors should consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences in their country of residence of an investment in a Fund.

Because each of TempFund, California Money Fund and New York Money Fund offers and redeems its shares using a floating NAV, a redeeming shareholder may realize gains and losses because of differences between the NAV at which shares are acquired and the NAV at which shares are redeemed. Ordinarily, any gains and losses realized would have to be accounted for separately. In addition, because of the so-called "wash sale" rules, any loss realized by a shareholder on a redemption of Fund shares would ordinarily be disallowed to the extent such shareholder acquired new shares of the same Fund within 30 days before or after such a redemption.

The Treasury Department and IRS have determined not to apply the wash sale rules to the redemption of investment company shares if the investment company is regulated as, and holds itself out as, a money market fund under Rule 2a-7 of the 1940 Act and has a floating rate NAV at the time of redemption or has a fixed NAV and the shareholder has adopted the simplified, aggregate accounting method described in the following sentence. In addition, a shareholder in a money market fund (whether or not it has a floating NAV) may elect to adopt a simplified, aggregate accounting method under which gains and losses can be netted based on the shareholder's taxable year rather than reported separately. Shareholders are urged to consult their tax advisors before deciding to adopt such accounting method.

If any of TempFund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and/or New York Money Fund imposes a liquidity fee on share redemptions because of a drop in the Fund's weekly liquid assets below certain levels, the amount that would ordinarily be payable to a redeeming shareholder of the Fund will be reduced, consequently reducing the amount of gain, or increasing the amount of loss, that would otherwise be reportable for income tax purposes. The liquidity fee cannot be separately claimed as a deduction.

Any such liquidity fee will constitute an asset of the imposing Fund and will serve to benefit non-redeeming shareholders. However, the Funds do not intend to distribute such fees to non-redeeming shareholders. Such fees may, however, raise an Institutional Fund's NAV, increasing the taxable income or reducing the deductible losses of shareholders that redeem their shares at a later time when such fees are not being charged. If a Fund receives liquidity fees, it will consider the appropriate tax treatment of such fees to the Fund at such time.

State and Local Taxes

Shareholders may also be subject to state and local taxes on distributions. State income taxes may not apply, however, to the portions of a Fund's distributions, if any, that are attributable to interest on certain U.S. government securities and interest on securities of that state or localities within that state.

So long as, at the close of each quarter of California Money Fund's taxable year, at least 50% of the value of California Money Fund's total assets consists of California Municipal Obligations, exempt-interest dividends (i) paid by California Money Fund in an amount not exceeding the interest received on such California Municipal Obligations during California Money Fund's taxable year, and (ii) designated by California Money Fund as exempt-interest dividends (in a written notice mailed to California Money Fund's shareholders not later than 60 days after the close of California Money Fund's taxable year) will be treated as an item of interest excludable from the income of California resident individuals for purposes of the California personal income tax. Dividends designated as attributable to California Municipal Obligations paid to a corporate shareholder subject to the California corporate franchise tax will be taxable as ordinary income for purposes of such tax. On the other hand, dividends designated as attributable to California Municipal Obligations paid to a corporate shareholder subject to the California corporate income tax should not be taxable as ordinary income but should be treated in the same manner as such dividends are treated for purposes of the California personal income tax, described above. Distributions to shareholders attributable to interest on obligations issued by states other than California and their political subdivisions, as well as distributions attributable to market discount or short-term or long-term capital gains, are generally subject to California personal income tax, corporate income tax, and corporate franchise tax, even though all or a portion of such dividends may be exempt from federal income tax. Interest on indebtedness incurred or continued by a shareholder of California Money Fund to purchase or carry shares of California Money Fund generally will not be deductible for California personal or corporate income tax purposes. It should be noted that California law deviates from the provisions of Subchapter M of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), relating to regulated investment companies, in certain potentially material respects.

Individual New York resident shareholders of New York Money Fund will not be subject to New York State or New York City personal income tax on distributions received from the Fund to the extent those distributions (1) constitute exempt-interest dividends under Section 852(b)(5) of the Code and (2) are attributable to interest on New York Municipal Obligations, provided that such interest income has been designated as such in a notice sent to shareholders not later than 60 days following the close of its taxable year. Dividends attributable to interest on New York Municipal Obligations are not excluded in determining New York State franchise or New York City business taxes on corporations. Dividends and distributions derived from taxable income and capital gains are not exempt from New York State and New York City taxes. Interest on indebtedness incurred by a shareholder to purchase or carry shares of New York Money Fund is not deductible for New York State or New York City personal income tax purposes. For a discussion of the federal income tax ramifications of interest on indebtedness incurred by a shareholder to purchase or carry shares of the Fund, see "Federal Taxes" above.

If you hold shares of California Money Fund or New York Money Fund and do not reside in California or New York, respectively, dividends received from such Fund that are attributable to New York Municipal Obligations (but not interest on certain U.S. Government securities) generally may be subject to income tax by your state of residence, and, where applicable, to local personal income tax.

* * *

The Funds are generally required to report to each shareholder and to the IRS the amount of Fund distributions to that shareholder, including both taxable and exempt-interest dividends. This is not required, however, for distributions paid to certain types of shareholders that are "exempt recipients," including foreign and domestic corporations, IRAs, tax-exempt organizations, and the U.S. federal and state governments and their agencies and instrumentalities. As a result, some shareholders may not receive Forms 1099-DIV or 1099-INT with respect to all distributions received from a Fund. BNY Mellon, as transfer agent, will send each Fund's shareholders, or their authorized representatives, an annual statement reporting the amount, if any, of dividends and distributions made during each year and their federal tax treatment. Additionally, BNY Mellon will send the shareholders of

California Money Fund and New York Money Fund, or their authorized representatives, an annual statement regarding, as applicable, California, New York State and New York City tax treatment. Shareholders are encouraged to retain and use this annual statement for year-end and/or tax reporting purposes.

The foregoing is only a summary of certain tax considerations under current law, which may be subject to change in the future. You should consult your tax advisor for further information regarding federal, state, local and/or foreign tax consequences relevant to your specific situation. More information about taxes is included in the SAI.

Management of the Funds

BlackRock

BlackRock, each Fund's investment manager, manages the Fund's investments and its business operations subject to the oversight of the Board. While BlackRock is ultimately responsible for the management of the Funds, it is able to draw upon the trading, research and expertise of its asset management affiliates for portfolio decisions and management with respect to certain portfolio securities. BlackRock is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of BlackRock, Inc.

BlackRock, a registered investment adviser, was organized in 1994 to perform advisory services for investment companies and has its principal offices at 100 Bellevue Parkway, Wilmington, Delaware 19809. BlackRock International Limited (the "Sub-Adviser"), a registered investment adviser organized in 1995, is an affiliate of BlackRock and acts as sub-adviser for TempFund. BlackRock and its affiliates had approximately \$8.676 trillion in investment company and other portfolio assets under management as of December 31, 2020.

The Trust has entered into a management agreement (the "Management Agreement") with BlackRock under which BlackRock provides certain investment advisory, administrative and accounting services to the Funds. Each of TempFund, California Money Fund, MuniFund and New York Money Fund pays BlackRock a management fee, computed daily and payable monthly, which is based on such Fund's average daily net assets and calculated as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>TempFund</u>	<u>MuniFund</u>	<u>California Money Fund and New York Money Fund</u>
Management Fee350% of the first \$1 billion	.350% of the first \$1 billion	.375% of the first \$1 billion
	.300% of the next \$1 billion	.300% of the next \$1 billion	.350% of the next \$1 billion
	.250% of the next \$1 billion	.250% of the next \$1 billion	.325% of the next \$1 billion
	.200% of the next \$1 billion	.200% of the next \$1 billion	.300% of amounts in excess
	.195% of the next \$1 billion	.195% of the next \$1 billion	of \$3 billion.
	.190% of the next \$1 billion	.190% of the next \$1 billion	
	.180% of the next \$1 billion	.185% of the next \$1 billion	
	.175% of the next \$1 billion	.180% of amounts in excess	
	.170% of amounts in excess of \$8 billion.	of \$7 billion	

The management fee for FedFund, T-Fund and Treasury Trust Fund is equal to Calculation A plus Calculation B as follows:

<u>FedFund, T-Fund and Treasury Trust Fund</u>	
<u>Calculation A</u>	<u>Calculation B</u>
.175% of the first \$1 billion*	.175% of the first \$1 billion**
.150% of the next \$1 billion*	.150% of the next \$1 billion**
.125% of the next \$1 billion*	.125% of the next \$1 billion**
.100% of the next \$1 billion*	.100% of amounts in excess of \$3 billion.**
.095% of the next \$1 billion*	
.090% of the next \$1 billion*	
.085% of the next \$1 billion*	
.080% of amounts in excess of \$7 billion.*	

* Based on the combined average net assets of FedFund, T-Fund and Treasury Trust Fund and another portfolio of the Trust not offered by this prospectus (Federal Trust Fund).

** Based on the average net assets of the Fund whose management fee is being calculated.

Under the Management Agreement, BlackRock is authorized to engage sub-contractors to provide any or all of the services provided for under the Management Agreement. BlackRock has engaged JPM to provide certain administrative services with respect to the Trust. Any fees payable to JPM do not affect the fees payable by the Funds to BlackRock.

BlackRock has agreed to cap each Fund’s combined management fees plus miscellaneous/other expenses (excluding: (i) interest, taxes, dividends tied to short sales, brokerage commissions, and other expenditures which are capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; (ii) expenses incurred directly or indirectly by the Fund as a result of investments in other investment companies and pooled investment vehicles; (iii) other expenses attributable to, and incurred as a result of, the Fund’s investments; and (iv) extraordinary expenses (including litigation expenses) not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund’s business, if any), of each share class of the Funds at the levels shown below and in a Fund’s fees and expenses table in the “Fund Overview” section of this prospectus. Items (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) in the preceding sentence are referred to in this prospectus as “Dividend Expense, Interest Expense, Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses and certain other Fund expenses.” To achieve these expense caps, BlackRock has agreed to waive or reimburse fees or expenses for Select Shares if these expenses exceed a certain limit as indicated in the table below.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Contractual Caps¹ on Combined Management Fees and Miscellaneous/Other Expenses² (excluding certain Fund expenses)</u>
TempFund	0.18%
FedFund	0.17%
T-Fund	0.17%
Treasury Trust Fund	0.17%
California Money Fund	0.20%
MuniFund	0.20%
New York Money Fund	0.20%

¹ The contractual caps are in effect through February 28, 2022. The contractual agreement may be terminated upon 90 days’ notice by a majority of the non-interested trustees of the Trust or by a vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Fund.

² As a percentage of average daily net assets.

Through February 28, 2022, the Distributor and the Financial Intermediary party to the waiver agreement have contractually agreed to waive all or a portion of the fees to which they are entitled under the Distribution Plan and/or the Shareholder Services Plan, as applicable, so that after such waivers, the maximum net ordinary operating expenses for Select Shares do not exceed 1.00% of average daily net assets for each Fund after giving effect to the fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements made by BlackRock pursuant to the contractual agreement described above.

BlackRock and the Distributor have voluntarily agreed to waive a portion of their respective fees and/or reimburse operating expenses to enable the Funds to maintain minimum levels of daily net investment income. BlackRock and the Distributor may discontinue this waiver and/or reimbursement at any time without notice.

For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020, the aggregate management fee rates, net of any applicable waivers, paid by the Funds to BlackRock, as a percentage of each Fund’s average daily net assets, were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Management Fee Rates (Net of Applicable Waivers)</u>
TempFund	0.17%
FedFund	0.17%
T-Fund	0.16%
Treasury Trust Fund	0.16%
California Money Fund	0.10%
MuniFund	0.00%
New York Money Fund	0.09%

The services provided by BlackRock are described further in the SAI under “Management of the Funds.”

BlackRock has entered into a sub-advisory agreement with the Sub-Adviser, with respect to TempFund, under which BlackRock pays the Sub-Adviser for services it provides for that portion of the Fund for which it acts as sub-adviser a fee equal to a percentage of the management fee paid to BlackRock under the Management Agreement.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of the Management Agreement is available in the Trust's annual report to shareholders for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020. A discussion of the basis for the Board's approval of the sub-advisory agreement with the Sub-Adviser with respect to TempFund will be included in the Fund's semi-annual shareholder report for the period ending April 30, 2021.

From time to time, a manager, analyst, or other employee of BlackRock or its affiliates may express views regarding a particular asset class, company, security, industry, or market sector. The views expressed by any such person are the views of only that individual as of the time expressed and do not necessarily represent the views of BlackRock or any other person within the BlackRock organization. Any such views are subject to change at any time based upon market or other conditions and BlackRock disclaims any responsibility to update such views. These views may not be relied on as investment advice and, because investment decisions for the Funds are based on numerous factors, may not be relied on as an indication of trading intent on behalf of the Funds.

BlackRock, the Distributor and/or their affiliates may make payments for subaccounting, administrative and/or shareholder processing services that are in addition to any shareholder servicing and processing fees paid by the Funds.

Legal Proceedings. On May 27, 2014, certain investors in the BlackRock Global Allocation Fund, Inc. ("Global Allocation") and the BlackRock Equity Dividend Fund ("Equity Dividend") filed a consolidated complaint in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey against BlackRock Advisors, LLC, BlackRock Investment Management, LLC and BlackRock International Limited (collectively, the "Defendants") under the caption *In re BlackRock Mutual Funds Advisory Fee Litigation*. In the lawsuit, which purports to be brought derivatively on behalf of Global Allocation and Equity Dividend, the plaintiffs allege that the Defendants violated Section 36(b) of the 1940 Act by receiving allegedly excessive investment advisory fees from Global Allocation and Equity Dividend. On June 13, 2018, the court granted in part and denied in part the Defendants' motion for summary judgment. On July 25, 2018, the plaintiffs served a pleading that supplemented the time period of their alleged damages to run through the date of trial. The lawsuit seeks, among other things, to recover on behalf of Global Allocation and Equity Dividend all allegedly excessive advisory fees received by the Defendants beginning twelve months preceding the start of the lawsuit with respect to each of Global Allocation and Equity Dividend and ending on the date of judgment, along with purported lost investment returns on those amounts, plus interest. The trial on the remaining issues was completed on August 29, 2018. On February 8, 2019, the court issued an order dismissing the claims in their entirety. On March 8, 2019, the plaintiffs provided notice that they were appealing both the February 8, 2019 post-trial order and the June 13, 2018 order partially granting Defendants' motion for summary judgment. On May 28, 2020, the appellate court affirmed the trial court's orders. On June 26, 2020, the plaintiffs petitioned the appeals court for a rehearing, which was denied on July 9, 2020. Plaintiffs' deadline to seek further appeal has passed; consequently, this matter is now closed.

Conflicts of Interest

The investment activities of BlackRock and its affiliates (including BlackRock, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Affiliates")), and their respective directors, officers or employees, in the management of, or their interest in, their own accounts and other accounts they manage, may present conflicts of interest that could disadvantage the Funds and their shareholders.

BlackRock and its Affiliates provide investment management services to other funds and discretionary managed accounts that may follow investment programs similar to that of the Funds. BlackRock and its Affiliates are involved worldwide with a broad spectrum of financial services and asset management activities and may engage in the ordinary course of business in activities in which their interests or the interests of their clients may conflict with those of the Funds. BlackRock or one or more Affiliates act or may act as an investor, research provider, investment manager, commodity pool operator, commodity trading advisor, financier, underwriter, adviser, trader, lender, index provider, agent and/or principal, and have other direct and indirect interests in securities, currencies, commodities, derivatives and other instruments in which the Funds may directly or indirectly invest. The Funds may invest in securities of, or engage in other transactions with, companies with which an Affiliate has significant debt or equity investments or other interests. The Funds may also invest in issuances (such as structured notes) by entities for which an Affiliate provides and is compensated for cash management services relating to the proceeds from the sale of such issuances. The Funds also may invest in securities of, or engage in other transactions with, companies for which an Affiliate provides or may in the future provide research coverage. An Affiliate may have business relationships with, and purchase, or distribute or sell services or products from or to, distributors, consultants or others who recommend the Funds or who engage in transactions with or for the Funds, and may receive compensation for such services. BlackRock or one or more Affiliates may engage in proprietary trading and advise accounts and funds that have investment objectives similar to those of the Funds and/or that engage in and compete for transactions in the same types of securities, currencies and other instruments as the Funds. This may include transactions in securities issued by other open-end and closed-end investment companies (which may include investment companies that are affiliated with the Funds and BlackRock, to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act). The trading activities of BlackRock and these Affiliates are carried out without reference to positions held directly or indirectly by the Funds and may result in BlackRock or an Affiliate having positions in certain securities that are senior or junior to, or have interests different from or adverse to, the securities that are owned by the Funds.

Neither BlackRock nor any Affiliate is under any obligation to share any investment opportunity, idea or strategy with the Funds. As a result, an Affiliate may compete with the Funds for appropriate investment opportunities. The results of a Fund's investment activities, therefore, may differ from those of an Affiliate and of other accounts managed by BlackRock or an Affiliate, and it is possible that a Fund could sustain losses during periods in which one or more Affiliates and other accounts achieve profits on their trading for proprietary or other accounts. The opposite result is also possible.

In addition, the Funds may, from time to time, enter into transactions in which BlackRock or an Affiliate or their directors, officers or employees or other clients have an adverse interest. Furthermore, transactions undertaken by clients advised or managed by BlackRock or its Affiliates may adversely impact the Funds. Transactions by one or more clients or BlackRock or its Affiliates or their directors, officers or employees, may have the effect of diluting or otherwise disadvantaging the values, prices or investment strategies of the Funds. The Funds' activities may be limited because of regulatory restrictions applicable to BlackRock or one or more Affiliates and/or their internal policies designed to comply with such restrictions.

Under a securities lending program approved by the Board, the Trust, on behalf of each Fund, has retained BlackRock Investment Management, LLC, an Affiliate of BlackRock, to serve as the securities lending agent for the Funds to the extent that the Funds participate in the securities lending program. For these services, the securities lending agent will receive a fee from the Funds, including a fee based on the returns earned on the Funds' investment of the cash received as collateral for the loaned securities. In addition, one or more Affiliates may be among the entities to which the Funds may lend their portfolio securities under the securities lending program.

The activities of BlackRock and its Affiliates and their respective directors, officers or employees, may give rise to other conflicts of interest that could disadvantage the Funds and their shareholders. BlackRock has adopted policies and procedures designed to address these potential conflicts of interest. See the SAI for further information.

Master/Feeder Structure

None of the Funds are currently organized in a master feeder structure but may in the future determine to convert to or reorganize as a feeder fund. A fund that invests all of its assets in a corresponding "master" fund may be known as a feeder fund. Investors in a feeder fund will acquire an indirect interest in the corresponding master fund. A master fund may accept investments from multiple feeder funds, and all the feeder funds of a given master fund bear the master fund's expenses in proportion to their assets. This structure may enable the feeder funds to reduce costs through economies of scale. A larger investment portfolio may also reduce certain transaction costs to the extent that contributions to and redemptions from a master fund from different feeders may offset each other and produce a lower net cash flow. However, each feeder fund can set its own transaction minimums, fund-specific expenses, and other conditions. This means that one feeder fund could offer access to the same master fund on more attractive terms, or could experience better performance, than another feeder fund. In addition, large purchases or redemptions by one feeder fund could negatively affect the performance of other feeder funds that invest in the same master fund. Whenever a master fund holds a vote of its feeder funds, a fund that is a feeder fund investing in that master fund will pass the vote through to its own shareholders. Smaller feeder funds may be harmed by the actions of larger feeder funds. For example, a larger feeder fund could have more voting power than a smaller feeder fund over the operations of its master fund.

Financial Highlights

Financial Performance of the Funds

The Financial Highlights tables are intended to help you understand the financial performance of the Select Shares of each Fund for the periods shown. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have earned or lost on an investment in the indicated Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and/or distributions). The information has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, whose report, along with each Fund's financial statements, is included in the Trust's Annual Report, which is available upon request.

TempFund

There were no Select Shares of TempFund outstanding as of October 31, 2020; as a result, the table below sets forth selected financial data for a Dollar Share of TempFund outstanding throughout each period presented.

	Dollar				
	Year Ended October 31,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 1.0006	\$ 1.0004	\$ 1.0004	\$ 1.0002	\$ 1.00
Net investment income	0.0056	0.0221	0.0151	0.0075	0.0013
Net realized and unrealized gain	0.0009	0.0001	0.0002	0.0002	0.0004
Net increase from investment operations	0.0065	0.0222	0.0153	0.0077	0.0017
Distributions^(a)					
From net investment income	(0.0062)	(0.0220)	(0.0153)	(0.0075)	(0.0013)
From net realized gain	(0.0001)	(0.0000) ^(b)	—	—	(0.0002)
Total distributions	(0.0063)	(0.0220)	(0.0153)	(0.0075)	(0.0015)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 1.0008	\$ 1.0006	\$ 1.0004	\$ 1.0004	\$ 1.0002
Total Return^(c)					
Based on net asset value	0.65% ^(d)	2.24%	1.54%	0.77%	0.17%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Total expenses	0.48%	0.47%	0.47%	0.47%	0.44%
Total expenses after fees waived and/or reimbursed	0.38%	0.43%	0.43%	0.43%	0.42%
Net investment income	0.56%	2.21%	1.51%	0.78%	0.13%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	\$106,802	\$ 79,837	\$ 80,471	\$ 86,362	\$ 91,943

^(a) Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

^(b) Amount is greater than \$(0.00005) per share.

^(c) Where applicable, assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

^(d) Includes payment received from an affiliate, which had no impact on the Fund's total return.

FedFund

The table below sets forth selected financial data for a Select Share of FedFund outstanding throughout each period presented.

	Select				
	Year Ended October 31,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Net investment income	0.0021	0.0133	0.0066	0.0005	0.0003
Net realized gain (loss)	0.0004	0.0002	0.0004	(0.0001)	0.0000 ^(a)
Net increase from investment operations	0.0025	0.0135	0.0070	0.0004	0.0003
Distributions^(b)					
From net investment income	(0.0024)	(0.0135)	(0.0070)	(0.0004)	(0.0003)
From net realized gain	(0.0001)	—	—	—	(0.0000) ^(c)
Total distributions	(0.0025)	(0.0135)	(0.0070)	(0.0004)	(0.0003)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Total Return^(d)					
Based on net asset value	0.26%	1.36%	0.71%	0.04%	0.04%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Total expenses	1.04%	1.04%	1.04%	1.04%	1.06%
Total expenses after fees waived and/or reimbursed	0.54%	1.00%	1.00%	0.77%	0.34%
Net investment income	0.22%	1.33%	0.66%	0.05%	0.04%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	\$301,826	\$256,241	\$195,297	\$340,742	\$241,781

^(a) Amount is less than \$0.00005 per share.

^(b) Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

^(c) Amount is greater than \$(0.00005) per share.

^(d) Where applicable, assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

T-Fund

The table below sets forth selected financial data for a Select Share of T-Fund outstanding throughout each period presented.

	Select				
	Year Ended October 31,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Net investment income	0.0011	0.0133	0.0051	0.0002	0.0001
Net realized gain	0.0014	0.0000 ^(a)	0.0019	0.0000 ^(a)	0.0000 ^(a)
Net increase from investment operations	0.0025	0.0133	0.0070	0.0002	0.0001
Distributions^(b)					
From net investment income	(0.0024)	(0.0133)	(0.0070)	(0.0002)	(0.0001)
From net realized gain	(0.0001)	(0.0000) ^(c)	(0.0000) ^(c)	(0.0000) ^(c)	(0.0000) ^(c)
Total distributions	(0.0025)	(0.0133)	(0.0070)	(0.0002)	(0.0001)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Total Return^(d)					
Based on net asset value	0.24% ^(e)	1.34%	0.70%	0.02%	0.02%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Total expenses	1.04%	1.04%	1.04%	1.04%	1.05%
Total expenses after fees waived and/or reimbursed	0.41%	1.00%	1.00%	0.75%	0.31%
Net investment income	0.11%	1.37%	0.51%	0.02%	0.01%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	\$ 30,444	\$ 14,769	\$ 19,710	\$ 75,759	\$ 83,975

^(a) Amount is less than \$0.00005 per share.

^(b) Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

^(c) Amount is greater than \$(0.00005) per share.

^(d) Where applicable, assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

^(e) Includes payment received from an affiliate, which had no impact on the Fund's total return.

Treasury Trust Fund

The table sets forth selected financial data for a Select Share of Treasury Trust Fund outstanding throughout each period presented.

	Select				
	Year Ended October 31,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Net investment income	0.0016	0.0129	0.0067	0.0001	0.0002
Net realized gain	0.0008	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000 ^(a)
Net increase from investment operations	0.0024	0.0130	0.0068	0.0002	0.0002
Distributions^(b)					
From net investment income	(0.0023)	(0.0130)	(0.0068)	(0.0002)	(0.0002)
From net realized gain	(0.0001)	—	(0.0000) ^(c)	(0.0000) ^(c)	(0.0000) ^(c)
Total distributions	(0.0024)	(0.0130)	(0.0068)	(0.0002)	(0.0002)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Total Return^(d)					
Based on net asset value	0.24%	1.30%	0.68%	0.02%	0.02%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Total expenses	1.04%	1.05%	1.05%	1.05%	1.06%
Total expenses after fees waived and/or reimbursed	0.45%	1.00%	1.00%	0.68%	0.31%
Net investment income	0.16%	1.29%	0.67%	0.01%	0.01%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	\$103,647	\$ 38,265	\$ 39,675	\$ 38,309	\$ 79,910

^(a) Amount is less than \$0.00005 per share.

^(b) Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

^(c) Amount is greater than \$(0.00005) per share.

^(d) Where applicable, assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

California Money Fund

There were no Select Shares of California Money Fund outstanding as of October 31, 2020; as a result, the table below sets forth selected financial data for an Institutional Share of California Money Fund outstanding throughout each period presented.

	Institutional				
	Year Ended October 31,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 1.0002	\$ 1.0002	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Net investment income	0.0051	0.0107	0.0101	0.0053	0.0019
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(0.0007)	0.0001	0.0002	0.0012	0.0000 ^(a)
Net increase from investment operations	0.0044	0.0108	0.0103	0.0065	0.0019
Distributions^(b)					
From net investment income	(0.0046)	(0.0108)	(0.0101)	(0.0054)	(0.0019)
From net realized gain	—	—	—	(0.0011)	—
Total distributions	(0.0046)	(0.0108)	(0.0101)	(0.0065)	(0.0019)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 1.0000	\$ 1.0002	\$ 1.0002	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Total Return^(c)					
Based on net asset value	0.44%	1.09%	1.03%	0.65%	0.19%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Total expenses	0.45%	0.47%	0.70%	0.74%	0.47%
Total expenses after fees waived and/or reimbursed	0.18%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.12%
Net investment income	0.51%	1.07%	1.01%	0.53%	0.12%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	\$153,630	\$397,288	\$169,293	\$ 30,459	\$ 41,192

^(a) Amount is less than \$0.00005 per share.

^(b) Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

^(c) Where applicable, assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

MuniFund

The table below sets forth selected financial data for a Select Share of MuniFund outstanding throughout each period presented.

	Select				
	Year Ended October 31,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Net investment income	0.0017	0.0063	0.0034	0.0000 ^(a)	0.0001
Net realized gain	0.0019	0.0000 ^(a)	0.0001	0.0002	0.0001
Net increase from investment operations	0.0036	0.0063	0.0035	0.0002	0.0002
Distributions^(b)					
From net investment income	(0.0017)	(0.0063)	(0.0035)	(0.0000) ^(c)	(0.0001)
From net realized gain	(0.0001)	—	(0.0000) ^(c)	(0.0002)	(0.0001)
From return of capital	(0.0018)	—	—	—	—
Total distributions	(0.0036)	(0.0063)	(0.0035)	(0.0002)	(0.0002)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Total Return^(d)					
Based on net asset value	0.36%	0.63%	0.36%	0.02%	0.02%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Total expenses	1.44%	1.34%	1.40%	1.30%	1.22%
Total expenses after fees waived and/or reimbursed	0.57%	1.00%	1.00%	0.79%	0.24%
Net investment income	0.16%	0.64%	0.34%	0.00%	0.01%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	\$ 1,937	\$ 2,181	\$ 2,662	\$ 2,833	\$ 3,863

^(a) Amount is less than \$0.00005 per share.

^(b) Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

^(c) Amount is greater than \$(0.00005) per share.

^(d) Where applicable, assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

New York Money Fund

There were no Select Shares of New York Money Fund outstanding as of October 31, 2020; as a result, the table below sets forth selected financial data for an Institutional Share of New York Money Fund outstanding throughout each period presented.

	Institutional				
	Year Ended October 31,				
(For a share outstanding throughout each period)	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 1.0000	\$ 1.0000	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Net investment income	0.0062	0.0129	0.0113	0.0056	0.0019
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(0.0008)	0.0003	(0.0002)	0.0013	0.0015
Net increase from investment operations	0.0054	0.0132	0.0111	0.0069	0.0034
Distributions^(a)					
From net investment income	(0.0054)	(0.0132)	(0.0111)	(0.0056)	(0.0019)
From net realized gain	—	—	—	—	(0.0003)
From return of capital	—	—	—	(0.0013)	(0.0012)
Total distributions	(0.0054)	(0.0132)	(0.0111)	(0.0069)	(0.0034)
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 1.0000	\$ 1.0000	\$ 1.0000	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
Total Return^(b)					
Based on net asset value	0.54%	1.33%	1.12%	0.69%	0.34%
Ratios to Average Net Assets					
Total expenses	0.46%	0.56%	1.35%	1.00%	0.58%
Total expenses after fees waived and/or reimbursed	0.18%	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%	0.14%
Net investment income	0.62%	1.29%	1.13%	0.56%	0.10%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of year (000)	\$149,946	\$243,502	\$ 46,066	\$ 16,908	\$ 17,838

^(a) Distributions for annual periods determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations.

^(b) Where applicable, assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

General Information

Certain Fund Policies

Anti-Money Laundering Requirements

The Funds are subject to the USA PATRIOT Act (the “Patriot Act”). The Patriot Act is intended to prevent the use of the U.S. financial system in furtherance of money laundering, terrorism or other illicit activities. Pursuant to requirements under the Patriot Act, a Fund is required to obtain sufficient information from shareholders to enable it to form a reasonable belief that it knows the true identity of its shareholders. This information will be used to verify the identity of investors or, in some cases, the status of Financial Intermediaries. Such information may be verified using third-party sources. This information will be used only for compliance with the requirements of the Patriot Act or other applicable laws, regulations and rules in connection with money laundering, terrorism or economic sanctions.

The Funds reserve the right to reject purchase orders from persons who have not submitted information sufficient to allow a Fund to verify their identity. Each Fund also reserves the right to redeem any amounts in a Fund from persons whose identity it is unable to verify on a timely basis. It is the Funds’ policy to cooperate fully with appropriate regulators in any investigations conducted with respect to potential money laundering, terrorism or other illicit activities.

BlackRock Privacy Principles

BlackRock is committed to maintaining the privacy of its current and former fund investors and individual clients (collectively, “Clients”) and to safeguarding their non-public personal information. The following information is provided to help you understand what personal information BlackRock collects, how we protect that information and why in certain cases we share such information with select parties.

If you are located in a jurisdiction where specific laws, rules or regulations require BlackRock to provide you with additional or different privacy-related rights beyond what is set forth below, then BlackRock will comply with those specific laws, rules or regulations.

BlackRock obtains or verifies personal non-public information from and about you from different sources, including the following: (i) information we receive from you or, if applicable, your Financial Intermediary, on applications, forms or other documents; (ii) information about your transactions with us, our affiliates, or others; (iii) information we receive from a consumer reporting agency; and (iv) from visits to our websites.

BlackRock does not sell or disclose to non-affiliated third parties any non-public personal information about its Clients, except as permitted by law or as is necessary to respond to regulatory requests or to service Client accounts. These non-affiliated third parties are required to protect the confidentiality and security of this information and to use it only for its intended purpose.

We may share information with our affiliates to service your account or to provide you with information about other BlackRock products or services that may be of interest to you. In addition, BlackRock restricts access to non-public personal information about its Clients to those BlackRock employees with a legitimate business need for the information. BlackRock maintains physical, electronic and procedural safeguards that are designed to protect the non-public personal information of its Clients, including procedures relating to the proper storage and disposal of such information.

Glossary

Glossary of Investment Terms

This glossary contains an explanation of some of the common terms used in this prospectus. For additional information about the Funds, please see the SAI.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses — expenses that cover the costs of operating a Fund.

Daily Liquid Assets — include (i) cash; (ii) direct obligations of the U.S. Government; (iii) securities that will mature, as determined without reference to the maturity shortening provisions of Rule 2a-7 regarding interest rate readjustments, or are subject to a demand feature that is exercisable and payable within one business day; and (iv) amounts receivable and due unconditionally within one business day on pending sales of portfolio securities.

Distribution Fees — fees used to support a Fund's marketing and distribution efforts, such as compensating financial professionals and other Financial Intermediaries, advertising and promotion.

Dollar-Weighted Average Life — the dollar-weighted average maturity of a Fund's portfolio calculated without reference to the exceptions used for variable or floating rate securities regarding the use of the interest rate reset dates in lieu of the security's actual maturity date. "Dollar-weighted" means the larger the dollar value of a debt security in the Fund, the more weight it gets in calculating this average.

Dollar-Weighted Average Maturity — the average maturity of a Fund is the average amount of time until the organizations that issued the debt securities in the Fund's portfolio must pay off the principal amount of the debt. "Dollar-weighted" means the larger the dollar value of a debt security in the Fund, the more weight it gets in calculating this average. To calculate the dollar-weighted average maturity, the Fund may treat a variable or floating rate security as having a maturity equal to the time remaining to the security's next interest rate reset date rather than the security's actual maturity.

Eligible Securities — Applicable Eligible Securities include:

- securities with a remaining maturity of 397 calendar days or less (with certain exceptions) that BlackRock determines present minimal credit risks to the fund after considering certain factors;
- securities issued by other registered investment companies that are money market funds; or
- securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

Management Fee — a fee paid to BlackRock for managing a Fund.

Other Expenses — include accounting, transfer agency, custody, professional and registration fees.

Shareholder Servicing Fees — fees used to compensate securities dealers and other Financial Intermediaries for certain shareholder servicing activities.

Weekly Liquid Assets — include (i) cash; (ii) direct obligations of the U.S. Government; (iii) U.S. Government securities issued by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an instrumentality of the U.S. Government pursuant to authority granted by the U.S. Congress, that are issued at a discount to the principal amount to be repaid at maturity without provision for the payment of interest and have a remaining maturity of 60 days or less; (iv) securities that will mature, as determined without reference to the maturity shortening provisions of Rule 2a-7 regarding interest rate readjustments, or are subject to a demand feature that is exercisable and payable within five business days; and (v) amounts receivable and due unconditionally within five business days on pending sales of portfolio securities.

For More Information

Funds and Service Providers

FUNDS

BlackRock Liquidity Funds
TempFund
FedFund
T-Fund
Treasury Trust Fund
California Money Fund
MuniFund
New York Money Fund

100 Bellevue Parkway
Wilmington, Delaware 19809

(800) 441-7450

MANAGER AND ADMINISTRATOR

BlackRock Advisors, LLC
100 Bellevue Parkway
Wilmington, Delaware 19809

SUB-ADVISER

To TempFund:
BlackRock International Limited
Exchange Place One
1 Sempole Street
Edinburgh, EH3 8JB
United Kingdom

TRANSFER AGENT

BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc.
301 Bellevue Parkway
Wilmington, Delaware 19809

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Deloitte & Touche LLP
200 Berkeley Street
Boston, Massachusetts 02116

ACCOUNTING SERVICES PROVIDER

JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
383 Madison Avenue, Floor 11
New York, NY 10179

DISTRIBUTOR

BlackRock Investments, LLC
40 East 52nd Street
New York, New York 10022

CUSTODIANS

JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
383 Madison Avenue, Floor 11
New York, NY 10179

The Bank of New York Mellon
240 Greenwich Street
New York, New York 10286

COUNSEL

Sidley Austin LLP
787 Seventh Avenue
New York, New York 10019-6018

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How to Contact BlackRock Liquidity Funds

For purchase and redemption orders, please call your investment professional.

Written correspondence may be sent to your investment professional.

Select Shares	Fund Code
TempFund	0H7
FedFund	0U7
T-Fund	0N7
Treasury Trust Fund	0T7
California Money Fund	0R7
MuniFund	0K7
New York Money Fund	0R8

For other information call: (800) 441-7450 or visit our website at www.blackrock.com/cash.

Additional Information

The Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”) includes additional information about the Funds’ investment policies, organization and management. The SAI, as amended and/or supplemented from time to time, is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The Annual and Semi-Annual Reports provide additional information about each Fund’s investments, performance and portfolio holdings.

Investors can get free copies of the above named documents, and make shareholder inquiries, by calling their Financial Intermediary. The above named documents and other information are available on the Funds’ website at www.blackrock.com/prospectus/cash.

Information about the Funds (including the SAI) is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC’s website at <http://www.sec.gov>; copies of this information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

BlackRock Liquidity Funds 1940 Act File No. is 811-2354.